PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

5 MEN IN EXPLOSION ON CRUISER

Fourth Edition.

BOSTON AMERICAN

Weather Forecast Continued Fair.

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STOP IT!

President Taft in his message says "unspeakable barbarities" in Nicaragua must cease.

U. S. MUST HALT

ATROCITIES IN CENTRAL AMERICA

Taft Declares "Unspeakable Barbarities" Practiced by Zelaya Government Call for Urgent Action — Economies Urged in Message.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—President Taft's message to Congress, reviewing his administration, which began on March 4 last, was delivered to the Senate and House of Representatives to-day. It is a long message and lacks the spirited English that characterized the similar documents of his predecessor, Mr. Roosevelt.

The most sensational portion of the message describes "unspeakable barbarities" of President Zelaya in Nicaragua.

The President says that the two Americans in Nicaragua were put to death unjustly; that the Government is after the sugar thieves of New York criminally; that his second year in office will cost $94,000,000 less than this one; that he favors old age pensions for Government employes; that his tariff board is looking into the new tariff to see if it works properly; he suggests the text of a law to hurry delayed cases in courts, favors a higher postage on magazines and periodicals (not newspapers), says the tariff is not the reason for the high cost of living and asserts that the country is on the eve of great business expansion.

Special Message on Nicaragua.

Referring to the "unspeakable barbarities and oppression" reported in connection with the Zelaya government, President Taft says that the two Americans killed there "were entitled to be dealt with as prisoners of war." He says that the government has taken the proper steps to secure justice, and that he may have a special message on this later.

Three officials have been appointed to get information necessary to a wise administration of the new tariff, the President points out. If it is found that the present rates are excessive under the principles of protection set forth in the National Republican platform he will ask Congress to fix the matter up. But he says tariff agitation hurts business.

We lack just $73,675,620 of making both ends meet at the end of the present year, next June 30. This includes $38,000,000 which we have to pay on the Panama Canal construction and $1,000,000 on the public debt. In this connection the President says that the canal is going to cost $375,201,000 instead of $139,705,200, as it was first figured. The canal is half done and will be finished June 1, 1913.

Big Saving in Government Expenses.

The needs of the government "were cut to the quick" for the next year—that is, the year ending June 30, 1911. The estimates for that year, President Taft says, are $94,000,000 less than the estimates of the cost of the government for this year. There has been a big cut in the army and in the navy. There are to be built two first class battleships next year and one repair ship. The cut in the army estimates next year, under this, is $45,000,000, while the curtailment in the navy is $38,000,000.

On the question of lessening the expenses of the government the President thinks that to eliminate old and inefficient employes on a pension would be a good thing. There can be no cut in salaries because of the high prices; if any change, salaries should be raised, but there might be a saving by getting along with fewer people.

Punish the Sugar Thieves.

The government got back from the American Sugar Company all the money which it stole at New York, and the Department of Justice is after the officers and the employes criminally. The President does not want a Congressional investigation of this matter now because he thinks it might spell immunity for some of the guilty persons.

Many of the lynchings are due to the delays in the courts, the President believes, and he intends to have a commission suggest a remedy for this.

The President asks for the enactment of a law forbidding injunctions without previous notice, and an opportunity to be heard on the other side, unless a delay would entail great injury. If an injunction is issued without previous notice it shall expire in seven days or less, according to the discretion of the court, unless it is renewed after previous notice is given and an opportunity for the other side to be heard.

President Taft's message on Pages 4 and 5.

DENY POWDER STAIN ON HATTIE LE BLANC

"There is absolutely no truth in the statement given out to the effect that powder marks or stains were found on the hands of Hattie Le Blanc."

Jesse W. Morton, one of the counsel for the girl charged with the murder of Clarence F. Glover, made this emphatic statement to-day after he visited the girl at East Cambridge jail. He was accompanied by Dr. J. W. Day, who had examined the girl's fingers after her arrest. It is the first denial of the claim made by the Waltham police that Hattie Le Blanc's right forefinger bore the stain of powder.

The original statement was that Edwin R. Utley, prison physician, removed a scab from the girl's finger and disclosed evidences of gunpowder. Mr. Morton declared that, not only were there no powder marks, but there was no indication that he girl ever had borne such a scar as claimed.

Brings New Confidence.

This declaration was a great relief to the friends of the accused little girl. The statement that her finger bore the mark of powder was regarded as the strongest point against her. The other evidence of the government could be reconciled with the theory that a "third party"—not Hattie Le Blanc—shot Glover. But it would be more difficult to explain the powder marks if they existed.

On the eve of the preliminary hearing of the girl, Nathan A. Tufts, also of her counsel, to-day made three significant declarations:

First—That the defence was to-day more confident than ever of the innocence of Hattie Le Blanc of the crime of murder.

Second—Intimating that there might be developments of such a character as to entirely change the present situation.

Third—That he believed from the girl's own story that she would be saved from the death chair.

The first two assertions were made in the course of a formal statement—the first that the defence has made in the case. The other came out in the course of an interview. From the two carefully worded remarks made in Tufts's statement it was inferred that the girl's lawyers had made discoveries to-day that caused renewed confidence in Hattie Le Blanc's case.

Anxious for Hearing.

Lawyer Tufts went to the East Cambridge jail to-day for a final talk with the girl before her arraignment at Waltham to-morrow, when the government will ask that she be held for the Grand Jury on the charge of murder. Here is Mr. Tufts's statement, which incidentally indicates the position the defence will take to-morrow:

"That the lower court justice will hold our client for the grand jury as a matter of course may be presumed. It is not our present intention to introduce any evidence in her behalf at the preliminary hearing to-morrow, or on any other date to which it may be continued, for the local court has no final jurisdiction in the matter; but we are a little more confident than ever of ultimate success.

"Our client is anxious to have the case against her heard as soon as possible, and her wish is likely to be gratified owing to the fact that the grand jury will meet in the near future. In compliance with her wishes, we will use every endeavor to secure as speedy a trial as possible, in the event of an indictment being returned. It is, of course, possible that there may be developments of such a character as to entirely change the present situation, but as to that I am not yet prepared to speak definitely."

"Story Will Save Her."

In an interview previous to the making of this statement, Lawyer Tufts said that he believed the girl's own stroy, which she told him in East Cambridge jail would save her from the electric chair.

He made the statement in answer to this question:

"Assuming, Mr. Tufts, that all lawyers are optimistic in their statements of their clients' defence, frankly, has Hattie Le Blanc told you anything that convinces you personally that she will be acquitted of the charge of murder?"

His reply was: "Yes. She told me enough so that I am positive that she will not go to the electric chair—be electrocuted or anything like that—that she will not be imprisoned for life or serve a long term in prison.

TAFT NAMES 1,200 TO HOLD OFFICE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The President to-day sent to the Senate a list of nominations numbering nearly 1,200, including that of Sanford B. Dole of California to be United States district judge of Hawaii and the reappointment of Franklin Lane as Interstate Commerce Commissioner. Most of the nominations are those of postmasters and census supervisors which have previously been announced as recess appointments.

There is no economy and certainly very little enjoyment in chewing cheap tobacco. Piper Heidsieck gives satisfaction from every point of view.

YANKEE RAISED, BLOWS UP

NEW BEDFORD, Dec. 7.—An explosion of compressed air in the United States cruiser Yankee, which was being raised to the surface of Buzzards Bay, off Nonquit, to-day, blew Captain William Witherspoon and four of his crew of sandhogs into the air and caused a second wreck of the Yankee which will hold for all time to come.

Captain Witherspoon and his four men were blown right out of the airlocks on the Yankee. They shot into the air as the sundered vessel sank beneath the waves a second time. None of the men were hurt. They were picked out of the water quickly. Their escapes from injury was marvellous.

The Yankee sank in seven fathoms of water a year ago.

The accident to-day marks the end of a year's work, during which Captain Witherspoon and the crew of "sandhogs" have worked without cessation to strengthen the hull of the Yankee so that she might stand the pressure of the compressed air. The work was backed by John Arbuckle, the sugar man.

The interest in the naval world in the efforts to raise the vessel was intense and several naval experts from Washington were present to-day.

Up from her bed at the bottom of the bay came the Yankee stern first when the air was turned on. Steadily she came into view until the top of the deckhouse aft was three feet out of water.

Rent by Explosion.

Suddenly there came an explosion from within the ship and the upper structure was shivered. Then came a big outrush of compressed air, hissing like steam. A second or two of silence and then a second explosion from the submerged part. This was followed by a tremendous whirlpool of air and slowly the Yankee began to slip down to the bottom once more.

Have Narrow Escape.

Suddenly five men shot from beneath the water. They came from within the ship, shot out a distance of many yards, but were unhurt by their flight through the water.

City Engineer Williams of New Bedford, who witnessed the accident, said it was the most wonderful escape he had seen. This will doubtless end all attempts to save the Yankee.

Surrounding the Yankee at the time were four tugs containing naval experts who had come to watch the operations of the use of compressed air in the raising of large wrecks. These tugs were also to have taken the Yankee in tow and beach her if the attempt were successful. The tugs were: McAllister, Pontiac, J. T. Harlan and J. T. Sherman.

The Arbuckle Company of New York has spent a large sum of money on this experiment. Experts doubted their theory on the ground that the hull of the vessel would not be strong enough to stand the pressure of the compressed air.

The Yankee came to grief first on September 23, 1908 when she ran onto Hen and Chickens Reef. On December 5 the Arbuckle people floated her and proceeded to tow her to New Bedford, but off Nonquitt she got away from the tugs and foundered.

FR. JOHN'S MEDICINE FOR COLDS is unequalled. Builds you up. Makes strength.

RIOT AT RACE; MAN IS SHOT

SCORE AT 35TH HOUR.

	Miles.	Laps.
MacFarland and Clarke	718	4
Rutt and Stol	718	4
Root and Folger	718	4
Lawson and Demara	718	4
Walthour and Collins	718	4
Mitten and West	718	4
Cameron and Krebs	718	4
Halstead and Lawrence	718	4
Pye and Hehir	718	4
Galvin and Keegan	718	4
Anderson and Vanoni	718	3
Hill and Stein	718	3
Georget and Georget	718	3
Germain and Carapezzi	716	3

Former record, made by Hill and Demara in 1908, is 719 miles.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—During a riot between rival bands of toughs in Madison Square Garden early to-day, while the six day bicycle race was going on, one man was shot.

An East Side feud between the Paul Kelly gang and another band of young hoodlums is believed responsible for the shooting. Bert Keyes, a lightweight pugilist and a member of the Kelly gang, was arrested.

"Chris" Brown, declared by the police to be a member of one of the gangs which recently inflicted heavy punishment on some of the Paul Kelly men, was shot in the groin and was taken to the New York hospital. He afterward was able to go to his home.

The Grind Uninterrupted.

The excitement in the Garden did not disturb the six-day riders, who continued to pedal around the track, still bent on keeping ahead of last year's world record. At the finish of the thirty-second hour (8 a. m.) the men had lost six laps on the previous record of 4632 miles 9 laps. The pace set before dawn had told heavily upon them.

So fierce is the strain that to-day, with the race not half over, the men are resorting to the use of oxygen to sustain their strength.

Early to-day an excited spectator fell dead while cheering the riders as they tore around the track in one of their wild spurts.

The long grind has become a battle of series of sprints, and the wildest excitement prevails among the great throng of all-night railbirds, who refuse to leave their seats even to eat.

The Boston riders have suffered greatly by the wild riding and spills. "Patsy" Logan sustained a broken shoulder blade as the result of a fall on the dangerous turn known as "death curve" and his team has been officially declared out. Wiley's injury has also forced Drobach out, while Hill, another of the Hub cyclists, has been put back a lap through the inability of his partner, Stein, to keep up the pace.

Hot Sprint by Rutt.

Shortly after midnight Walter Rutt, the hardy Dutchman, began a sprint that compelled four of the leaders to drop back. Rutt took the pack of riders by surprise, and shot out of the bunch like a flash.

Then began the wildest sprint ever seen in the garden. It lasted for five miles and when the men finally settled down to the steady grind four teams had lost valuable ground.

Emil Georget, Carlo Vanoni and Charles Stein each lost a lap for their teams, and Carapezzi, of the Italian team, was lapped eleven times during the mad scramble.

While the sprint was in progress all of the riders were on the track changing partners at intervals of less than a minute each. Rutt, Walthour and Root were the prominent factors in the sprint, for when one dropped back from setting the furious pace, one of the other pair would hit up the maddening speed.

Cavillo deserted Carapezzi just before the big sprint, and the latter was compelled to stay on the track for more than an hour previous to the dash, which accounts for his failure to keep up with the leaders during the sprint. Carapezzi was not long in being mated, for Germain, the former partner of Shirley, cast his lot with the gritty Carapezzi.

'HARMON MENTALLY DEFECTIVE'

Dr. Phillips Coombs Knapp, the first of the experts to testify at the trial of James M. Harmon for the murder of Maud Hartley, to-day declared as a witness that James Harmon was mentally defective.

At the time that Dr. Knapp gave his testimony the report of the lunacy commission that examined Harmon, and of which Dr. Knapp was chairman, was read. It is the first time that any indication of the commission's finding was made known. The commission had unanimously agreed that Harmon was mentally defective.

The trial was resumed after an hour's delay caused by a conference between the judges and the attorneys at which the lawyers for the defence charged District Attorney Higgins with making prejudicial remarks to the jury.

The alleged indiscretion on the part of District Attorney Higgins occurred yesterday afternoon during the testimony of Sergeant Harmon, the defendant's father, who created a sensation when he broke down completely and had to be led from the courtroom. When he continued his testimony he said: "On the night of the day of the shooting I went to the District Attorney and asked him to have my son examined for his sanity."

Confer With Judges.

As he listened to this statement the District Attorney is alleged to have said something in an undertone. He repeated the remark twice. Attorney James H. Vahey was convinced that the jury overheard Mr. Higgins. To-day Mr. Vahey, with his brother, went into conference with Judges White and Fox. The District Attorney was called in later. The conference lasted for nearly an hour.

Court finally opened to-day at 9:50 o'clock. Judge White immediately announced that Attorney Vahey had a motion to make. Attorney Vahey then moved that the testimony offered by Sergeant Harmon to the effect that he went to District Attorney and asked for his son's examination be entirely stricken from the record. Judge White granted the motion

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

JOHN DREW IS HURT BY FALL FROM HORSE

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—John Drew, the actor, was badly hurt when he was thrown from his horse this afternoon.

Mr. Drew has been in the habit of taking a ride in the park daily. His horse became frightened by a passing auto and reared violently, throwing his rider.

Another auto came along shortly afterward, and its occupant carried Mr. Drew to the hospital.

Examination by surgeons at the Presbyterian Hospital showed that Mr. Drew's collarbone was broken. He suffered no internal injuries, but will be incapacitated for some time.

"The AMERICAN has the evening 'home' field in Boston exclusively."—Advertisers' Magazine.

STEEL CASES ARE GIVEN TO THE JURY

Judge Harris finished his charge to the jury in the steel cases at noon to-day.

The court directed the jury to try the defendants on two counts, conspiracy to restrain trade and combining to obtain some advantage by means of collusive bids.

On the count for "conspiracy to obtain a monopoly by means of a "Boston agreement," the court directed a verdict for the defendants.

When the jury retired counsel for the defendants began a series of requests to the court for further instructions to the jury on certain technical points in the case.

More AMERICANS are read in the homes in Boston than any other paper.

HARVARD-YALE HEADS CONFER ON FOOTBALL

NEW HAVEN, Ct., Dec. 4.—President Hadley of Yale and Walter Camp, athletic director of the University, left here to-day for Boston. They will meet President Lowell of Harvard and Percy Haughton, head of football coaching there, and confer on football rules and Yale-Harvard athletics in general.

The matter of new dates for the annual boat races over which there is a deadlock between the two universities will probably be settled. Yale wants to save football, but is eager for radical reforms in the playing rules.

34 MILLIONS FROM ESTATE

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—The net receipts from the estate of the late Marshall Field from March 1, 1907, to June 30, 1909, were $34,922,349, according to a report filed in the Probate Court by the executors.

TIES IN TE BALLOT FOR MAYOR

lons were held in fourteen cities in chusetts to-day. In every city the interest centered in the Mayoralty sts and in the question on whether or the city would go "License" or "No ense." The vote was heavy in all of cities. In some places it was the aviest vote cast for years.

Election was held in Fall River, Gloucester, Fitchburg, Haverhill, Lawrence, Marlboro, New Bedford, Northampton, Pittsfield, Quincy, Springfield, Taunton, Waltham and Brockton.

The voting was heavy in Lawrence. The vote was said to be in favor of license as it has been for many years. The mayoralty fight was a hot three-cornered affair between Dr. John T. Cahill, democrat; Mayor William P. White, Republican, and ex-State Senator Joseph Donovan.

The election day in Waltham was exciting. There was a close contest on between Mayor Edward A. Walker, who sought re-election, and his Democratic opponent, Representative Patrick J. Duane. The No-License League worked hard all day to keep Waltham in the "dry" column. The total vote was very heavy.

Old Rivals in Fight.

Two old-time political enemies met to-day in the fight at New Bedford. Charles S. Ashley, citizens' candidate and twelve times Mayor of that city, opposing Thomas Thompson, people's candidate. Both men came out of retirement to run. When they ran against each other in 1906 Ashley won by seventy-five votes. There was a strong movement to throw New Bedford into the license column this year. The "dry" men won by 206 votes last year.

With no mayoralty elections, but only fights for aldermanic and school board places, the vote in Haverhill was surprisingly heavy. The chief interest was in the fight to keep Haverhill in the license column. The "no license" people worked hard at the polls.

The no-license workers at the polls in Northampton put in a hard day trying to take the city out of the license column where it has been since 1887. Last year's majority was small for license.

The vote in Springfield was light. Mayor William E. Sanderson, Republican, sought a fourth term, and was opposed by Edward H. Lathrop. There was no anxiety among the license men, and they felt that the city is safe in the license column for years to come.

Under New Charter.

Mayor M. Fred O'Connell, who was before the Fitchburg voters to-day seeking a second term, had a hard fight, being opposed by Gardner K. Hudson.

The first election under its new city charter took place in Taunton to-day. Members were elected to the new one-chambered council of nine members instead of the old two-chambered council of thirty-two members. The Mayoralty contest was between Mayor Edgar L. Crossman and Judge William S. Woods. The no-license people worked hard to take Taunton out of the license column. It is now the only license city or town in Bristol County.

Special Notice.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is Laxative Bromo Quinine

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Day

Important to Household Premium Coupon Savers!

More Premiums are being added to our list daily. If you have not visited lately our display room, at 272 Devonshire street, you should do so, as it will pay you well.

BOSTON AMERICAN

Household Premium Coupon

uesday, Dec.

Name________

Address________

City________ State________

NOTICE—A complete set consists of 30 coupons of consecutive dates. Only one coupon of each date will be accepted in each set.

NINE MEN AND SHIP RESCUED OFF CHATHAM

CHATHAM, Dec. 7.—The three-masted lumber schooner Meader, with nine men aboard, was rescued by the United States survey steamer Bache in the swirling waters between Pollock Rip and Pollock Rip Slue to-day, following a collision in the Slue during the night between the Meader and an unknown three-master.

The Meader hails from South Gardiner, Me., and was bound for New York. Captain George W. Stacey was feeling his way cautiously through the darkness of the Slue at 9 o'clock last night when the collision occurred. The unknown vessel sheered off in the darkness after carrying away all the mast rigging on the Meader's port side. With her masts unstayed the Meader was in danger of having her sticks snapped out with every roll.

Captain Stacey hoisted the colors Union down at daybreak. At 7 o'clock Captain Charles Howes and crew from the Monomoy Point life-saving station put out. After a four-mile row the life savers got to the Meader. It was decided to telephone to Boston for a tug. The life savers rowed back to shore and telephoned for a tug. Just after this was done the government survey steamer Bache came along and volunteered to tow the crippled Meader to Hyannis. At 10:30 the Meader was taken in tow.

MRS. EATON AGAIN QUITS THE ADMIRAL

Admiral and Mrs. Joseph G. Eaton of Assinippi, who were in the public eye last August on account of the sudden death of their infant son at their Summer home at Scituate Harbor, and who separated for a time on account of the claim being made by Mrs. Eaton that the child had been poisoned, have again parted company.

Rumors were current that Admiral Eaton was to take up his residence in Boston. Suddenly Mrs. Eaton and her daughter June left Assinippi for North Weymouth, where they have leased a house, and there they are keeping house, while the Admiral and Mrs. Eaton's other daughter, Dorothy, are at the Assinippi home.

HARMON CASE IS HELD UP BY PROTEST

Continued from First Page.

and instructed the jury to entirely disregard it as though it had never been spoken.

Commission Was Unanimous.

Dr. Knapp's testimony followed the cross-examination of Police Sergeant Harmon. Dr. Knapp testified that he was chairman of the commission that examined Harmon. He was asked:

Q.—Had the commission finished its work at the time its report was made? A.—Personally, I should have liked to have made further inquiries.

A copy of the report was then offered and read by Attorney Vahey. It was the unanimous opinion of the commission, which consisted of Dr. Knapp, Dr. George L. Walton and Dr. Henry R. Steadman. The report was as follows:

"To the Honorable Jabez Fox, Justice of the Superior Court:

"In compliance with the instructions of the Chief Justice of the Superior Court, we have had several extended interviews with, and made careful examinations of James B. Harmon as to his physical and mental condition. We have personally examined eighteen witnesses and taken into consideration the written statements of seventy other persons. "As a result of these inquiries we are of the opinion that said Harmon, although of average intelligence and mental clearness and free from delusions, is of a highly nervous organization and is defective, in that he has a very low degree of moral sense, together with imperfect appreciation of the nature and quality of his acts, and is very deficient in self-control. In short, we regard his mental condition as one of limited responsibility."

"Mentally Defective."

Attorney Vahey then asked of Dr. Knapp:

Q.—Have you formed an opinion from your investigations and observations of this boy as to what his mental condition was on the 18th of last December when the deed was committed? A.—I have.

Q.—What is that condition? A.—That he was mentally defective.

Q.—What do you mean by that? A.—That he was below average in mental development.

Q.—State what your reasons are for that opinion? A.—The result of my observation of the boy and other information which I got.

Sergeant Harmon was then recalled as a witness. He faced District Attorney Higgins for cross-examination. The District Attorney went over in detail with the witness the story that he told yesterday of the queer actions of his son.

An indication of what term the lawyers for the defence would use to characterize the form of insanity that they allege young Harmon was afflicted with, came during the cross-examination of Sergeant Harmon. The District Attorney asked him:

Q.—Did you ever hear what form of insanity your son was suffering with? A.—No.

Q.—Did you ever hear the term dementia precox. A.—Yes.

Q.—Where did you hear it? A.—I heard my counsel speak of it and use the term.

Dementia precox was explained as "early insanity."

80-YEAR-OLD RECLUSE FOUND DEAD IN HOME

Mary Sheehan, age 80, of No. 369 Market street, Brighton, who had led the life of a recluse for the past ten years, was found dead in the kitchen of her home.

Mrs. Sheehan, who was reputed to be worth a considerable sum of money, had been missing from her regular haunts for three or four days. A neighbor, becoming suspicious of the old lady's absence, notified Patrolman White yesterday afternoon. White forced an entrance to her home and found Mrs. Sheehan lying dead on the kitchen floor. Death was due to natural causes.

TRAFFIC CASE FINES.

Patrolman James Hoey to-day produced nine men in Judge Bragg's court, accused of violating the traffic regulations. These were fined $2 each: F. Brown, F. W. Tibbets, J. W. Buckley, P. Nodin, R. Sidney, G. W. Harris, Charles Barker and William Sullivan. T. O'Connor paid a $10 fine.

Fraudulent Hair Remedies.

In the Cosmopolitan Magazine for February, 1909, there is a long article on the Hair and Scalp by Woods Hutchinson, M. D., a writer of wide renown, and in it he says: "The strongest and most powerful curative element of scalp-tonics and hair restorers is their smell, and the next powerful is their color. Most of them are frauds, pure and simple, and produce no effect whatever except upon the imagination and the nostrils of the users. The most common constituent of them all is alcohol, and the next common probably ammonia or some aromatic oil or extract which has the double advantage of a powerful odor and of producing a mild sense of warmth and local irritation. All of this class are mild irritants to the skin and produce a light temporary reddening by an increase in the amount of blood circulating through the scalp; but this has about as much effect on the hair-bulbs as the beams of the harvest moon have upon growing cabbages." The public is learning that falling hair, itching scalp and dandruff cannot be cured by these fakes and frauds; but that the only sure way to benefit the hair and scalp is to keep them clean and free from dust and disease germs. For this purpose Birt's Head Wash, the new scientific preparation, is most highly recommended because it is made of Refined Soap, White of Eggs, Cochin Cocoanut Oil, Glycerine and Salicylic Acid. Any doctor will tell you there are no better things known than these for cleaning the hair and scalp.

Filene's WM. FILENE'S SONS CO.

The Automatic Price Reductions take place on some lots every day.

Filene's WM. FILENE'S SONS CO.

Entrance from Washington and Winter streets and direct from Tunnel Trains.

Tunnel Bargain Basement

No Other Store in the World Like This!

Because—(1) Of the AUTOMATIC PRICE REDUCTIONS.

Because—(2) Of the 5.00 REWARD for the reporting of any misrepresentation or exaggeration.

Because—(3) Of the HUNDREDS OF EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS every day, whether advertised or not.

HANDKERCHIEFS, MUFFLERS, UMBRELLAS, GLOVES, SWEATERS, ETC., ETC., ETC. HUNDREDS OF PRACTICAL CHRISTMAS GIFTS AT SAVINGS.

Pay 7.85 Only—for One of These Coats—Worth 10.00 or 12.00.

Of the wanted heavy mixture materials, such as are used mostly in men's garments. High turnover collar or with regulation notch collar.

7.85

UMBRELLAS—Women's 26-inch umbrellas of Gloria cloth, with assortment of fancy handles, including horn and sterling mounted, and mission styles; 2.00 values. 1.39

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR Fine ribbed peeler fleeced Vests and Pants:

Sizes 20-26, 25c values 19c

Sizes 28-32, 39c values 25c

STOCKINGS—Women's Imported Gauze Lisle Stockings, double sole, heel and toe; garter top; 50c values 29c

SWEATERS—AUTOMATICALLY REDUCED—1.98 Sweaters, now 1.48—3.45 Sweaters, now 2.58—4.95 Sweaters, now 3.71.

Hundreds of Other Lots—Just as Extraordinary Wednesday, but Not Advertised.

TO-DAY'S CABLE NEWS

Up to Midnight, London Time

Prince Says "L'Amour" Is Not Immodest.

BERLIN—Stung by the criticism of the propriety of a causerie on "L'Amour," delivered recently by the French actress, Jeanne Granier, before the Kaiser at Prince Donnersmarck's hunting lodge, the Prince has made public a reply repudiating the attitude of the moralists. He says the monologue is well known and once was delivered before King Edward and Queen Alexandra. It was, of course, adds the Prince, carefully examined before it was delivered at Neudeck. Granier, the actress, is indignant at the criticisms. "The monologue," she says, "contains nothing that could wound the most susceptible person. Any modest girl could hear it. The Emperor behaved toward me like the gallant man and refined gentleman that he is. The scandalous imputations that have been made are disgraceful and abominable."

Court Saves Sultan's Gems.

PARIS—A court order got by the representative of Mulai Hafid, the present Sultan of Morocco, prevented the sale of the 450 pounds of gew-gaws pawned by Abdul Aziz two years ago when he was hard up with the Mont de Piete for 1,200,000 francs. The collection is supposed to contain some of the crown jewels of Morocco, besides hundreds of pearls and twenty watches. Abdul Aziz failed to pay the interest on his loan and the Mont de Piete advertised the jewels for sale. The authorities of the Mont de Piete opposed a postponement of the sale, but the Judge granted the month's delay conditionally on the 1,500,000 francs being paid in the court.

Miguel Sued for a Million.

BUDAPEST.—According to the newspaper Hirlap, a syndicate of creditors is suing the Prince Miguel of Braganza, who married Miss Anita Stewart, of New York, at Tulloch Castle, Dingwall, Scotland, September 15 last, for $1,000,000. Some years ago, the paper says, Prince Miguel was in financial difficulties, and the syndicate advanced him a large sum, payable when he should marry. The claim is set up that following negotiations which resulted in his marriage to Miss Anita Stewart the Prince promised to recoup the syndicate with one-fifth of the dowry, which was $5,000,000. Now Prince Miguel declines to pay anything beyond the amount borrowed.

"Black Hand" Men Coming.

GENEVA—Forty Italian Black Hand men recently left here for the United States. They are connected with a Black Hand organization which has been busy among the 2,000 Italians employed in boring the Loetschberg tunnel. A Swiss workman who informed the police of what was going on was found strangled on a lonely road. The police arrested nine Italians, including the Black Hand leader, but they have been unable to get the slightest evidence concerning the crime. The workmen are afraid to talk.

Mistaken Identity Victim Dead.

LONDON—Adof Beck, the victim of the strangest case of mistaken identity ever recorded, died to-day. In 1896 he was arrested, charged with obtaining jewelry by fraud. After seven years of imprisonment he was liberated in 1904 when it was shown that the crimes were committed by his double, William Thomas, alias John Smith. On his arrest, Beck was identified by many women.

Given Damages of a Farthing.

BIRMINGHAM—Damages of one farthing were granted to the heirs of Richard Cadbury, the millionaire chocolate manufacturer, in their suit for libel against the London Standard. The litigation grew out of charges relative to the use of alleged slave grown cocoa from the island of St. Thomas, a possession of Portugal off the West coast of Africa.

King Given Cattle Prizes.

LONDON—King Edward was awarded four first prizes for his exhibits at the Smithfield cattle show. The announcement of His Majesty's success brought out a fact which is not generally known, that King Edward is a tenant farmer, not a landlord, and pays a large sum every year in rent and taxes for his holdings.

You see the AMERICAN everywhere—in the homes, clubs, restaurants, hotels, cars and boats.

TAFT TO ATTEND MEETING AT YALE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—President Taft will go to New York and New Haven next Monday, returning Wednesday. He will stop in New York Monday night to attend the closing meeting of the Diamond Jubilee of the Methodist Church, celebrating its fiftieth year of missionary work in Africa. Tuesday he will spend in New Haven, where he will attend a meeting of the Yale Corporation.

Not in any Milk Trust

The Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

The food-drink of all ages.

At restaurants, hotels and fountains.

Delicious, invigorating and sustaining.

Keep it on your sideboard at home.

A quick lunch prepared in a minute.

All Druggists.

LUDLOW STRIKERS TO STAY OUT UNTIL OLD WAGES ARE RESTORED

LUDLOW, Dec. 7.—One hundred more strike-breakers arrived here to-day, making three hundred new men imported by the company in two days to take the place of the 2,000 striking Poles. After the mass meeting which was held in Foresters' Hall, Indian Orchard, by the strikers, to consider a proposal of the State Board of Arbitration, it was learned that any attempt to have the men go back will be futile unless the old rate is restored, because every man and woman has taken an oath not to return at the reduced wages.

Trouble is feared more to-day than ever. Every man of the company's guard of 200 is on watch, armed and ready for any emergency.

Deputies acting for the mill owners to-day start to serve notices of eviction on about 100 families. These notices call on tenants to vacate their houses within forty-eight hours after the receipt of the notices.

Another batch of notices will be sent out to-morrow. The mill owners plan to have the families of all strikers out of company tenements by Friday at the latest.

There is every indication in Ludlow to-day that the guards are trying to foment trouble. Several women complained that they had been insulted and pushed from the sidewalk, but all of the guards denied that they had resource to such treatment.

Families Leave Ludlow.

James Lund, one of the special officers hired by the Pinkertons, nearly started a riot on the Ludlow Bridge, when he brandished a stiletto. Several Polish women who were crossing the bridge at the time ran terror-stricken to the Electric Car Station, crying out in their native tongue for help.

District Deputy Sheriff Shay of Northampton, with several town officers, disarmed the guard and placed him in custody. He was taken to the Pinkerton headquarters in the mill, where he was identified and later released.

Twelve families to-day left Ludlow for Rockville, Ct., and other mill towns in that State. Several other families are preparing to leave to-night.

Strikers Are Firm.

The strikers—men and women—believe that the mill owners will be forced eventually to accede to the demands. They maintain that they are in the right, and that they must sooner or later receive that for which they have so persistently fought.

No women ever came to man's aid more valiantly than the wives, sweethearts and sisters of the Poles of Ludlow.

Throughout the conflict the women have counseled the men not to give in. They have advised them to stand by their rights, to remain out until their demands are granted by the company, to defend themselves only if brutally handled by the Pinkertons or guards.

BOSTON UNION TO INVESTIGATE THE STRIKE IN LUDLOW

Boston labor unions are coming to the aid of the evicted strikers at Ludlow. A committee will probably be sent to Ludlow to-morrow by the Central Labor Union. If its report favors the men the entire strength of the membership represented in the Boston Central Labor Union, 65,000 men, will be thrown on the side of the 2,000 unfortunate Poles.

President Michael A. Murphy of the Central Union to-day called a special meeting of the executive committee representing the 200 affiliated unions to decide on a course of action.

"I am going to recommend that we send a sub-committee of one or two officers of the Central Labor Union," he said, "to Ludlow and investigate conditions there. If on their report we find conditions as represented I shall endeavor to have the full strength of trade unionism in Boston called in to help these men."

The sub-committee will probably leave for Ludlow to-morrow morning.

MORE MONEY GIVEN FOR AID IN LUDLOW STRIKE

Contributions are coming in to-day to the Ludlow Relief Fund, which was started by Boston Cigarmakers' Union, No. 97, for the benefit of the suffering wives and children of the evicted Ludlow strikers. It is earnestly desired by the labor unions of Greater Boston that a generous sum be raised to help the victims of the Ludlow labor troubles. Officers of the Boston Central Labor Union and of affiliated bodies are urging that contributions be quick and generous.

The BOSTON AMERICAN, at the request of the Cigar Makers' Union, has opened its columns to receive, acknowledge and forward contributions.

Contributions may be brought in or sent to Cashier, BOSTON AMERICAN, No. 82 Summer street, Boston, Mass. All contributions will be properly expended for the relief purpose designated. Contributions to date are:

Cigar Makers' Union No. 97	$100.00
Cigar Makers and Strippers of Quincy Cigar Factory	25.00
Machinists' Lodge No. 264	10.00
T. L. Wilson	5.00
E. Belanger	5.00
J. Morat	2.00
Eugene Seers	1.00
H. Falk	.50
I. Apple	.50
S. Dinner	.25
Friend	.50
A. M. Creighton, cutters, Lynn	6.75
"Long"	2.00
Workingman	.50
Vest Makers' Local No. 172, U. G. W. of A.	5.00
Friend	1.00
Polish Willow Workers of Willow Furniture Co.	7.25
Hyde Park	.50
John Corley, Fall River	2.00
Total	$174.75

GIRL DECLARES SHE WON'T WED MANUEL

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Miss Yvonne Townsend, daughter of Lawrence Townsend, who was Minister to Portugal about ten years ago, was a passenger on the Lapland from Antwerp and Dover, and was regarded with more than usual interest because of a rumor on the ship that the young lady was going to be married to the King of Portugal. She said that the rumor was absurd, as the King was merely a "boy of nineteen or twenty." When the King was a little Prince of nine Miss Townsend and he were playmates.

CHURCH TO BECOME VARIETY THEATRE

The Day Street Congregational Church of West Somerville, one of the oldest edifices in that city, has been sold to Boston men who intend to transform it into a moving picture and vaudeville theatre. It is understood that the price paid was $12,000. Already plans are under way for the erection of a new church on College avenue near Powder House park. It is expected the building will be ready for use next Fall.

You see the AMERICAN everywhere—in the homes, clubs, restaurants, hotels, cars and boats.

TAKES RHODES COURSE.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 7.—Howard A. Taber of this city was appointed to the Rhodes scholarship at Oxford as the Rhode Island representative for next year. He is at present a member of the senior class at Brown.

All Signs Point to WHITE'S Bargain Basement For Wednesday

A Tremendous Purchase of Men's Imported Hosiery At Just Half Price

A Big Manufacturer's Surplus Stock—7872 pairs exactly—closed out to us at such a remarkable reduction that we can offer Boston men on Wednesday

Regular 25c Fancy Hose for 12½c

Hundreds of attractive designs and patterns—plenty of good plain colors—all sizes.

We could sell this lot of Men's Hosiery out easily at double the profit, but our Bargain Basement established rule is for startling bargains, enormous, quick sales and crowds of customers enthusiastic over their purchases, so—

At 12½c

Select your half dozen pairs of Hose early on Wednesday!

R. H. WHITE CO.

CURED MOTHER AND DAUGHTER

Bloodlessness and a Run-down Condition Will Inevitably Bring Suffering and Sorrow Unless Promptly Corrected.

The symptoms described in the following statement are so common today wherever overwork and worry have resulted in a decline in health that the means by which a cure was effected deserves the careful attention of every thoughtful man and woman.

Mrs. B. G. Goodwin, of R. F. D. No. 2, Gardner, Mass., was cured of anæmia after she had been sick for a year. She says:

"I was in a terrible condition a few years ago suffering from anæmia. I was overworked and run down bringing up my baby. I lost color and strength and became so weak that my husband had to help me around. Very often I would get dizzy and seem to see floating specks before my eyes. I would wake up through the night and be so numb all over that it seemed my blood would never start circulating again. This numbness would last for an hour. My digestion was poor and I could not breathe well.

"My doctor treated me for anæmia but I finally stopped taking his medicine. I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and felt some better after I had taken them only a short time. But I gave them a long trial and gradually grew better and got so that I didn't need medicine any more. My health is good now and I have had no serious sickness since.

"Later I had greater reasons for being grateful for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My little girl began to grow weak and seemed to have no strength. We took her to two doctors, who examined her lungs and heart and told us to take her from school. We were afraid of consumption as the doctor watched her lungs so closely. During her sickness we moved here and not wishing to try another doctor I began giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She gained right away in strength and color, was able to resume her school work and is now in fine health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

MARRY ME, BELL

And I'll buy the ring of the original and only Wilson Bros., who make Australian gold wedding rings in their own factory from $6 to $12; any special ring to order in 2 hours. Next to big tea kettle, 95 Court St., their only store.

WILSON BROS.

[illegible] catalogue. Express or mail your watch and jewelry repairs.

You can get a perfect fit in our first quality lenses for $1; sold elsewhere for $2 and $3. The real WILSON BROS., next to big kettle, 95 Court. This ad. will save you on a spasmodic

ALARM CLOCK 50c

BLOOD POISON

Cured by the Marvel of the Century, the Obbac System

Drives out blood poison in any stage permanently, without deadly mercury, or iodide of potash, but with purely vegetable, safe ingredients. To prove it we will send you a

30 Day Treatment Free

Symptoms leave quick. Cure yourself at home now. Send for free treatment and remarkable book on Cure of Blood Poison.

THE OBBAC CO., 10 Rector Bldg., Chicago

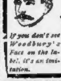
Vigor and Strength

can be obtained only by the use of properly applied Electricity. Any organ of the body, any part that lacks the necessary vitality to perform its functions can be restored by my method. It gives strength; it makes the blood rich and red and warm, it vitalizes the nerves, puts life and vim into the brain and muscles and drives out pains and aches; it makes a good man physically out of a bad one. Call or write for booklet and particulars of my great 30-day Half Price offer. Sent free, sealed.

D. G. SANDEN CO.,

501 Washington St.

Office Hours 9 to 6.



IT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME.

WOODBURY'S Facial Soap

If you don't see Woodbury's Face on the label, it's an imitation.

TO-NIGHT Cascarets

BEST FOR THE BOWELS AND LIVER

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

All Druggists

BEAUTY'S AID

Women may keep her face free from pimples and brighten her eyes by occasionally using

Beecham's Pills

In boxes with full directions 10c. and 25c.

[illegible] Clothier, corner Hanover and Portland streets, is most easily reached from the Haymarket Square, Adams Square, Scollay Square and Friend-Union street stations of the subways.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

can be given with perfect safety to the youngest child. It is the best. Buy no substitute.

GLOVES CLEANSED 8c. PAIR

FLINT'S CLEANSING SHOP, 8 Hamilton Place.

POLICE HOLD UP FUNERAL IN BATHTUB CASE

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Prosecutor Mott of Essex county, N. J., and Chief of Police Bell of East Orange today stopped the funeral of Mrs. Ocey W. M. Snead, the bath tub victim, and ordered that her body be not taken out of the State until the exact cause of her death has been determined.

Neither Prosecutor Mott nor Chief Bell would say what they believed the cause of the woman's death to be, but the inference to be gathered from their action was that they thought she had been poisoned and then placed in the bath tub. The funeral of Mrs. Snead was to be held at noon to-day from the undertaking establishment of Gustav Kunz in East Orange and the interment was to be in Mount Hope Cemetery in this city.

A former sweetheart of the young woman had arranged to defray the burial expenses.

Relatives of Mrs. Snead were received in the homes of the wealthiest persons in New York it was learned to-day. Mrs. Mary Martin, mother of Mrs. Snead, and Miss Virginia Wardlaw, who is now under arrest on the charge of having killed the young wife, were welcome visitors at the home of Mrs. Russell Sage, who was greatly interested in their plans of education in the South.

It was reported to Chief Bell to-day that Mrs. Martin had been located and was in hiding at the house of a friend.

"The AMERICAN has the evening 'home' field in Boston exclusively."—Advertisers' Magazine.

ROUT ZELAYA; CAPTURE MEN AND SUPPLIES

PORT LIMON, Costa Rica, Dec. 7.—A wireless message has been received here reporting an engagement there between the forces of General Estrada and Zelaya's army under General Vasquez, in which the latter was beaten, leaving over 100 killed and wounded on the battlefield. Estrada captured 100 prisoners and lot of cannon and ammunition.

The [illegible] which left here Sunday with fifty five volunteers for the Estrada army, arrived safely at Bluefields. A passenger from [illegible], Eligio Sibaja, states that Zelaya's troops captured the Aragon farm, where the Costa Rican flag was flying, maltreated the people and committed many outrages.

Over 200 bodies floated down the river after the battle of Juan del Norte (Greytown). General Castillo Chamorro, who was killed in the recent battle, is a brother of General Emilio Chamorro, who is blockading Juan del Norte.

The government party in Nicaragua appears to be in a bad way, with General Toledo bottled up at Greytown, Vasquez beaten by Forno Dias above Rama, and the weather preventing him from making any further move. It is expected that as soon as General Chamorro receives the shipment of arms looked for daily the revolutionists will take but a short time to overcome the government forces.

It is reported that President Zelaya telegraphed the Mexican Minister in San Juan his desire to resign and take up his residence in Belgium.

Nothing succeeds like circulation. The AMERICAN has quantity and quality.

REAL BLIZZARD HITS CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—The first blizzard and real snow storm of the Winter, which struck Chicago during the night, resulted in delayed transportation, caused thousands of persons to arrive late for work and caused much suffering and hardship among the poor to-day. Railroad trains were reported from one to sixteen hours late on many of the lines entering the city from the West. As the heavy snowfall continued it was predicted that transportation within the city and in the middle Western States was liable to almost completely demoralize transportation.

All surface cars ran at very irregular intervals. Trains on the elevated systems were severely affected. The storm centre was reported in the Middle West by railroad officials. Trains from the Pacific coast were subject to the greatest delay.

NIGHT WORKERS' MASS.

At 3.30 o'clock to-morrow morning a special mass will be said by Fr. P. J. Lyons in the Night Workers' Chapel, No. 363 Washington street. The mass will be in honor of the feast of the Immaculate Conception, which occurs to-morrow, to whose honor the little attic chapel is dedicated.

1915 SHOW IN LAST WEEK

The first day of the final week of the 1915 Exposition brought out a large attendance and appearances are that this last week will be the busiest of the entire showing numerous attractions are scheduled for every day, and splendid lectures have been arranged.

Few people realize the gigantic undertaking that the Exposition is and the enormous cost of such a production. Exhibits have been brought from all over this country and many European cities, including the Chicago plans, the Pittsburg exhibit, those of Cleveland and Cincinnati, the airship models from Germany and the exhibits and pictures from London and other English cities.

What with the cost of transportation of these things and the large expense of getting up all the other displays, a deficit was expected by the management, and only that the people of Greater Boston have responded so enthusiastically, the loss would be even greater than the directors have every reason to expect it will be. No profit is made, the exhibit being purely for instructive and educational purposes, the only income being from the sale of tickets and the payment for space by a few commercial exhibits which hold forth in the basement.

ONLY ONE WAY TO RETAIN GOOD HEALTH, SAYS COOPER

L. T. Cooper's theory regarding the human stomach is rapidly becoming a topic of universal discussion. Cooper claims that the human stomach has become chronically deranged by modern conditions, and that sickness generally is the result.

In a recent interview, while introducing his medicine in a leading city, Mr. Cooper said: "There is just one way, in my opinion, to maintain general health, and that is by building up the digestive organs. The vast majority of Americans today have weak, flabby, distended stomachs. This has been caused by many generations of over-feeding and lack of exercise, until today the entire civilized race is affected. This is the true cause of most of the ill-health of today. Little can be done to relieve it until the stomach is once more brough back to normal condition.

"I am successful because my preparation puts the stomach in sound condition, and I maintain this is the only way to secure general and permanent good health."

Among those who have become firm believers in Mr. Cooper's theory and medicines through a personal test of his claims is Mrs. Anna Maring of Dennison, Clark county, Illinois, who lives on Rural Route No. 1, Box 57. Mrs. Maring says: "For years I have suffered agony from stomach trouble. I could not eat anything without having the greatest distress afterward. My appetite was poor—did not care to eat—afraid of the results that were sure to follow. My digestive organs did not perform their functions properly, and were a source of much pain. Gas formed on my stomach, affecting the action of my heart, and my bowels were in a wretched condition.

"I tried everything I could hear of for relief, but to no purpose. I began to feel that there was no hope for me. I could do scarcely any work at all, and felt most miserable all the time. I had neither strength nor ambition—everything was a drag, even my very existence. I could neither eat, sleep nor work. Life did not seem worth living.

"For some time I had been noticing the advertisements of the Cooper remedies in the papers, and seeing a number of statements from people who claimed to have been greatly benefited through their use, and whose trouble was very similar to my own, I made up my mind to try once more—it could do no harm if it did no good. So I bought a bottle of Cooper's New Discovery and began taking it.

"I began to improve from the first dose, and grew better rapidly. My appetite was sharpened, my digestive organs began to do their work properly, and I gained strength very fast. My sleep became restful and refreshing, and my bowels were put into perfect condition. I took a half-dozen bottles, and am today in better health than for years past. Last summer I picked eighty-five gallons of blackberries, besides doing my other work. My neighbors all remarked how well I was looking, and I told them it was Cooper's New Discovery that was doing it.

"I can never be thankful enough for the benefit I have derived from the Cooper medicine—I am a living witness to its marvelous curative properties."

Cooper's New Discovery is on sale at all drug stores everywhere.

INDIGESTION, GAS, HEARTBURN AND HEADACHE FROM STOMACH GO.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch Gas and Eructate sour, undigested food or have a feeling of Dizziness, Heartburn, Fullness, Nausea, Bad taste in mouth and stomach headache—this is Indigestion.

A full case of Pape's Diapepsin costs only 50 cents and will thoroughly cure your out-of-order stomach, and leave sufficient about the house in case some one else in the family may suffer from stomach trouble or Indigestion.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula plainly printed on these 50-cent cases, then you will understand why Dyspeptic trouble of all kinds must go, and why they usually relieve, sour, out-of-order stomachs or Indigestion in five minutes. Diapepsin is harmless and tastes like candy, though each dose contains power sufficient to digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides it makes you go to the table with a healthy appetite; but, what will please you most is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh, and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for Biliousness or Constipation.

This city will have many Diapepsin cranks, as some people will call them, but you will be cranky about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you ever try a little for Indigestion or Gastritis or any other Stomach misery.

Get some now, this minute, and forever rid yourself of Stomach Trouble and Indigestion.

SALEM PARSON'S TRIAL DIVORCE WILL BECOME THE GENUINE ARTICLE

REV. CHARLES H. PUFFER.

E. A. EMPEY

MRS. CHARLES H. PUFFER

PHOTO BY LITCHFIELD STUDIO

MRS. VIOLA EMPEY

The trial divorce of Rev. and Mrs. Charles H. Puffer of Salem is to become a real one. Mrs. Puffer has filed a libel for divorce in the Superior Court of Essex County. She alleges desertion.

Mrs. Puffer and her husband separated with a mutual agreement to live apart three years before either of them should take any action toward a divorce. The time would have expired next February.

By the terms of the trial divorce agreement drawn up by Salem attorneys the Puffers were to live apart for three years, neither was to say one word of a disparaging nature regarding the other, and a divorce not to be sought until the three years had elapsed. In consideration of this Mrs. Puffer was to be paid the sum of $70 a month, and upon the granting of a divorce to either party at the end of the time stipulated she was to be paid $7,000.

Dr. Puffer is pastor of the First Universalist Church of Salem. The couple formerly lived on Piedmont street, South Salem. They have one son, a graduate of Tufts College, who is in the mining regions of Arizona.

Mrs. Puffer Went on Stage.

Following the separation Mrs. Puffer joined a dramatic school and made her first appearance upon the stage at the Castle Square Theatre in this city when she played the part of "Cinders" in "The Lost Paradise," presented by the pupils of the dramatic school for the benefit of the Animal Rescue League.

This action followed another phase of the case. Three months after the separation Dr. Puffer was sued for $25,000 by E. A. Empy for alleged alienation of his wife's affections. This case is pending on the docket of the Essex County superior court. Mrs. Empy was formerly housekeeper in the Puffer home.

While Mrs. Puffer did not appear against her husband when the case opened in court she is alleged to have claimed that her husband thought more of giving Mrs. Empy lessons in grammar than he did of her Mrs. Puffer.

Married at Sweet Sixteen.

Dr. and Mrs. Puffer met and married in the West twenty-two years ago, when he was twenty-nine and she not quite sixteen years of age. At that time Mr. Puffer was a professional elocutionist and she was his pupil. Two years after marriage they came East, locating in Connecticut. Mr. Puffer was for a time engaged as a newspaper man in Springfield. Later he graduated from Tufts College and entered the ministry.

He has been pastor of the Universalist church of Salem for sixteen years. He is a man of extraordinary stature, forceful in appearance and of great forensic ability. He has a host of friends and is regarded as a powerful adjunct to church society.

Mrs. Puffer is a woman of unusual beauty, possessing a perfect figure and a cultivated mind. She was fond of outdoor life and has studied art under many prominent Boston professors.

WEST END MISSION.

The Florence Crittenton League of Compassion has again shown its ability to do things worth while by the establishment of a mission station at No. 10 Blossom street and will be known as the Florence Crittenton Mission. The mission is in charge of Charles H. Manley.

JEROME ACTS IN INSURANCE FINANCE FRAUD

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The Grand Jury, following a private council held in the Criminal Court Building to-day between District Attorney Jerome, State Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss and representatives from Carter, Welder & Company's brokerage office and from the office of the Phoenix Insurance Company, began an investigation into shortage of $1,000,000 discovered on the books of the Phoenix Insurance Company of which George P. Sheldon, who is reported dying to-day in his home at Greenwich, Ct., was the former head. At the same time plans were made to extend the inquiry to Chicago.

Sheldon is accused of juggling the affairs of the company in the style of high financiers, of dominating its affairs for more than two decades to its detriment, and of advancing loans to insurance department officials that averted an investigation of the company's books for years.

A dispatch from Greenwich says the condition of Sheldon, who is sixty-two, is also serious; that the fact of his removal from office and the declaration of charges against him has been kept from him. It was feared that the knowledge would be a fatal shock.

Steps for the rehabilitation of the company under the direction of President E. W. T. Gray, elected yesterday by the directors about the time when Superintendent Hotchkiss's report was made public, were planned to-day. In the Superintendent's report it is declared that by writing off $1,000,000 of the company's $3,000,000 surplus the accounts can be balanced.

A general investigation and possible suits involving the financial and brokerage houses, with which Sheldon operated was predicted to-day.

IF YOU NEED A MEDICINE, YOU SHOULD HAVE THE BEST

Although there are hundreds of preparations advertised, there is only one that really stands out pre-eminent as a remedy for diseases of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest, for the reason that it has proved to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of even the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound—a physician's prescription for a specific disease.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything.

A Sworn Certificate of Purity is with every bottle.

For sale at all drug stores, in bottles of two sizes—fifty-cents and one-dollar.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE BY MAIL.

In order to prove what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy will do for you, every reader of the Boston Daily American who has not already tried it, may receive a sample bottle by mail absolutely free. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Write to-day.

FITZ LEADS A DANCE AND SINGS SOLO

While Candidate Storrow addressed a meeting at the Ward 22 Democratic Club headquarters, Columbus avenue and Centre street, last night, Candidate Fitzgerald made a lightning tour, attending five dances, at one of which he led the grand march, two ward rallies, a fraternal organization meeting, a whist party and a banquet. At the banquet, held by the Mount Pleasant Associates of Jefferson at Young's Hotel, he delivered a speech and sang "Sweet Adeline." At the other stops he contented himself with speeches.

Mr. Storrow dealt with the "underground charge" that his record as a member of the Franklin Union trustees was unfriendly to organized labor. He insisted that his acts on that board were fair, and that he was not afraid to go on record, while Mayor Fitzgerald, also a member, "dodged" the meetings at which the Union's building contract was discussed and acted on.

Start Rival Cheers.

President James Donovan of the Democratic City Committee accompanied Mr. Storrow. He favored the gathering with a few words, at the special request of Chairman Patrick F. Donovan. A group of Fitzgerald supporters who met the Storrow automobile when it reached the Ward 22 headquarters started a cheer for the ex-Mayor, but were drowned out by the Storrow rooters.

The Fitzgerald stops were made at a meeting of ward workers in Central Hall, Dorchester, a meeting of Ward 22 Nest of Owls, a Ward 3 rally at Bunker Hill and Ferrin streets, a dance of the Halcyon Associates in Roughan Hall, where he led the grand march, the Mount Pleasant Associates' banquet at Young's Hotel, a dance of Major Grady Camp, Spanish War Veterans, in East Boston, dances in Odd Fellows and Berkeley halls, a whist party in Catholic Union Hall, and a dance of the South Boston Athletic Club in Bethesda Hall.

Attacks Committee Work.

Mr. Fitzgerald attacked the methods of the Committee of One Hundred and Fifty in nominating Mr. Storrow, charged that the committee was lined for Storrow from the start and paid his respects to "Mr. Rothwell, who was selected to do the job." He threw "worthy citizen" bouquets at John R. Murphy and Joseph H. O'Neil, who were mentioned as possible opponents of himself and who have not yet publicly declared for his candidacy.

At the Dorchester and South Boston stops he promised to fight for tunnels from the city proper to those sections after he is elected Mayor.

STEEL CASES GO TO JURY TODAY

Judge Harris to-day completes his charge to the jury which has been hearing the steel cases, terminating the hearing which has lasted almost three months. His Honor started his charge after Special Prosecutor Arthur D. Hill wound up his closing argument. In his argument Mr. Hill claimed that as soon as it appeared there was concerted action on the part of the defendants the conspiracy was proven. It was not necessary that they should be seen conspiring, he said.

OLDEST WHALER LOST, CREW SAVED

NEW BEDFORD, Dec. 7.—Word has been received here of the loss of the bark Canton, the oldest whaling craft in the world. It was built in 1833 for a merchantman, first a famous packet, and was for sixty-six years a whaling vessel. The vessel is a wreck on the Cape de Verde Islands. The crew was saved.

ICE COMPANY HEAD DEAD.

Reuben W. Hopkins, president of the Boston Ice Company, is dead at his home, No. 21 Bay State road. He was born in Arlington in 1846 and resided in that town nearly all his life. He was educated in the public schools and Cutting Academy and entered the ice business when a young man in the firm of Addison Gage & Co. His entire business life was devoted to the ice industry. He also conducted an ice business in New Orleans and other Southern cities.

NEW CORSET PARLORS.

Mrs. J. W. Hastings, the well known corsetiere, and largest individual corset buyer in America, with stores in Bridgeport and Hartford, Conn., and in Springfield and other cities, has opened fine corset parlors at No. 564 Washington street, room 27, opposite the Adams House.

STORROW AGAIN CALLS FITZGERALD DODGER IN FRANKLIN UNION CASE

James J. Storrow, in a statement published today, again takes former Mayor John F. Fitzgerald to task for alleged shortcomings. He reiterates the specific charge that Mr. Fitzgerald, an ex-officio member of the Franklin Union trustees through his office as Mayor, did not attend the meetings of the trustees at which the union's building contract was discussed, and charges that Mr. Fitzgerald dodged these meetings to escape being placed on record. He reiterates his charge that Mr. Fitzgerald is conducting a campaign of innuendo, and asks him or any one else to come out in the open and make a specific charge.

Following is the Storrow statement in full:

Calls Statement "Absurd."

"I have read ex-Mayor Fitzgerald's reply to my statement. I see no reason for retracting anything I have said.

"His assertion that I, or my political friends, are in any way directly or indirectly responsible for the interjection of religious or racial matters into this campaign is manifestly absurd.

"As to the ex-Mayor's statement that he was not a member of the executive committee of the Franklin Union and, therefore, not responsible for what happened, this is another attempt to dodge. The matters in controversy were dealt with directly and wholly by the full board of trustees without any recommendation or responsibility being taken by the executive committee.

"In the course of his two years' administration as Mayor, during all of which time he was ex-officio a member of the Board of Trustees, there were fifteen meetings, and the records show that at twelve of these meetings he was present taking part in the discussions and frequently making motions. At the remaining three meetings only the labor question came to the front, and it was precisely these three meetings, and those only, that he failed to attend.

Credit to Keenan.

"I ask Mr. Fitzgerald to explain why he remained away from those three meetings, and especially why he did not attend the meeting of June 12, as the late lamented labor leader, Frank K. Foster did, and either side with Mr. Foster and the other trustees in awarding the contract to the lowest bidder or else take the opposite side.

"As to the high school of commerce, Dr. Herbert J. Keenan, a member of the school committee from South Boston, is justly entitled to credit for having first urged the establishment of a high school of commerce. The sentiment in favor of such a school was well defined before Mr. Fitzgerald became a candidate for Mayor. This is another case in which Mr. Fitzgerald, finding an active sentiment in favor of a new idea, jumped to the front and claimed it as his own—a habit which in his case has developed into a fine art.

"Mr. Fitzgerald indulges in his usual method of innuendo in regard to differences within the management of a great business organization concerning the facts of which he is totally ignorant. If he or any other man will make a direct charge as to the nature of my alleged breach of trust, I shall answer the charge in a manner that will satisfy every fair-minded person in the community.

Needs No Defence.

"The late R. D. Evans, to whom he refers, was a man fully able to protect himself when alive, and his ample estate does not need the assistance of Ex-Mayor Fitzgerald, who, for political purposes, jumps into the arena as a volunteer champion.

"The record of my connection with the company is one in which I have reason to take some pride, as during my connection with the company the value of its securities nearly doubled, to the great advantage of the thousands of small stockholders throughout New England."

News Notes of Partyless Politics

The Lomasney-Fitzgerald Good Government League has filed with the Election Commissioners more than enough nomination signatures to insure places on the ballot. The slate includes Thomas J. Giblin, Joseph J. Norton, James M. Curley, James P. Timilty, Timothy F. Buckley and James J. Byrne. An effort is being made to induce Norton to withdraw and make J. Frank O'Hare, the ticket's South Boston candidate. A rumor has it that not more than five of the Lomasney ticket will appear on the ballot on election day.

A prominent lawyer in the Kimball building picked up some easy money on the election through clever betting. "Big" Bill Keliher, cousin of the Congressman, strolled into Clark's Hotel with a roll of Storrow money. He offered to bet $200 against $150 on Storrow and $100 to $70 on the C. M. L. nominee. The lawyer and his friend each took one of the bets. The following day the attorney was in the vicinity of the Fitzgerald headquarters on School street and without much effort he succeeded in selling the Fitzgerald end of the two bets for $100. Pretty soft, eh.

A morning paper stated to-day that former Mayor Nathan Matthews had withdrawn as manager of James J. Storrow's campaign for Mayor. Mr. Storrow says: "Mr. Matthews has not withdrawn as manager of my campaign. The reason he has not withdrawn is because he never was manager of my campaign. The only connection he has had with the present campaign, so far as I know, has been in his capacity as a member of the executive committee of the Citizens' Municipal League."

The mayoralty question has caused some strange political line-ups and one of them is in Ward 19. "Charlie" Norton, who was one of Jim Donovan's staunchest lieutenants, has refused to follow his leader to Storrow and is now working with Ambrose Woods and Jim McInerney for Fitzgerald. It's not so long ago that Norton and Woods would refuse to walk on the same side of the street together.

"Is there any truth in the stories that nomination papers have been circulated among the prisoners at Deer Island for signatures?" asked Alderman Giblin of Secretary White, when the latter paid a visit to the committee on public improvements of the board. "I shouldn't be surprised if there was," replied the secretary. "If not, it's the only place where they haven't been circulated."

While much discussion is already being heard as to who will oppose Congressman "Joe" O'Connell for a third term, the Committee on Elections of Congress is preparing to find out whether the "Red Devil" leader secured a second term by deciding the contest raised by his Republican opponent, J. Mitchel Galvin. Galvin and some of his witnesses have already started for Washington.

Maybe the aldermen don't keep January 11 in mind when voting at the session just at present. Yesterday the three Republican members who are running for the new City Council voted with the Democrats on a firemen's order, while the other three Republicans who are not candidates and have nothing politically at stake, voted against the order.

Matthew Cummings has postponed the meeting of his advisers until next Thursday night. A meeting was scheduled for last night at the Hotel Langham. Men who are suspected of being more friendly to the Fitzgerald candidacy than to Cummings have forecasted for days that Cummings would withdraw and support Fitzgerald.

The P. S. A. has begun its printed campaign for the election of David A. Ellis to the school committee. Thousands of subscription and membership blanks have been sent with a circular stating "there is only one place to be filled this year and the one person conspicuously fitted to fill it is Mr. Ellis."

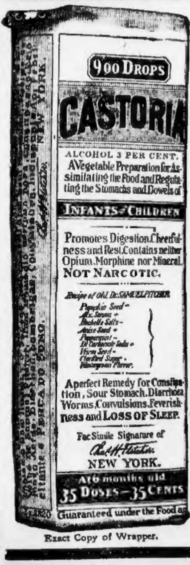
Mr. Fitzgerald's friends say that the Fitzgerald-Storrow battle of ink will continue until Mr. Storrow is willing to let Mr. Fitzgerald have the last word.

FRITZI SCHEFF HOLDS UP A HARRIMAN TRAIN

EL PASO, Dec. 7.—Fritzie Scheff stopped one of Mrs. E. H. Harriman's passenger trains in the heart of the Arizona desert while she took a bath. The train was running fast and rocking a good deal so that when Miss Scheff attempted to take her morning ablution the water insisted on hitting the ceiling of her private car. This was too much. The conductor was notified and stopped his train on the first siding, which happened to be Stein's pa

CENTRAL COUNCIL MEETS

The Central Council of the Irish County Clubs of Greater Boston will hold a meeting this evening at 8 o'clock in Sever Hall, Paine Memorial Building.



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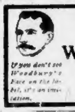

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PRESIDENT TAFT'S MESSAGE IS A PROSPERITY PROCLAMATION

"We Are on the Eve of a Substantial Business Expansion," Says President; "the Country Is in a High State of Prosperity." Tariff Not to Blame for Increased Cost of Living, He Thinks.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The annual message of President Taft, submitted to Congress to-day, is in part as follows:

To the Senate and the House of Representatives:

The relations of the United States with all foreign governments have continued upon the normal basis of amity and good understanding, and are very generally satisfactory.

Pursuant to the provisions of the general treaty of arbitration concluded between the United States and Great Britain, April 4, 1908, a special agreement was entered into between the two countries on January 27, 1909, for the submission of questions relating to the fisheries on the North Atlantic coast to a tribunal to be formed from members of the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague.

In accordance with the provisions of the special agreement the printed case of each government was, on October 4 last, submitted to the other and to the Arbitral Tribunal at The Hague, and the counter case of the United States is now in course of preparation.

The American rights under the fisheries article of the Treaty of 1818 have been a cause of difference between the United States and Great Britain for nearly seventy years. The interests involved are of great importance to the American fishing industry, and the final settlement of the controversy will remove a source of constant irritation and complaint. This is the first case involving such great international questions which has been submitted to the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague.

Arbitration Needed on Canadian Boundary.

The treaty between the United States and Great Britain concerning the Canadian international boundary, concluded April 11, 1908, authorizes the appointment of two commissioners to define and mark accurately the international boundary line between the United States and the Dominion of Canada in the waters of the Passamaquoddy Bay, and provides for the exchange of briefs within the period of six months. The briefs were duly presented within the prescribed period, but as the commissioners failed to agree within six months after the exchange of the printed statements, as required by the treaty, it has now become necessary to resort to the arbitration provided for in the article.

The International Fisheries Commission, appointed pursuant to and under the authority of the convention of April 11, 1908, between the United States and Great Britain, has completed a system of uniform and common international regulations for the protection and preservation of the food fishes in international boundary waters of the United States and Canada.

The regulations will be duly submitted to Congress with a view to the enactment of such legislation as will be necessary under the convention to put them into operation.

The convention providing for the settlement of international differences between the United States and Canada, including the apportionment between the two countries of certain of the boundary waters and the appointment of commissioners to adjust certain other questions, signed on the 11th day of January, 1909, and to the ratification of which the Senate gave its advice and consent on March 3, 1909, has not yet been ratified on the part of Great Britain.

Settlement of Seal Question in Sight.

Commissioners have been appointed on the part of the United States to act jointly with commissioners on the part of Canada in examining into the question of obstructions in the St. John River between Maine and New Brunswick, and to make recommendations for the regulation of the uses thereof, and are now engaged in this work.

Negotiations for an international conference to consider and reach an arrangement providing for the preservation and protection of the fur seals in the North Pacific are in progress with the Governments of Great Britain, Japan and Russia. The attitude of the governments interested leads me to hope for a satisfactory settlement of this question as the ultimate outcome of the negotiations.

The Second Peace Conference recently held at The Hague adopted a convention for the establishment of an International Prize Court upon the joint proposal of delegations of the United States, France, Germany and Great Britain. The law to be observed by the Tribunal in the decision of prize cases was, however, left in an uncertain and therefore unsatisfactory state. Article 7 of the convention provided that the Court was to be governed by the provisions of treaties existing between belligerents, but that "in the absence of such provisions, the court shall apply the rules of international law. If no generally recognized rule exists, the court shall give judgment in accordance with the general principles of justice and equity." As, however, many questions in international maritime law are understood differently and therefore interpreted differently in various countries, it was deemed advisable not to intrust legislative powers to the proposed court, but to determine the rules of law properly applicable in a conference of the representative maritime nations. Pursuant to an invitation of Great Britain a conference was held at London from December 2, 1908, to February 26, 1909, in which the following powers participated: the United States, Austria-Hungary, France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Russia, and Spain. The conference resulted in the Declaration of London, unanimously agreed to and signed by the participating powers, concerning among other matters, the highly important subjects of blockade, contraband, the destruction of neutral prizes, and continuous voyages.

Zelaya a Disturber of Central America.

This Government was obliged to intervene diplomatically to bring about arbitration or settlement of the claim of the Emery Company against Nicaragua, which it had long before been agreed should be arbitrated. A settlement of this troublesome case was reached by the signature of a protocol on September 18, 1909.

Many years ago diplomatic intervention became necessary to the protection of the interests in the American claim of Alsop & Company against the government of Chile. The government of Chile had frequently admitted obligation in the case and had promised this Government to settle it. There had been two abortive attempts to do so through arbitral commissions, which failed through lack of jurisdiction. Now, happily, as the result of the recent diplomatic negotiations, the governments of the United States and of Chile, actuated by the sincere desire to free from any strain those cordial and friendly relations upon which both set such store, have agreed by a protocol to submit the controversy to definite settlement by His Britannic Majesty, Edward VII.

Since the Washington conventions of 1907 were communicated to the Government of the United States as a consulting and advising party, this Government has been almost continuously called upon by one or another, and in turn by all of the five Central American republics, to exert itself for the maintenance of the conventions. Nearly every complaint has been against the Zelaya government of Nicaragua, which has kept Central America in constant tension or turmoil. The responses made to the representations of Central American republics, as due from the United States on account of its relation to the Washington conventions, have been at all times conservative, and have avoided, so far as possible, any semblance of interference, although it is very apparent that the considerations of geographic proximity to the Canal Zone and of the very substantial American interests in Central America give to the United States a special position in the zone of these republics and the Caribbean Sea.

May Send a Special Message on Nicaragua.

I need not rehearse here the patient efforts of this Government to promote peace and welfare among these Republics, efforts which are fully appreciated by the majority of them who are loyal to their true interests. It would be no less unnecessary to rehearse here the sad tale of unspeakable barbarities and oppression alleged to have been committed by the Zelaya Government. Recently two Americans were put to death by order of President Zelaya himself. They were officers in the organized forces of a revolution which had continued many weeks and was in control of about half of the Republic, and as such, according to the modern enlightened practice of civilized nations, they were entitled to be dealt with as prisoners of war.

At the date when this message is printed, this Government has terminated diplomatic relations with the Zelaya Government for reasons made public in a communication to the former Nicaraguan charge d'affaires, and is intending to take such future steps as may be found most consistent with its dignity, its duty to American interests and its moral obligations to Central America and to civilization. It may later be necessary for me to bring this subject to the attention of the Congress in a special message.

The International Bureau of American Republics has carried on an important and increasing work during the last year. In the exercise of its peculiar functions as an international agency, maintained by all the American republics for the development of Pan-American commerce and friendship, it has accomplished a great practical good which could be done in the same way by no individual department or bureau of one government, and is therefore deserving of your liberal support. The fact that it is about to enter a new building, erected through the munificence of an American philanthropist and the contributions of all the American nations, where both its efficiency of administration and expense of maintenance will naturally be much augmented, further entitles it to special consideration.

To Uphold Integrity of Chinese Empire.

In the Far East this Government preserves unchanged its policy of supporting the principle of equality of opportunity and scrupulous respect for the integrity of the Chinese Empire, to which policy are pledged the interested powers of both East and West.

By the Treaty of 1903 China has undertaken the abolition of likin with a moderate and proportionate raising of the customs tariff along with currency reform. These reforms being of manifest advantage to foreign commerce as well as to the interests of China, this Government is endeavoring to facilitate these measures and the needful acquiescence of the treaty powers. When it appeared that Chinese likin revenues were to be hypothecated to foreign bankers in connection with a great railway project, it was obvious that the governments whose nationals held this loan would have a certain direct interest in the question of the carrying out by China of the reforms in question. Because this railroad loan represented a practical and real application of the open door policy through co-operation with China by interested powers as well as because of its relations to the reforms referred to above, the Administration deemed American participation to be of great national interest.

Happily, when it was as a matter of broad policy urgent that this opportunity should not be lost, the indispensable instrumentality presented itself when a group of American bankers, of international reputation and great resources, agreed at once to share in the loan upon precisely such terms as this Government should approve. The chief of those terms was that American railway material should be upon an exact equality with that of the other nationals joining in the loan in the placing of orders for this whole railroad system. After months of negotiation the equal participation of Americans seems at last assured. It is gratifying that Americans will thus take their share in this extension of these great highways of trade, and to believe that such activities will give a real impetus to our commerce and will prove a practical corollary to our historic policy in the Far East.

Japanese Relations Continue Cordial.

Our traditional relations with the Japanese Empire continue cordial as usual. As the representative of Japan, His Imperial Highness Prince Kuni visited the Hudson-Fulton celebration. The recent visit of the delegation of prominent business men as guests of the chambers of commerce of the Pacific slope, whose representatives had been so agreeably received in Japan, will doubtless contribute to the growing trade across the Pacific, as well as to that mutual understanding which leads to mutual appreciation. The arrangement of 1908 for a co-operative control of the coming of laborers to the United States has proved to work satisfactorily. The matter of a revision of the existing treaty between the United States and Japan, which is terminable in 1912, is already receiving the study of both countries.

The Department of State is considering the revision, in whole or in part, of the existing treaty with Siam, which was concluded in 1856 and is now, in respect to many of its provisions, out of date.

I earnestly recommend to the favorable action of the Congress the estimates submitted by the Department of State and most especially the legislation suggested in the Secretary of State's letter of this date whereby it will be possible to develop and make permanent the reorganization of the department upon modern lines in a manner to make it a thoroughly efficient instrument in the furtherance of our foreign trade and of American interests abroad. The plan to have divisions of Latin-American and Far Eastern affairs and to institute a certain specialization in business with Europe and the near East will at once commend itself. These politico-geographical divisions and the detail from the diplomatic or consular service to the department of a number of men, who bring to the study of complicated problems in different parts of the world practical knowledge recently gained on the spot, clearly is of the greatest advantage to the Secretary of State in foreseeing conditions likely to arise and in conducting the great variety of correspondence and negotiation. It should be remembered that such facilities exist in the foreign offices of all the leading commercial nations and that to deny them to the Secretary of State would be to place this Government at a great disadvantage in the rivalry of commercial competition.

Consular Service Greatly Improved.

The consular service has been greatly improved under the law of April 5, 1906, and the Executive Order of June 27, 1906, and I commend to your consideration the question of embodying in a statute the principles of the present Executive Order upon which the efficiency of our consular service is wholly dependent.

In modern times political and commercial interests are interrelated, and in the negotiation of commercial treaties conventions and tariff agreements, the keeping open of opportunities and the proper support of American enterprises, our diplomatic service is quite as important as the consular service to the business interests of the country. Impressed with this idea and convinced that selection after rigorous examination, promotion for merit solely and the experience only to be gained through the continuity of an organized service are indispensable to a high degree of efficiency in the diplomatic service, I have signed an Executive Order as the first step toward this very desirable result. Its effect should be to place all secretaries in the diplomatic service in much the same position as consular officers are now placed and to tend to the promotion of the most efficient to the grade of minister, generally leaving for outside appointment such posts of the grade of ambassador or minister as it may be expedient to fill from without the service. It is proposed also to continue the practice instituted last Summer of giving to all newly appointed secretaries at least one month's thorough training in the Department of State before they proceed to their posts. This has been done for some time in regard to the consular service with excellent results.

Under a provision of the act of August 5, 1909, I have appointed three officials to assist the officers of the government in collecting information necessary to a wise administration of the tariff act of August 5, 1909. As to questions of customs administration they are co-operating with the officials of the Treasury Department and as to matters of the needs and the exigencies of our manufacturers and exporters, with the Department of Commerce and Labor, in its relation to the domestic aspect of the subject of foreign commerce. In the study of foreign tariff treatment they will assist the Bureau of Trade relations of the Department of State. It is hoped thus to co-ordinate and bring to bear upon this most important subject all the agencies of the government which can contribute anything to its efficient handling.

POINTS IN TAFT'S MESSAGE

Americans put to death in Nicaragua who were entitled to be dealt with as prisoners of war. May expect another message on this.

If the tariff is oppressively high will call attention of Congress to it, but tariff agitation hurts business.

Estimated cost of government for year ending June 30, 1911, $94,000,000 less than this year. There will be a surplus of $712,000.

There is a deficit this year of $73,075,620, which includes $38,000,000 for the Panama Canal and $1,000,000 public debt.

The canal is half done and will be finished January 1, 1913. It will cost $375,000,000, instead of $140,000,000.

Favors pensions for employes of government who are too old for active service. May reduce the number of employes, but can't reduce pay.

Government got back all the Sugar Trust stole in New York, but government after the officers and employes guilty in a criminal way.

Lynchings due to delays in courts. A commission to look into the matter and readjust things.

Congress asked to act in making better injunction laws.

Favors people's savings banks. People want them.

Wants international white slave traffic stopped.

The country is prosperous and on the eve of big business expansion.

As a consequence of Section 2 of the tariff act of August 5, 1909, it becomes the duty of the Secretary of State to conduct as diplomatic business all the negotiations necessary to place him in a position to advise me as to whether or not a particular country unduly discriminates against the United States in the sense of the statute referred to. The great scope and complexity of this work, as well as the obligation to lend all proper aid to our expanding commerce, is met by the expansion of the Bureau of Trade Relations as set forth in the estimates for the Department of State.

I have thus in some detail described the important transactions of the State Department since the beginning of this Administration for the reason that there is no provision either by statute or custom for a formal report by the Secretary of State to the President or to Congress, and a Presidential message is the only means by which the condition of our foreign relations is brought to the attention of Congress and the public.

In dealing with the affairs of the other Departments, the heads of which all submit annual reports, I shall touch only those matters that seem to me to call for special mention on my part without minimizing in any way the recommendations made by them for legislation affecting their respective Departments, in all of which I wish to express my general concurrence.

Perhaps the most important question presented to this Administration is that of economy in expenditures and sufficiency of revenue. The deficit of the last fiscal year, and the certain deficit of the current year, prompted Congress to throw a greater responsibility on the Executive and the Secretary of the Treasury than had heretofore been declared by statute. This declaration imposes upon the Secretary of the Treasury the duty of assembling all the estimates of the Executive Departments bureaus and offices, of the expenditures necessary in the ensuing fiscal year, and of making an estimate of the revenues of the Government for the same period; and if a probable deficit is thus shown, it is made the duty of the President to recommend the method by which such deficit can be met.

Paying for Panama Canal by Bonds.

The report of the secretary shows that the ordinary expenditures for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, will exceed the estimated receipts by $34,075,620. If to this deficit is added the sum to be disbursed for the Panama Canal, amounting to $38,000,000, and $1,000,000 to be paid on the public debt, the deficit of ordinary receipts and expenditures will be increased to a total deficit of $73,075,620. This deficit the secretary proposes to meet by the proceeds of bonds issued to pay the cost of constructing the Panama Canal. I approve this proposal.

The policy of paying for the construction of the Panama Canal, not out of current revenue but by bond issues, was adopted in the Spooner act of 1902, and there seems to be no good reason for departing from the principle by which a part at least of the burden of the cost of the canal shall fall upon our posterity who are to enjoy it; and there is all the more reason for this view because the actual cost to date of the canal, which is now half done, and which will be completed January 1, 1915, shows that the cost of engineering and construction will be $297,766,000, instead of $139,705,200, as originally estimated. In addition to engineering and construction, the other expenses, including sanitation and government, and the amount paid for the properties, the franchise and the privilege of building the canal, increase the cost by $75,435,000, to a total of $375,201,000. The increase in the cost of engineering and construction is due to a substantial enlargement of the plan of construction by widening the canal 100 feet in the Culebra cut, and by increasing the dimensions of the locks, to the underestimate of the quantity of the work to be done under the original plan, and to an underestimate of the cost of labor and materials, both of which have greatly enhanced in price since the original estimate was made.

In order to avoid a deficit for ensuing fiscal year I directed the heads of departments in the preparation of their estimates to make them as low as possible, consistent with operative governmental necessity. The result has been, as I am advised by the Secretary of the Treasury, that the estimates for the expenses of the government for the next fiscal year, ending June 30, 1911, are less than the appropriations for this current fiscal year by $42,818,000. So far as the Secretary of the Treasury is able to form a judgment as to future income and compare it with the expenditures for the next fiscal year, ending June 30, 1911, and excluding payments on account of the Panama Canal, which will doubtless be taken up by bonds, there will be a surplus of $35,931,000.

Appropriation Figures Are Cut to the Quick.

In the present estimates the needs of the Departments and of the Government have been cut to the quick, so to speak, and any assumption on the part of Congress, so often made in times past, that the estimates have been prepared with the expectation that they may be reduced, will result in seriously hampering proper administration.

The Secretary of the Treasury points out what should be carefully noted in respect to this reduction in governmental expenses for the next fiscal year, that the economies are of two kinds—first, there is a saving in the permanent administration of the Departments, bureaus, and offices of the Government; and, second, there is a present reduction in expenses by a postponement of projects and improvements that ultimately will have to be carried out, but which are now delayed with the hope that additional revenue in the future will permit their execution without producing a deficit.

It has been impossible in the preparation of estimates greatly to reduce the cost of permanent administration. This can not be done without a thorough reorganization of bureaus, offices, and departments. For the purpose of securing information which may enable the executive and the legislative branches to unite in a plan for the permanent reduction of the cost of governmental administration, the Treasury Department has instituted an investigation by permanent reduction of the cost of governments in the United States. The result of his work in two or three bureaus, which, if extended to the entire Government, must occupy two or more years, has been to show much room for improvement and opportunity for substantial reductions in the cost and increased efficiency of administration. The object of the investigation is to devise means to increase the average efficiency of each employee. There is great room for improvement toward this end, not only by the reorganization of bureaus and departments and in the avoidance of duplication, but also in the treatment of the individual employee.

Urges Reclassification of the Civil Service.

Under the present system it constantly happens that two employees receive the same salary when the work of one is far more difficult and important and exacting than that of the other. Superior ability is not rewarded or encouraged. As the classification is now entirely by salary, an employee often rises to the highest class while doing the easiest work, for which alone he may be fitted. An investigation ordered by my predecessor resulted in the recommendation that the civil service be reclassified according to the kind of work, so that the work requiring most application and knowledge and ability shall receive most compensation. I believe such a change would be fairer to the whole force and would permanently improve the personnel of the service.

Most of the great industrial organizations, and many of the well-conducted railways of this country, are coming to the conclusion that a system of pensions for old employes, and the substitution, therefore, of younger and more energetic servants, promotes both economy and efficiency of administration.

I am aware that there is a strong feeling in both Houses of Congress, and possibly in the country, against the establishment of civil pensions, and that this has naturally grown out of the heavy burden of military pensions, which it has always been the policy of our government to assume; but I am strongly convinced that no other practical solution of the difficulties presented by the superannuation of civil servants can be found than that of a system of civil pensions.

Criminal Prosecutions for Customs Frauds.

Close investigation and study needed to make definite recommendations in this regard will consume at least two years. I note with much satisfaction the organization in the Senate of a Committee on Public Expenditures, charged with the duty of conducting such an investigation, and I tender to that committee all the assistance which the executive branch of the Government can possibly render.

I regret to refer to the fact of the discovery of extensive frauds in the collection of the customs revenue at New York City, in which a number of subordinate employees in the weighing and other departments were directly concerned, and in which the beneficiaries were the American Sugar Refining Company and others. The frauds consisted in the payment of duty on underweights of sugar. The Government has recovered from the American Sugar Refining Company all that it is shown to have been defrauded of. The sum was received in full of the amount due, which might have been recovered by civil suit against the beneficiary of the fraud, but there was an express reservation in the contract of settlement by which the settlement should not interfere with, or prevent the criminal prosecution of everyone who was found to be subject to the same.

Criminal prosecutions are now proceeding against a number of the Government officers. The Treasury Department and the Department of Justice are exerting every effort to discover all the wrongdoers, including the officers and employes of the companies who may have been privy to the fraud. It would seem to me that an investigation of the frauds by Congress at present, pending the probing by the Treasury Department and the Department of Justice, as proposed, might by giving immunity and otherwise prove an embarrassment in securing conviction of the guilty parties.

Maximum and Minimum Clause in Tariff Act.

Two features of the new tariff act call for special reference. By virtue of the clause known as the "Maximum and Minimum" clause, it is the duty of the Executive to consider the laws and practices of other countries with reference to the importation into those countries of the products and merchandise of the United States, and if the Executive finds such laws and practices not to be unduly discriminatory against the United States, the minimum duties provided in the bill are to go into force. Unless the President makes such a finding, then the maximum duties provided in the bill, that is, an increase of 25 per cent. ad valorem over the minimum duties, are to be in force. Fear has been expressed that this power conferred and duty imposed on the Executive is likely to lead to a tariff war. I beg to express the hope and belief that no such result need be anticipated.

The discretion granted to the Executive by the terms "unduly discriminatory" is wide. In order that the maximum duty shall be charged against the imports from a country, it is necessary that he shall find on the part of that country not only discriminations in its laws or the practice under them against the trade of the United States, but that the discriminations found shall be undue; that is, without good and fair reason. I conceive that this power was reposed in the President with the hope that the maximum duties might never be applied in any case, but that the power to apply them would enable the President and the State Department through friendly negotiation to secure the elimination from the laws and the practice under them of any foreign country of that which is unduly discriminatory. No one is seeking a tariff war or a condition in which the spirit of retaliation shall be aroused.

Tariff Board Work Will Take Two Years.

The new tariff law enables me to appoint a tariff board to assist me in connection with the Department of State in the administration of the minimum and maximum clause of the act and also to assist officers of the Government in the administration of the entire law. An examination of the law and an understanding of the nature of the facts which should be considered in discharging the functions imposed upon the Executive show that I

Government Got Back All Sugar Trust Stole, but Officials Responsible Are Open to Criminal Prosecution.

have the power to direct the tariff board to make a comprehensive glossary and encyclopedia of the terms used and articles embraced in the tariff law, and to secure information as to the cost of production of such goods in this country and the cost of their production in foreign countries. I have therefore appointed a tariff board consisting of three members and have directed them to perform all the duties above described. This work will, perhaps, take two or three years, and I ask from Congress a continuing annual appropriation equal to that already made for its prosecution. I believe that the work of this board will be of prime utility and importance whenever Congress shall deem it wise again to readjust the customs duties.

If the facts secured by the tariff board are of such a character as to show generally that the rates of duties imposed by the present tariff law are excessive under the principles of protection as described in the platform of the successful party at the late election, I shall not hesitate to invite the attention of Congress to this fact and to the necessity for action predicated thereon. Nothing, however, halts business and interferes with the course of prosperity so much as the threatened revision of the tariff, and until the facts are at hand, after careful and deliberate investigation, upon which such revision can properly be undertaken, it seems to me unwise to attempt it. The amount of misinformation that creeps into arguments pro and con in respect to tariff rates is such as to require the kind of investigation that I have directed the tariff board to make, an investigation undertaken by it wholly without respect to the effect which the facts may have in calling for a readjustment of the rates of duty.

$45,000,000 Less for War Department.

In the interest of immediate economy and because of the prospect of a deficit, I have required a reduction in the estimates of the War Department for the coming fiscal year, which brings the total estimates down to an amount forty-five millions less than the corresponding estimates for last year. This could only be accomplished by cutting off new projects and suspending for the period of one year all progress in military matters. For the same reason I have directed that the army shall not be recruited up to its present authorized strength. These measures can hardly be more than temporary—to last until our revenues are in better condition and until the whole question of the expediency of adopting a definite military policy can be submitted to Congress, for I am sure that the interests of the military establishment are seriously in need of careful consideration by Congress. The laws regulating the organization of our armed forces in the event of war need to be revised in order that the organization can be modified so as to produce a force which would be more consistently apportioned throughout its numerous branches. To explain the circumstances upon which this opinion is based would necessitate a lengthy discussion, and I postpone it until the first convenient opportunity shall arise to send to Congress a special message upon this subject.

The Secretary of War calls attention to a number of needed changes in the army, in all of which I concur, but the point upon which I place most emphasis is the need for an elimination bill providing a method by which the merits of officers shall have some effect upon their advancement and by which the advancement of all may be accelerated by the effective elimination of a definite proportion of the least efficient. There are in every army, and certainly in ours, a number of officers who do not violate their duty in any such way as to give reason for a court-martial or dismissal, but who do not show such aptitude and skill and character for high command as to justify their remaining in the active service to be promoted. Provision should be made by which they may be retired on a certain proportion of their pay, increasing with their length of service at the time of retirement. There is now a personnel law for the navy which itself needs amendment and to which I shall make further reference. Such a law is needed quite as much for the army.

More Defences Needed for Chesapeake Bay.

The coast defences of the United States proper are generally all that could be desired, and in some respects they are rather more elaborate than under present conditions are needed to stop an enemy's fleet from entering the harbors defended. There is, however, one place where additional defence is badly needed, and that is at the mouth of Chesapeake Bay, where it is proposed to make an artificial island for a fort which shall prevent an enemy's fleet from entering this most important strategical base of operations on the whole Atlantic and Gulf coasts. I hope that appropriate legislation will be adopted to secure the construction of this defence.

The military and naval joint board have unanimously agreed that it would be unwise to make the large expenditures which at one time were contemplated in the establishment of a naval base and station in the Philippine Islands, and have expressed their judgment, in which I fully concur, in favor of making an extensive naval base at Pearl Harbor, near Honolulu, and not in the Philippines. This does not dispense with the necessity for the comparatively small appropriations required to finish the proper coast defences in the Philippines now under construction on the island of Corregidor and elsewhere or to complete a suitable repair station and coaling supply station at Olongapo, where is the floating dock Dewey. I hope that this recommendation of the joint board will end the discussion as to the comparative merits of Manila Bay and Olongapo as naval stations, and will lead to prompt measures for the proper equipment and defence of Pearl Harbor.

High Naval Officers Old for Responsibilities.

The return of the battleship fleet from its voyage around the world in more efficient condition than when it started, was a noteworthy event of interest alike to our citizens and the naval authorities of the world. Besides the beneficial and far-reaching effect on our personal and diplomatic relations in the countries which the fleet visited, the marked success of the ships in steaming around the world in all weathers on schedule time has increased respect for our navy and has added to our national prestige.

Our enlisted personnel recruited from all sections of the country is young and energetic and representative of the national spirit. It is, moreover, owing to its intelligence, capable of quick training into the modern man-of-warsmen. Our officers are earnest and zealous in their profession, but it is a regrettable fact that the higher officers are old for the responsibilities of the modern navy, and the admirals do not arrive at flag rank young enough to obtain adequate training in their duties as flag officers. This need for reform in the navy has been ably and earnestly presented to Congress by my predecessor, and I also urgently recommend the subject for consideration.

Early in the coming session a comprehensive plan for the reorganization of the officers of all corps of the navy will be presented to Congress, and I hope it will meet with action suited to its urgency.

Owing to the necessity for economy in expenditures, I have directed the curtailment of recommendations for naval appropriations so that they are thirty-eight millions less than the corresponding estimates of last year, and the request for new naval construction is limited to two first-class battleships and one repair vessel.

The use of a navy is for military purposes, and there has been found need in the department of a military branch dealing directly with the military use of the fleet. The Secretary of the Navy has also felt the lack of responsible advisers to aid him in reaching conclusions and deciding important matters between co-ordinate branches of the department. To secure these results he has inaugurated a tentative plan involving certain changes in the organization of the Navy Department, including the navy-yards, all of which have been found by the Attorney-General to be in accordance with law.

I have approved the execution of the plan proposed because of the greater efficiency and economy it promises.

Deplorable Delays in Judicial Procedure.

The deplorable delays in the administration of civil and criminal law have received the attention of the committees of the American Bar Association and of many State Bar Associations, as well as the considered thought of judges and jurists. In my judgment, a change in judicial procedure, with a view to reducing its expense to private litigants in civil cases and facilitating the dispatch of business and final decision in both civil and criminal cases, constitutes the greatest need in our American institutions. I do not doubt for one moment that much of the lawless violence and cruelty exhibited in lynchings is directly due to the uncertainties and injustice growing out of the delays in trials, judgments, and the executions thereof by our courts. Of course these remarks apply quite as well to the administration of justice in State courts as to that in Federal courts, and without making invidious distinction it is perhaps not too much to say that, speaking generally, the defects are less in the Federal courts than in the State courts. But they are very great in the Federal courts.

The expedition with which business is disposed of both on the civil and the criminal side of English courts under modern rules of procedure makes the delays in our courts seem archaic and barbarous. The procedure in the Federal courts should furnish an example for State courts. I presume it is impossible, without an amendment to the Constitution, to unite under one form of action the proceedings at common law and proceedings in equity in the Federal courts, but it is certainly not impossible by a statute to simplify and make short and direct the procedure both at law and in equity in those courts. It is not impossible to cut down still more than it is cut down, the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, so as to confine it almost wholly to statutory and constitutional questions. Under the present statutes the equity and admiralty procedure in the Federal courts is under the control of the Supreme Court, but in the pressure of business to which that court is subjected, it is impossible to hope that a radical and proper reform of the Federal equity procedure can be brought about. I therefore recommend legislation providing for the appointment by the President of a commission with authority to examine the law and equity procedure of the Federal courts of first instance, the law of appeals from those courts to the courts of appeals, and to the Supreme Court, and the costs imposed in such procedure upon the private litigants and upon the public treasury and make recommendation with a view to simplifying and expediting the procedure as far as possible and making it as inexpensive as may be to the litigant of little means.

No Injunction Should Issue Without Notice.

The platform of the successful party in the last election contained the following:

"The Republican party will uphold at all times the authority and integrity of the courts, State and Federal, and will ever insist that their powers to enforce their process and to protect life, liberty, and property, shall be preserved inviolate. We believe, however, that the rules of procedure in the Federal courts with respect to the issuance of the writ of injunction should be more accurately defined by statute, and that no injunction or temporary restraining order should be issued without notice, except where irreparable injury would result from delay, in which case a speedy hearing thereafter should be granted."

I recommend that in compliance with the promise thus made, appropriate legislation be adopted. The ends of justice will best be met and the chief cause of complaint against ill-considered injunctions without notice will be removed by the enactment of a statute forbidding hereafter the issuing of any injunction or restraining order, whether temporary or permanent, by any Federal court, without previous notice and a reasonable opportunity to be heard on behalf of the parties to be enjoined; unless it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court that the delay necessary to give such notice and hearing would result in irreparable injury to the complainant and unless also the court shall from the evidence make a written finding, which shall be spread upon the court minutes, that immediate and irreparable injury is likely to ensue to the complainant, and shall define the injury, state why it is irreparable, and shall also endorse on the order issued the date and the hour of the issuance of the order. Moreover, every such injunction or restraining order issued without previous notice and opportunity by the defendant to be heard should by force of the statute expire and be of no effect after seven days from the issuance thereof or within any time less than that period which the court may fix, unless within such seven days or such less period, the injunction or

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

PILES Quickly CURED

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure—Trial Package Mailed Free to All in Plain Wrapper.

We want every man and woman suffering from the excruciating torture of piles to just send their name and address to us and get by return mail a free trial package of the most effective and positive cure ever known for this disease, Pyramid Pile Cure.

The way to prove what this great remedy will do in your own case is to just fill out free coupon and send to us and you will get by return mail a free trial treatment of Pyramid Pile Cure.

Then after you have proven to yourself what it can do, you will go to the druggist and get a 50 cent box.

Don't undergo an operation. Operations are rarely a success and often lead to terrible consequences. Pyramid Pile Cure reduces all inflammation, makes congestion, irritation, itching, sores and ulcers disappear—and the piles simply quit.

For sale at all drug stores at 50 cents a box.

FREE PACKAGE COUPON

Fill out the blank lines below with your name and address, cut out coupon and mail to the PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY, 154 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich. A trial package of the great Pyramid Pile Cure will then be sent you at once by mail, FREE, in plain wrapper.

Name ....

Street ....

City and State..................................

Beware Pneumonia!

According to mortality statistics, pneumonia is one of the most frequent and fatal diseases to which humanity is subject. Its action is so rapid that its victim is often in a precarious condition before realizing that anything more serious is the matter than a severe cold.

This is one of the dangers apt to follow the neglect of a cough or cold, and is therefore the best of reasons why one should check a cold at the start. A simple, inexpensive and effective remedy for coughs and colds is made by mixing two ounces of Glycerine, a half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure and eight ounces of pure Whisky. These can be bought in any good drug store and mixed together in a large bottle. Take a teaspoonful four times a day. It is claimed by the Leach Chemical Co., of Cincinnati, who prepare the genuine Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure, that this mixture will break up a cold in twenty-four hours and cure any cough that is curable.

For Up to Date Styles in Cloaks —AND— Millinery

At down town prices, which means a saving of About 33%

Misses' and children's garments a specialty. Suits made to order, fitting guaranteed.

For this sale this Coat for $6.50, sold at uptown stores for $9.98.

—VISIT—
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Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

The Genuine must bear signature

Brent Good

B-4-U

Sleep tonight, send a postal for FREE SAMPLE FRANKLIN HOWES' CHARM. It is a cure for coarse pores, inflammation of the skin or scalp, [illegible] chapped, rough hands in fifteen minutes. Contains no grease. Used by Boston families since 1870. At all [illegible] and Department stores. HOWES Laboratories, [illegible] Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Mass.

BARBARITIES IN NICARAGUA MUST BE STOPPED, SAYS PRESIDENT

Panama Canal Is Half Completed—Old Age Pensions and Postal Savings Banks Favored—New Injunction Laws Needed.

Tells Congress Americans Were Put to Death by Zelaya Who Were Entitled to Treatment as Prisoners of War—Declares President Has Embroiled All Central America for Years.

TAFT ON NICARAGUA.

This government has been almost continuously called upon by all of the five Central American republics to exert itself for the maintenance of the conventions. Nearly every complaint has been against the Zelaya government of Nicaragua, which has kept Central America in constant tension of turmoil.

I need not rehearse here the patient efforts of this government to promote peace and welfare among these Republics, efforts which are fully appreciated by the majority of them who are loyal to their true interests. It would be no less unnecessary to rehearse here the sad tale of unspeakable barbarities and oppression alleged to have been committed by the Zelaya government. Recently two Americans were put to death by order of President Zelaya himself. They were officers in the organized forces of a revolution which had continued many weeks and was in control of about half of the Republic, and as such, according to the modern enlightened practice of civilized nations, they were entitled to be dealt with as prisoners of war.

At the date when this message is printed this government has terminated diplomatic relations with the Zelaya government for reasons made public in a communication to the former Nicaraguan charge d'affaires, and is intending to take such future steps as may be found most consistent with its dignity and its moral obligations to Central America and to civilization. It may later be necessary for me to bring this subject to the attention of the Congress in a special message.—*From President's Message.*

order is extended or [illegible] after previous notice and opportunity to be heard.

My judgment is that the passage of such an act which really embodies the best practice in equity and is very like the rule now in force in some courts will prevent the issuing of ill-advised orders of injunction without notice and will render such orders when issued much less objectionable by the short time in which they may remain effective.

Special Message on Interstate Commerce.

The jurisdiction of the general government over interstate commerce has led to the passage of the so-called "Sherman Anti-Trust Law" and the "Interstate Commerce Law" and its amendments. The developments in the operation of those laws, as shown by indictments, trials, judicial decisions, and other sources of information, call for a discussion and some suggestions as to amendments. These I prefer to embody in a special message instead of including them in the present communication, and I shall avail myself of the first convenient opportunity to bring these subjects to the attention of Congress.

My predecessor transmitted to the Commissioners theretofore appointed to investigate the jail, workhouse, etc., in the District of Columbia, in which he directed attention to the report as setting forth vividly, "the really outrageous conditions in the workhouse and jail."

The Congress has taken action in pursuance of the recommendations of that report and of the President, to the extent of appropriating funds and enacting the necessary legislation for the establishment of a workhouse and reformatory. No action, however, has been taken by the Congress with respect to the jail, the conditions of which are still antiquated and insanitary. I earnestly recommend the passage of a sufficient appropriation to enable a thorough remodeling of that institution to be made without delay. It is a reproach to the National Government that almost under the shadow of the Capitol Dome prisoners should be confined in a building destitute of the ordinary decent appliances requisite to cleanliness and sanitary conditions.

Revision of Rates in Postal Service.

The deficit every year in the Post-Office Department is largely caused by the low rate of postage of 1 cent a pound charged on second-class mail matter, which includes not only newspapers but magazines and miscellaneous periodicals. The actual loss growing out of the transmission of this second-class mail matter at 1 cent a pound amounts to about $63,000,000 a year. The average cost of the transportation of this matter is more than 9 cents a pound.

It appears that the average distance over which newspapers are delivered to their customers is 291 miles, while the average haul of magazines is 1,049, and of miscellaneous periodicals 1,128 miles. Thus, the average haul of the magazine is three and one-half times and that of the miscellaneous periodical nearly four times the haul of the daily newspaper, yet all of them pay the same postage rate of 1 cent a pound. The statistics of 1907 show that second-class mail matter constituted 63.91 per cent of the weight of all the mail, and yielded only 5.19 per cent. of the revenue.

The figures given are startling, and show the payment by the Government of an enormous subsidy to the newspapers, magazines and periodicals, and Congress may well consider whether radical steps should not be taken to reduce the deficit in the Postoffice Department caused by this discrepancy between the actual cost of transportation and the compensation exacted therefor.

A great saving might be made, amounting to much more than half of the loss, by imposing upon magazines and periodicals a higher rate of postage. They are much heavier than newspapers, and contain a much higher proportion of advertising to reading matter, and the average distance of their transportation is three and a half times as great.

The total deficit for the last fiscal year in the Postoffice Department amounted to $17,500,000. The branches of its business which it did at a loss were the second-class mail service, in which the loss as already said was $63,000,000, and the free rural delivery, in which the loss was $28,000,000. These losses were in part offset by the profits of the letter postage and other sources of income. It would seem wise to reduce the loss upon second-class mail matter, at least to the extent of preventing a deficit in the total operations of the postoffice.

I commend the whole subject to Congress, not unmindful of the spread of intelligence which a low charge for carrying newspapers and periodicals assists. I very much doubt, however, the wisdom of a policy which constitutes so large a subsidy and requires additional taxation to meet it.

Postal Savings Banks Desired by the People.

The second subject worthy of mention in the Post-office Department is the real necessity and entire practicability of establishing postal savings banks. The successful party at the last election declared in favor of postal savings banks, and although the proposition finds opponents in many parts of the country, I am convinced that the people desire such banks, and am sure that when the banks are furnished they will be productive of the utmost good. The postal savings banks are not constituted for the purpose of creating competition with other banks. The rate of interest upon deposits to which they would be limited would be so small as to prevent their drawing deposits away from other banks.

I believe them to be necessary in order to offer a proper inducement to thrift and saving to a great many people of small means [illegible] facilities, and to whom such a system would offer an opportunity for the accumulation of capital. They will furnish a satisfactory substitute, based on sound principle and actual successful trial in nearly all the countries of the world, for the system of government guaranty of deposits now being adopted in several western States, which with deference to those who advocate it seems to me to have in it the seeds of demoralization to conservative banking and certain financial disaster.

Recommends Passage of Ship Subsidy Bill.

Following the course of my distinguished predecessor, I earnestly recommend to Congress the consideration and passage of a ship subsidy bill, looking to the establishment of lines between our Atlantic seaboard and the eastern coast of South America, as well as lines from the west coast of the United States to South America, China, Japan, and the Philippines. The profits on foreign mails are perhaps a sufficient measure of the expenditures which might first be tentatively applied to this method of inducing American capital to undertake the establishment of American lines of steamships in those directions in which we now feel it most important that we should have means of transportation controlled in the interest of the expansion of our trade. A bill of this character has once passed the House and more than once passed the Senate, and I hope that at this session a bill framed on the same lines and with the same purposes may become a law.

The successful party in the last election in its national platform declared in favor of the admission as separate States of New Mexico and Arizona, and I recommend that legislation appropriate to this end be adopted. I urge, however, that care be exercised in the preparation of the legislation affecting each Territory to secure deliberation in the selection of persons as members of the convention to draft a constitution for the incoming State, and I earnestly advise that such constitution after adoption by the convention shall be submitted to the people of the Territory for their approval at an election in which the sole issue shall be the merits of the proposed constitution, and if the constitution is defeated by popular vote means shall be provided in the enabling act for a new convention and the drafting of a new constitution. I think it vital that the issue as to the merits of the Constitution should not be mixed up with the selection of State officers, and that no election of State officers should be had until after the constitution has been fully approved and finally settled upon.

Conservation of Natural Resources.

In several departments there is presented the necessity for legislation looking to the further conservation of our national resources, and the subject is one of such importance as to require a more detailed and extended discussion than can be entered upon in this communication. For that reason I shall take an early opportunity to send a special message to Congress on the subject of the improvement of our waterways, upon the reclamation and irrigation of arid, semi-arid, and swamp lands; upon the preservation of our forests and the reforesting of suitable areas; upon the reclassification of the public domain with a view of separating from agricultural settlement mineral, coal, and phosphate lands and sites belonging to the Government bordering on streams suitable for the utilization of water power.

I commend to your careful consideration the report of the Secretary of Agriculture as showing the immense sphere of usefulness which that department now fills and the wonderful addition to the wealth of the nation made by the farmers of this country in the crops of the current year.

I greatly regret to have to say that the investigations made in the Bureau of Immigration and other sources of information lead to the view that there is urgent necessity for additional legislation and greater executive activity to suppress the recruiting of the ranks of prostitutes from the streams of immigration into this country—an evil which, for want of a better name, has been called "The White Slave Trade." I believe it to be constitutional to forbid, under penalty, the transportation of persons for purposes of prostitution across national and state lines; and by appropriating a fund of $50,000 to be used by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor for the employment of special inspectors it will be possible to bring those responsible for this trade to indictment and conviction under a federal law.

Calls for Legislation on Campaign Expenses.

I urgently recommend to Congress that a law be passed requiring that candidates in elections of members of the House of Representatives and committees in charge of their candidacy and campaign, file in a proper office of the United States Government a statement of the contributions received and of the expenses incurred in the campaign for such elections, and that similar legislation be enacted in respect to all other elections which are constitutionally within the control of Congress.

Recommendations have been made by my predecessors that Congress appropriate a sufficient sum to pay the balance—about 38 per cent.—of the amounts due depositors in the Freedman's Savings and Trust Company. I renew this recommendation, and advise also that a proper limitation be prescribed fixing a period within which the claims may be presented, that assigned claims be not recognized, and that a limit be imposed on the amount of fees collectible for services in presenting such claims.

The year 1913 will mark the fiftieth anniversary of the issuance of the Emancipation Proclamation granting freedom to the negroes. It seems fitting that this event should be properly celebrated. Already a movement has been started by prominent negroes, encouraged by prominent white people and the press. The South especially is manifesting its interest in this movement.

It is suggested that a proper form of celebration would be an exposition to show the progress the negroes have made, not only during their period of freedom, but also from the time of their coming to this country.

Increase in Cost of Living Is World-Wide.

I heartily indorse this proposal, and request that the Executive be authorized to appoint a preliminary commission of not more than seven persons to consider carefully whether or not it is wise to hold such an exposition, and if so, to outline a plan for the enterprise. I further recommend that such preliminary commission serve without salary, except as to their actual expenses, and that an appropriation be made to meet such expenses.

I have thus, in a message compressed as much as the subjects will permit, referred to many of the legislative needs of the country, with the exceptions already noted. Speaking generally, the country is in a high state of prosperity. There is every reason to believe that we are on the eve of a substantial business expansion, and we have just garnered a harvest unexampled in the market value of our agricultural products. The high prices which such products bring mean great prosperity for the farming community, but on the other hand they mean a very considerably increased burden upon those classes in the community whose yearly compensation does not expand with the improvement in business and the general prosperity. Various reasons are given for the high prices. The proportionate increase in the output of gold, which to-day is the chief medium of exchange and is in some respects a measure of value, furnishes a substantial explanation of at least part of the increase in prices. The increase in population and the more expensive mode of living of the people, which have not been accompanied by a proportionate increase in acreage production, may furnish a further reason. It is well to note that the increase in the cost of living is not confined to this country, but prevails the world over, and that those who would charge increases in prices to the existing protective tariff must meet the fact that the rise in prices has taken place almost wholly in those products of the factory and farm in respect to which there has been either no increase in the tariff or in many instances a very considerable reduction.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.
The White House, December 7, 1909.

30,000 MADE GLAD BY PACT ON PAY SCALE

FALL RIVER, Dec. 7.—Thirty thousand textile operatives are benefited to-day by the agreement on the part of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association to waive the association's right to cut wages at this time.

Relative to the enforcement of the new fifty-six-hour law, the manufacturers suggest that the starting time in the morning be 6:50 instead of 6:30.

The right of the manufacturers to cut wages now is based on the agreement effected at the end of the big strike of 1905. The present rate of 19.66 cents for weaving a cut of print cloth is to continue in force for the next six months. Under the sliding scale agreement the wage could be reduced to the minimum of 18 cents a cut.

The agreement of the manufacturers to let the present wage stand was offered at a conference between committees from the association and the Textile Council. There is much rejoicing among the operatives. It means an aggregate Christmas present of many thousands of dollars.

Textile wages are based on the daily margin between eight pounds of spot middling uplands cotton and the selling value of forty-five yards of 28-inch cloth, 64 by 64, seven yards to the pound, and 33.11 yards of 38½-inch, 64 by 64, 5.15 yards to the pound, and these margins are averaged up at the end of May and November. They determine automatically the rate that shall be paid for weaving for the ensuing six months. The present November averaging showed that the manufacturers were warranted in reducing wages, but they waived because cotton was purchasable below prevailing quotations.

HATCHET GIRL'S EYE ON CONGRESS

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 7.—Myra McHenry, who has frequently been arrested for chopping up saloons with her hatchet, left to-day for Washington, where, she says, she will keep tab on Congress this Winter. When the city officials learned that she wanted to go East they took up a collection to defray her expenses.

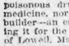
PUBLIC DANGER

You Cannot Afford to Miss Reading This.

We believe it is our duty to inform the public that the majority of fatal cases of pneumonia are caused by the patient taking for a cold some so-called cough cure which depends upon poisonous drugs for its effect.

These drugs deaden the nerves and stop secretion along the breathing tract—that causes pneumonia.

Father John's Medicine cures colds and throat and lung troubles without poisonous drugs. It is not a patent medicine, nor cough syrup, but a body builder—an eminent specialist prescribing it for the late Rev. Fr. John O'Brien of Lowell, Mass., fifty years ago.



If you don't see Woodbury's Face on the label, it's an imitation.

In Use For Over A Third Of A Century.
WOODBURY'S
Facial
Soap

CASH APPEAL FOR SCHOOL OF CRIPPLES

Funds are needed to equip a fourth room in the Industrial School for Crippled Children, one of the most deserving of Boston charities, and one which depends for support almost entirely upon the generosity of individuals.

Trustees state in their fifteenth annual report that many children who are eager to enter the school are debarred by its lack of accommodations.

The fourth school room would accommodate twenty-five pupils, but it cannot be opened this school year unless assistance is quickly given. The institution seeks to enable children who are crippled or deformed to become self supporting. It has done a great deal of good since it was established, and with enlarged facilities would do much more.

Superintendent Mary A. Perry reports that many of the former pupils are profitably employed. Regarding manual training the report says: "Much is said and written at the present time about manual training in the grades and industrial classes for boys and girls between the ages of fourteen and sixteen. Our school shows the result of a course thus planned.

"The manual training, having for its aim education, is kept distinct from the industrial classes which are designed to teach a trade and means of earning a livelihood, as well as to furnish employment to those unable to work elsewhere.

"The manual training classes have done excellent work the past year, and the pupils who entered the industrial classes from the grammar school were able in a short time to earn pay for their work."

Nothing succeeds like circulation. The AMERICAN has quantity and quality.

POLICE GET CLEW TO ATHOL ROBBERS

As a result of a report from Lawrence, Chief Postoffice Inspector Letherman has ordered Inspector Stone of Manchester to go to Portsmouth and try to locate the three men who went there by automobile and who, it is thought, may be the Athol postoffice robbers. The men, it is stated, appeared at a Lawrence garage with the story that their automobile had broken down. They were taken in a hired car to Portsmouth by way of Newburyport, but no disabled automobile, it is said, has been brought in.

MORTGAGE CLOSES MEDFORD STREET

Because the easterly end of Douglas road, a new and yet to be officially recognized street in the city of Medford now proves to have been mortgaged land, on which the mortgagee, foreclosing, has placed a fence and signs warning against trespass, the occupants of the brand new, modern houses-with-all-improvements in the vicinity are compelled to walk a quarter of a mile in order to get to a public thoroughfare.

MME. NORDICA SINGS FOR CHARITY

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—One thousand persons gathered at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel at a benefit given in aid of the Loomis Sanitarium, Liberty, N. Y., where tuberculosis patients are quartered. Many wealthy men and women were present, and the benefit proved a success. Mme. Nordica, the famous grand opera singer, generously contributed her services, and sang several selections.

CONSTANTINO IS HEARD FOR FIRST TIME IN 'TRAVIATA'

"LA TRAVIATA."

In Italian; an opera in four acts. By Verdi.

Violetta Valery	Lydia Lipkowska
Flora Bervoix	Mildred Rogers
Annina	Elvira Leveroni
Alfred Germont	Florencio Constantino
Giorgio Germont	Raymond Boulogne
Gaston	Ernesto Giaccone
Baron Douphol	Attilio Pulcini
Marquis d'Obigny	George Dunstan
Doctor Grenvil	Giuseppe Perini
Joseph	C. [illegible]

The appearance of Constantino as Alfred marked the performance of "La Traviata" at the Opera House last night. Lydia Lipkowska was again seen as Violetta and the others in the cast were heard Saturday afternoon and last Wednesday night in the same roles.

For more than half a century "La Traviata" has been on the boards, and grey-haired women witnessed the performance last night who, as very young girls, had wept over the beautiful self sacrifice of Violetta and her most romantic death. They still weep.

When Verdi gave "Traviata" to the Venetians in 1853, science had not discovered that consumption was a disease caused by a hideous microbe and that it was catching. It was considered a most romantic way to die, was believed to originate from unrequited affection or something like that and was made use of by all novelists.

"She went into a decline and pined away" is a familiar ending for books of the period. On the stage the darkened bed chamber, the heroine who had dipped her face into a flour barrel to make her look ghastly, the hacking cough and the harrowing agony ending in death were popular scenes.

Consumption no longer pleases on the dramatic stage. In modern tragedies the victim is led off the stage when about to die and the feelings of the audience are spared. But "La Traviata" is still a favorite and Violettas ranging in weight from 150 to 300 pounds are dying daily in the great opera houses of the world.

It is a pleasure to see in Lipkowska a Violetta who looks the part. She is so frail and tiny that she might fall into a decline if she lost her sweetheart, though in real life Miss Lipkowska is a very independent if not strong-minded young lady and would do no such thing. However, she perishes to slow music very gracefully, sings the music sweetly with much expression and her wonderful technique carries her through the thrills and cadenzas which make the part impossible for all but the most talented lyric sopranos.

Constantino is always to be depended upon. As Alfred he was manly and unaffected. His conception of the role is the result of careful study and, therefore, his performance is a finished one. His voice betrayed once or twice that he is suffering from a cold but for the most part he sang superbly.

Raymond Boulogne confirmed the favorable impression made on his first appearance as the father of Alfred. Owing to his method, his voice sometimes inclines to a tremolo, but he controls it and rises superior to it. He sang with intelligence and impressiveness.

Miss Rogers, Miss Leveroni and the others sang well. The orchestra was well in hand and Mr. Conti used it with discretion.

Rival Society Leaders in Duplicate Gowns at Opera

By ELIZABETH ELLIOTT.

Monday night is always a gala night at grand opera, and last night was no exception. It is the one night of the week that ALL fashionables feel compelled to put in an appearance, and always arrayed in the choicest raiment the wardrobe holds.

In fact, on Monday night the pace is set for the remainder of the week and few dare fall behind. It's the one night when the buds as well as the belles and younger matrons scorn all other engagements and go to see the show of gowns and jewels as well as to display their own finery.

There are surprises galore in store for all, but the surprise was rather a sorry one for two handsome matrons last night, each priding herself on the latest importation in a dazzling gown and pluming herself on the fact that it was quite the most elegant on view until them met face to face and found they were duplicates.

Of course everybody noticed it and everybody talked about it, but apparently the two most concerned were the least concerned, and they stood for some time in the foyer and talked amiably to each other while the curious passed and repassed.

Pity for Modiste.

Neither gave the slightest sign of either surprise or chagrin, but oh! me, oh! my, how I do pity that modiste!

It was a little tragedy all in itself—a tragedy of duplicate gowns. And to a woman of fashion what could be worse!

Most notable of all there last night was the handsome little bride, Mrs. Richard L. Lovering, Jr. (Molly Elliot), just back from her honeymoon and looking the picture of happiness as she went about with her stalwart young husband between the acts and greeted her many friends.

She is such a tiny, eiderdown bit of a creature, with the sweetest face and most charming manner imaginable. She looked even lovlier last night than on her bridal day, in a clinging gown of gray chiffon with drape of dresden satin.

Two of the most interesting and most beautifully gowned of the younger girls there were the Gilson girls, Rosamond and Ethel. Miss Rosamond in deep rose pink satin and pearls and Miss Ethel in white brocaded satin, the bodice trimmed with fine old lace, and a drape of the same falling to the hem of the skirt and finished in a cluster of [illegible]. A wreath of jeweled leaves adorned her becomingly coiffed hair.

Mrs. Sears in White Satin.

Mrs. Richard Sears, always handsomely gowned, was more charming than ever in her modish creation of white satin with drape of crystalled chiffon and a fillet of brilliants in her dark hair.

Mrs. Lester Leland, whose bright smile and pretty face always make her a centre of interest, wore one of the most superb costumes she has worn this season, a pale blue satin, the bodice trimmed in gold-spangled net, and a tunic drape of the same. A coronet of gold set with jewels adorned her hair.

Mrs. John C. Howe, in white satin and jewels, was charming to look at, and Mrs. James Jackson was strikingly handsome in shaded green chiffon and diamonds.

Mrs. Guy Lowell, who is gradually attaining almost sylph-like proportions, was gorgeous in white satin draped with silver-spangled net, and that again draped in tunic effect with yellow satin. Her jewels were diamonds and pearls.

Her sister, Miss Alice Sargent, was in yellow chiffon trimmed with white lace and beaded embroidery.

Pretty Beatrice Ayer, the beauty of this year's bouquet of buds, was as always much observed and admired. She wore a simple gown of white lace with pink roses at the corsage and in her pretty blonde hair.

Mrs. Henry D. Tudor, in velvet spangled chiffon over violet satin, was quite as animated as usual and attracted no end of admiring attention.

Wealth of Gems.

Miss Leslie Knowles, radiant in rose-pink chiffon; Mrs. Henry D. Burnham in black satin and diamonds, and Mrs. A. Lawrence Rotch in pale blue satin, draped with blue chiffon, were other notably striking figures.

The pretty little Vincent Club president, Adelaide Jackson, came with friends and wore a striking gown of black chiffon over yellow satin.

Mrs. Quincy Shaw, who wore a most becoming gown of lavendar satin, had as her guest that other charming young matron, Mrs. Matthew Luce, who was handsome in pastel green satin, trimmed with gold chiffon.

Mrs. James A. Garland, in a deep scarlet chiffon gown, scarlet wrap and diamond jewels, was a centre of interest in the lower tier of boxes.

Mrs. Charles S. Bird, in lavendar chiffon and diamonds, entertained a box party including her distinguished-looking sister, Mrs. Childs, in black velvet.

Mrs. Henry D. Chapin, one of the handsomest matrons there and always so delightfully cordial and simple in her manner, was in palest yellow satin, with diamonds and pearls for ornaments.

Mrs. Gordon, in pale gray chiffon and diamonds, had as her guest Mrs. Burgess, who wore green satin and diamonds.

Mrs. Eben D. Jordan was in silver spangled gray chiffon and her pretty blond daughter Dorothy was in black.

Miss Mary Wheelwright, in black chiffon over lavendar, was one of the prettiest of young girls there, coming with her mother, Mrs. John C. Wheelwright, who wore black satin and diamonds.

Black Gowns and Gems.

Mrs. John Thomas was resplendent in white satin and diamonds, and Miss Annie Warren was in cream satin and chiffon.

Mrs. Thomas Allen, looking extremely well in amythest satin and diamonds, had as her guest Mrs. Alden Thorndike, in blue satin draped in silvered chiffon.

Mrs. Warren Weeks was in black velvet and Mrs. Parkman Blake in black satin.

Mrs. Boylston Beal, who has worn so many handsome gowns this season, was distinguished in black lace over black satin, and diamonds.

Mrs. H. Staples Potter's gown was an exquisite one of black satin relieved with touches of torquois blue velvet and the bodice adorned with diamonds.

Very noticeable and unusually effective was the gown worn by Mrs. Harris Livermore, counted by many the handsomest of the younger set of matrons. It was of catawba satin, draped with chiffon of the same shade, and the bodice outlined with silver trimmings.

Miss Marion Homans was in black satin, Mrs. George Mumford was in white lace and Miss Adele Thayer, one of our wealthiest society women bachelors, was in pale blue satin and diamonds.

Katherine Warren, her delicate beauty enhanced by her clinging gown of white chiffon, was one of the few very young girls there.

The Thorndike Family.

Mrs. William Nickerson was in black lace, and had with her her pretty young daughter, Ruth, in pale green satin with drape and sash of darker green.

Margaret Crocker was dainty in white satin and white lace. The most picturesque figure among the younger girls was the brunette beauty of the John L. Thorndike family, Miss Olivia, whose gown was deepest old rose chiffon over old rose satin. She came with her handsome mother, who was in deep rose satin.

Mrs. William B. Rogers was in olive green chiffon over satin, Mrs. William C. Loring was in black velvet and Mrs. Robert Morse was in black satin.

Mrs. Eben S. Draper, who was in black velvet, had as her guest Mrs. Edwin U. Curtis, whose blonde loveliness was set off to perfection by her gown of black velvet trimmed with touches of rose pink velvet.

Miss Eleanor Sohier was in deep pink chiffon and Miss Alice Parker was in black lace over pale blue satin.

Mrs. Samuel Frothingham in rose pink spangled chiffon with tunic drape of white satin, Mrs. William C. Loring in white velvet, Mrs. Robert Morse in black satin, Miss Fanny Faulkner in black lace, Mrs. Charles Hayden in black velvet, Mrs. John Lowell in gray satin embroidered in gold, and Mrs. Robert Russell in black chiffon, were among the handsomely gowned.

STATE STREET BROKER WEDS IN THE WEST

State street financial circles were taken by surprise when the marriage of Charles C. Clapp of the brokerage firm of Charles C. Clapp & Co., No. 19 Congress street, and Miss Lucile Cheek Page of San Francisco was announced. The wedding took place in San Francisco. Miss Page was formerly a Boston girl.

Mr. Clapp now lives in Duxbury. Formerly his home was in Cambridge. For many years he was confidential secretary to Thomas W. Lawson. When he left Mr. Lawson to set up for himself in business he carried with him a letter of congratulation and the best wishes of his employer.

Mr. Clapp journeyed westward last week. He met Miss Page on Sunday, and that night they were married by the Rev. Robert Bruce Smith, pastor of the First Baptist Church of that city.

On Monday morning the bridegroom left for Guadalajara, Mex., where he has business of importance to transact. His bride went with her aunt, Mrs. L. L. Temple, to Nogales, Ariz., Mrs. Temple's home.

Mr. Clapp and Miss Page became acquainted while the young woman lived here with her parents, who are wealthy. Some time ago she removed to the West, where she remained until Mr. Clapp crossed the continent to make her his wife. They will return to Boston in a few weeks.

MAYOR WHITE FEARS LIFE IS IN DANGER

LAWRENCE, Dec. 7.—Mayor White's charge that "someone was laying to shoot him" is to-day the most sensational of all the charges and counter charges made by the three candidates for Mayor of this city.

At the mass meeting held by Mayor White in City Hall last night the city's executive declared that his life had been threatened, by whom he did not state.

NEW VICE-CONSUL.

Max Otto von Klock was to-day appointed Vice-Consul at Boston for the Republic of Uruguay, with office at No. 113 Federal street.

DANES STILL BELIEVE IN COOK'S CLAIM

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 7.—The steamer United States, carrying Dr. F. A. Cook's fortunes in the keeping of his Secretary Walter Lonsdale, will not reach here till to-morrow. She is now discharging cargo at Christiania. Copenhagen is neither exhilarated nor depressed by the delay. Its confidence in Cook is of that sublime variety which takes delay with patience and attacks on Cook's good faith in connection with Mt. McKinley with fortitude.

Cook's reputation stands just as high to-day as it did when the Danes welcomed him enthusiastically on his return from Greenland. Barrill's and Parker's charges are not unknown, but their statements have been printed very briefly and unimpressively, and generally accompanied by sarcastic comment. As regards Professor Parker, for instance, it is questioned whether he ever made the statements attributed to him.

"For," as one said, "it is incredible that a man like Parker should have permitted Cook's claims to remain uncontradicted for years."

There has been no popular interest in the discussion of Cook's claim, and doubts cast upon him are considered merely the outcome of a personal controversy with Peary, about whom the Danes have taken their cue from Sverdrup. Popular opinion will receive a genuine shock if the University finds against Cook.

WILL ARBITRATE STRIKE OF 40,000

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—A committee representing the striking shirtwaist makers and the Central Federated Union were appointed to-day to arrange for a meeting with the employers and discuss a settlement. The strike has been in progress six weeks, involving more than 40,000 men, women and girls. Arbitration was brought about following a conference of more than five hours between John Mitchell and Marcus M. Marks of the Civic Federation.

Nearly everybody in Boston reads the AMERICAN.

A Practical Christmas Present for

LITTLE FOLKS

¶ Packed in Souvenir Christmas Holly Boxes with a Gift Card enclosed. Why not give the children a present that is **really useful,** and which at the same time gives lots of pleasure? A pair of

"Apsley" Rubber Boots

affords a child great enjoyment and protects them from the danger of wet feet. A thoughtful mother will ask the shoe dealer for a pair of "Apsley" Christmas Rubber Boots.

A most acceptable and practical Christmas present—always welcomed with delight.

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THAYER, McNEIL & HODGKINS, Temple Pl.
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Best $20.00 Overcoat in the world for . . 9.90
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A WINTER OVERCOAT
Covers you from neck to ankles—
PRESTO COLLAR
Sold only by
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JIM CORBETT
WILL TRAIN
WITH JEFFRIES

BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTS

DELMONT WINS
DECISION OVER
BIZ MACKEY

That's What They All Say—By Tad

GIVE IT TO ME A TICKETER TO DE INSIDES—FOR A FEW MINUTES
SIX DAY RACE
CHEE NOT A SWIFTNESS
CANT WE HAVE A 6 DAY PICTURE WITHOUT YOU
WHO ME!
GIDDAP RUTT. YOU PEAR CATS
BEAT IT OUT
UM-YAW
OCH-I GO AVAY
GWAN
I GO BECK TO BEDT.
I'M THE CHICKEN WITH THE SERPENTS' TONGUE
TOO MUCH TVISTINGS DE K-NECK
I GUESS HE'S GONE
VOT?
WEE! VOW THERE E GOES
OU A SPRINTER I BET CHOO
YEA BOH
ITS VORM BUT I GO BECK A MINUTE
DID YOU SEE PHIL!
WHAT PHIL
MAKE IT A SPRINTS RUTT
PHILADELPHIA HA HA
HE'S A PEAR CATS EH?
DID YOU SEE PHIL
PHIL WHO
6 A.M. SUN
PITTSBURG HA HA
TAD

WEALTHY THEATRICAL MAN A NEW DIRECTOR IN THE BOSTON CLUB

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Boston National League Baseball Company was held at the club offices, Paddock building, this morning. President John S. C. Dovey presided. The following directors were elected: John S. C. Dovey, Fred W. Woodcock and John P. Harris. At the meeting of the directors John S. C. Dovey was re-elected president and treasurer.

John P. Harris, the new director, has been a stockholder since the purchase of the club by the late George B. Dovey over three years ago. His home is in Pittsburg in that part of the Smoky City called West Pittsburg Terrace, but he is so busy with his many enterprises that while this home is one of the most beautiful in this city of millionaires, yet he must perforce sleep in Pullmans.

Mr. Harris is president of the following enterprises: Harris Amusement Company of Detroit, Harris Amusement Company of Wilmington, Del., John P. Harris Company, Pennsylvania Amusement Company, Western Amusement Company and Outdoor Hippodrome Company. He is also connected with the Harry Davis enterprises of Pittsburg, which include the Alvin Theatre, the Duquesne Theatre and the Grand Opera House of that city. He did not take a very active part in the club until the death of late George B. Dovey. He intends to devote considerable time to the Boston National League Club in the future and is in thorough sympathy and support of the policies of President Dovey and will do all in his power to aid him in building up the club.

Those present at the meeting were John S. C. Dovey, Fred W. Woodcock, Fred Tenney, A. M. Goodnow and C. James Connelly.

It is very probable that the outdoor hippodrome which made such a big hit in Pittsburg and is owned and directed by Mr. Harris will be seen at the Boston National League Club's Columbus Avenue Grounds during the evenings when the club is on the road.

I. C. S. HANDBOOKS FOR CHRISTMAS GIFTS

What will your husband, son, brother or friend appreciate more than something that will help him in his daily work, help him to a better position and put him in line to earn more money?

A handbook for every occupation.

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372 pages of information, data and formulas for builders and contractors; 220 illustrations.

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A book for every man whose daily task brings him in contact with machinery; 378 pages; over 150 illustrations.

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Valuable to labor or Ω[illegible]; 375 pages; well illustrated; replete with useful formulae.

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For everyone from president down to office boy; 300 pages of the little things that save business men time and money.

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The best of its kind published; 208 pages; 176 illustrations.

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Pocket size; indexed so the information may be found instantly.

Sold regularly at $1.50. Sold during the holidays for **50c** in cloth and **$1.00** in leather binding to advertise the FREE EXHIBIT of the International Correspondence Schools, 9 Boylston Street, Boston.

BASEBALL NEWS NOTES

Charley Murphy hasn't been heard from during the past twelve hours. Somebody must have gagged him and stored him away in some dungeon. But it's a pipe he will pop to the horizon before sunset. You can't keep a squirrel on the ground.

* * *

Billy Murray is said to be about ready to come to a settlement with Owner (? ? ? ?) Fogel of the Phillies and will accept $7,500 as his bit for the two years' contract he has with the club.

* * *

Murray is sure to find another job. He knows baseball from A to Z, and you can bet your boots that William will be hooked up within a few hours from the time he quits the Phillies.

* * *

Horace Fogel now says that Kling will surely play with the Quakers. He says that Charley Murphy gave Johnny a year's vacation, but that the National commission doesn't know it. Can you beat it?

* * *

Murphy may claim that he gave the great backstop a year off, but he nearly broke his back trying to get him in line early last Spring and all during the Summer. The National commission will never

BOILERMAKER GATHERS CLEVER PARTNERS

JIM CORBETT TO TRAIN WITH JEFF

By TAD.

Jim Corbett has promised to spend two months with Jim Jeffries when the latter starts to train for his big fight with Johnson. Jeff figures that his enormous strength is still intact. He is still able, he thinks, to hustle the strongest man alive, but what needs sharpening and tuning is his speed, and he is gathering the greatest bunch of sparring partners any fighter ever had.

Right now on his list Jeff has Jim Corbett, Kid McCoy, Sam Berger and Jack (Twin) Sullivan. Each of these is known as a remarkably clever fellow.

Corbett was known as the fastest heavyweight who ever pulled on a pair of tights. Jim was the first Queensberry heavyweight champion of the world, and the originator of the hit-and-get-away game.

McCoy we all know as the fox of the ring. His corkscrew left will never be forgotten, especially by Herr Placke.

Berger was amateur heavyweight champion, and sparring partner for Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

Jack (Twin) Sullivan, another shifty lad, will finish up the list.

Jeff will have no slow men in his camp this time. He needs the speed. He realizes that before him will stand what we might term a big Joe Gans. There is very little difference between the fighting of Gans and Johnson. Neither is a dancer of the O'Brien type. They are both pickers. They stop the punch before it gets half way to them or else pull just outside of the danger mark.

Jeff went twenty-three rounds with Jim Corbett before he finally landed, and Jim was the only really clever man that he ever fought. He sees now that he needs all the practice in fast work that he can get, and is going after the speed stuff with a vengeance.

"Uncle Tom McCarey has left for the West. Tom says he isn't sore or anything like that. Still glad that he has his other scarf pin left and a horn from his goat.

Tom was alive and trying all the time, boys.

Eddie Graney is going to hang around awhile. "I'm not minus a goat, as you seem to think," said the blacksmith. "I was just nosed out—that's all. Coffroth is? Not on your life. Do you think he'd let those fellows take all the glory if he was running it? Do you think a great painter would let some other fellow sign his name to the picture that the great fellow had painted? Coffroth isn't in. They can't make me believe it."

Gleason: "Why do you insist upon asking where I got the dough? Why, say, I made a mint in Frisco on the ball team last year. I have the dough, son, and I'm running the fight. Why did we meet in secret with the fighters? Why just to save time. We changed the seventh article, making it read that Jeff and Johnson own the pictures and give us one-third. That's all we did. We will draw $150,000 at that gate. Sure thing!"

Rickard: "This won't be a moving picture fight. The finish will come just as soon as one puts it over on the other. My money is up and I don't know yet where it will be held. Suppose we do take Coffroth's arena. He doesn't necessarily have to be in, does he? Why, we might build an arena over in Alameda."

Berger: "Don't intimate that Jeff and Johnson have pulled anything the public isn't in on. We are all honest gentlemen in this matter. If we wanted to do anything crooked we could have met before we opened the bids, couldn't we? Everything is above board with us. Do you think we'd stain our reputations doing underhand work? No, sir! The men will fight, and they'll fight on the level, and Jeff thinks that he will surely win. That's us."

'TEX' RICKARD HAS MADE AND LOST FORTUNES

George L. Rickard, who is better known in sporting circles as "Tex" Rickard, in conjunction with Jack Gleason, will, as has been announced, handle the heavyweight championship battle between Jeffries and Johnson, which is scheduled to take place on the fourth day of next July.

Rickard, as all who know him will readily concede, is not a piker. Whenever he has set out to accomplish a certain purpose he has always gone the limit. He has never stopped at the half-way post. He'll turn his money loose in chunks rather than lose out, and that is what won for him on this occasion.

Take, for instance, the Gans-Nelson fight, which he promoted at Goldfield. Rickard offered a $30,000 purse for the battle, which the fighters and their managers willingly accepted. A short while before the day set for the battle to take place Billy Nolan, who was managing Battling Nelson at the time, went to Rickard and demanded an additional $2,000 for training expenses. Rickard protested for a while against the obvious hold-up, but Nelson gave him the alternative of kicking in with the money or there would be no fight.

Rickard of course kicked in, but like a true sport he went immediately to Gans and told him what Nelson had forced him to do, and without any solicitation whatever on the part of Gans handed him $1,000 to do with as he pleased. "It would not be hardly fair," Rickard told Gans, "to give Nolan $2,000 for training expenses and overlook you." Gans took the money and thanked Rickard profusely for the same.

"Tex" Rickard has had a varied career. Although he is called "Tex," which would indicate that he is a Texan, such is not the case. He was born in Kansas and his family moved to Texas and settled on a cattle ranch when "Tex" was very much of a kid. "Tex" grew up on his father's ranch, which was located a short distance from Henrietta.

"Tex," however, managed to save his scalp and in time developed into a full-fledged cowboy, capable of earning $30 per month and his keep. The town of Henrietta decided one day to make him City Marshal. This position carried with it the magnificent salary of $75 per month. "Tex" accepted the job with many misgivings, for the reason that a good deal was expected of a City Marshal in those days and "Tex" had some doubts about his ability adequately to perform the duties of the office. But he took a chance and made good, and he's been taking a chance ever since.

"Tex," however, did not stick to the job very long, for a cowboy friend of his had gone to Dawson City, on the Yukon River, in Alaska, and wrote back, advising him to come with as little delay as possible as the country was full of gold. "Tex" was soon on his way to the far North. He didn't even notify the Mayor that he intended to quit, for fear of being laughed at for getting the gold fever. He left with a half month's pay coming to him and didn't send in his resignation until after he had reached Dawson.

After putting in a year or so on the Yukon River, during which time he accumulated quite a good-sized bankroll, he went to Nome, which had suddenly developed a mining boom. "Tex" opened up a saloon and gambling house on a large scale and did a thriving business while he remained there. After two years at Nome he decided he had enough money to go into business at some point within the limit of civilization and set out to find the place. He finally located in Seattle and once more opened up a saloon and gambling house, in which faro bank was the chief game. The limit dealt was a big one and as the game was a consistent loser the bankroll soon faded away.

About this time rich gold discoveries were made in Nevada and "Tex" hiked out for the new El Dorado, bringing up at Goldfield. He located a number of rich properties and went to mining and in a short while was in possession of another bankroll of prodigious size. He again tried his luck with a saloon and gambling house and opened up the Great Northern, which for the first two years is said to have netted him a profit of $10,000 per month.

BOXING NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

No dates have been settled on for the several rehearsals of the Jeffries-Johnson championship battle that will undoubtedly be held before the men enter the ring on July 4.

* * *

Local sporting men have almost unanimously agreed that the big fighters agreed to split all the money evenly at that secret session. All hands think, too, that the articles that really bind the men to fight were not made public.

* * *

Barry is willing to give either of the men challenged a side bet if they want it, and he has a bunch of coin up, showing that he means business.

* * *

Stanley Ketchel, the changeable scrapper, makes two announcements. One is that he will fight Bill Papke in this country, and the other that he has accepted McIntosh's offer to go to Australia for three battles.

* * *

Wolgast has a twelve-month campaign mapped out for him, and in April will go to Europe with Jones.

* * *

In spite of their "enmity," it was reported that Jeff and Johnson had their heads very close together during the secret confab, and that they know pretty well how they stand.

* * *

Jim Barry writes that he is not an Italian, but of Irish-French descent. He also writes that he is still waiting for Kaufman, O'Brien or Ross to come through and accept his challenge.

* * *

Now that Jeff has ducked Kaufman and Johnson has sidestepped Langford by signing articles that keep them from fighting before the big show, it might be a chance to earn some coin for the other heavies to get busy.

BILL M'KINNON FIGHTS JACK TWIN TO-NIGHT

Bill McKinnon, the Roxbury blacksmith, will meet Jack "Twin" Sullivan substituting for Sailor Burke at the Armory A. A. to-night as the Tar at the last minute claimed that he had injured his hand and would not be able to enter the ring. In the minds of a good many fight followers it looks like a case of cold feet on the part of the New Yorker when he learned how well the Twin was going at present.

The meeting with McKinnon will settle one dispute of long standing as the last time he met the Twin he had the better of the bout, but only got a draw. It's also up to the big Twin to show that he has more class than the popular Roxbury slugger.

There won't be any idle seconds when the pair get the word judging by the way the last match went, and Twin is more aggressive than he ever was in his life, while McKinnon always shows that kind of stuff.

Eddie Shevlin, who meets Tommy Furey in the semi-final bout, has a hard contract to fill. The latter besides being clever is a rough, hard hitting boxer. Shevlin has never met such a boxer, and to-night's bout will be a good test of his abilities.

The curtain raiser, which will bring together Bud Fredericks, featherweight champion of Uncle Sam's Navy, and Bobby Tickle of Providence is certain to start some excitement.

HARTIGAN IS NEW CAPTAIN

This year's Boston college football eleven met in the locker-room of the college "gym" yesterday afternoon and elected a captain for next year's team. Edward M. Hartigan, '11 of South Boston was elected unanimously to lead the team on the gridiron next season.

Hartigan, who will be a senior next year, has played for two years on the B. C. team at center. Last spring he played center field on the ball nine and also ran on his class team in the interclass games at the college last Winter.

After the election of Hartigan to the captaincy the following men were awarded the letters: Captain George Pierce, '10; William Lynch, '10; Edward M. Hartigan, '11; William Flaherty, '11; James Welch, '11; William Bailey, '12; Dan Hurld, '12; Francis Barren, '12; William Hunt, '12; James Donahue, '12; Francis Harrington, '12 and James Shaughnessy, '12.

George E. Leonard, '11, of Beachmont who was first assistant manager of this year's team was elected manager for next year in place of Leo M. Supple who graduates from the college in June. Leonard's assistants for next year will be elected at a later date.

BIG TIM WILL HOLD BIG FIGHT STAKES

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—State Senator Timothy D. Sullivan, better known as "Big Tim," was appointed permanent stakeholder for the Jeffries-Johnson match today. All the forfeit money, amounting to $40,000, has been deposited with Sullivan by consent of all interested parties.

AL DELMONT WINS FROM BIZ MACKEY

By making a strong rally in the last round saved Albert Delmont a defeat at the hands of Biz Mackey of Cleveland in their twelve-round bout at the National A. C. last night. The visitor showed that he is some fighter by holding the lead in the first five rounds. His rugged milling was too strong for the local boy, who did his best to hold him off, and he excelled at long range boxing, as Biz was full of business when he got in close and was always wading in with both hands going. He had a good looking left till Delmont found that he could beat him to the same punch.

It was heavy going from the first round both trying to land a punch that would do damage quickly and pave the way for a knockout, and Mackey put some jaw breakers across in the early rounds that appeared bad, but Delmont pulled out from getting into any serious trouble.

It took some time for the lefts Delmont handed out to do their work, but Mackey gradually felt their sting and began to fall off in the power of his rushing tactics while Delmont was coming stronger each successive round. Much depended on the showing Delmont made in the final round as Mackey went along at a strong gait and might have pulled out a draw, but Delmont spoiled all that by making a hurricane finish in the final session and nearly got Biz by the short route, as he scored a knockdown, but the Clevelander was too strong.

It was Mackey's first appearance in this city and he made an excellent impression before the fight fans.

Young Billy Shevlin, a brother of Eddie, the clever hard-hitting sailor boxer, made his debut in the pro ring, meeting Danny West, who is one of the toughest in his class. West claimed he hurt his hand in the fourth round and refused to continue, Shevlin getting the award.

Joe Gent, the ex-amateur, after a long absence from the ring, got in [illegible] again by beating Jack Grant of [illegible] Boston in a preliminary canter. Gent's win was a popular one, as Grant got himself disliked by some nasty tactics.

BE YOUR OWN SALESMAN

I have hundreds of styles in single suit patterns and overcoat patterns, and I intend to close them out regardless of their former prices, $35 to $40.

I will have 50 styles of these goods in my open doorway today, where you can see and handle them without solicitation. Be your own salesman—make a selection yourself—then call one of my cutters and be measured and the price will be

7.75 for Suit or Overcoat To Order

SPECIAL NOTICE

Doing a business as large as mine, it is an absolute impossibility to personally meet every customer, although such is my desire, because I realize that employing a big staff of salesmen, cutters, etc., it is only natural that into mine (as well as any large business), various small causes of complaint may occur. I want to eliminate this if possible, and with that end in view I have established a department to take care of such things, which will be under my presonal observation. If you have complaint of inattention, etc., on the part of any employe, I would greatly appreciate the courtesy of a communication addressed to Mitchell, The Tailor, Dept. A.

MITCHELL THE TAILOR **305 Washington St.** Open Evenings
335 Essex St., Lawrence 319 Westminster St., Providence

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Mellow and Palatable

OLD CROW RYE

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Domestic and Imported Wines, Liquors, Beers, Etc.

I CURE MEN!

ADVICE FREE. Hours, 9-8, Sunday, 10-1.

SPECIALIST ALL DISEASES AND WEAKNESSES OF Young, Middle Age and Old. **Blood Poison** cured in the quickest possible time. **Ulcers**, recent or old, healed. **Nervous Debility**, weak back, melancholy cured. **Urinary, Kidney**, and bladder complaints, gravel, skin disease **quickly Cured.** No cutting, no pain, no loss of time. I cure to stay cured in shortest time possible and furnish all treatment. My charges are reasonable. Pay as able. Ordinary case, $2. A written guarantee to cure curable cases.

DR. KILLORY, 91A Court St. Near Crawford House

What I Have Done For Others

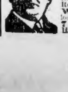
In restoring them to health I can do for you. I have been curing stubborn and deep-seated Blood, Nervous, Skin and Chronic Diseases for many years. Don't give up hope.

Consult me at once and be cured.

Dr. Joseph Grady

238 TREMONT ST., BOSTON

Hrs. 10-12, 2-5, 7-8. Sun. 10-12. Advice free.



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Specialist in acute and chronic diseases and weaknesses. **I cure to stay cured.** Blood Poisoning, Nervous Debility, Urinary Diseases. Responsible parties can **PAY ME WHEN CURED.** No pain, no loss of time. **Dr. ROTHFUCHS, 7 Park sq.,** near Boylston St. Hours 9-8. Sunday 10-1.

Dr. Hallock's Free Remedies For Men

Dr. Hallock's [illegible], a cure for nervous and physical debility, loss of memory, mental anxiety, melancholy, dark rings under the eyes, wasting vital [illegible], [illegible] effects of overwork or excesses, weak back. Has restored thousands. A single package proves their great invigorating qualities. Makes men powerful, virile, magnificent, giving strength, courage and reserve nerve power. These good results are permanent and lasting. Our remedies will accomplish what all weak men desire. $1 per box at druggists. A $1 box sent free for trial by mail only, on receipt of 10 cents to pay postage.

Dr. Hallock's [illegible] Capsules for Bladder and Kidney Troubles, inflammation, relieved in 24 hours. Superior to copaiba, cubebs and injections. Don't pay big prices; send for a box of these capsules and cure yourself at home, $1 at office or by mail, in plain package.

All acute and chronic diseases and weaknesses from whatever cause arising. Rupture, Piles and all diseases of the nervous system, blood, bladder and kidneys, treated and cured to stay cured by expert specialists. Consultation free. Our medical book on all diseases should be read by every one; sent free. Send for it today. You will be a better man by reading it.

Office hours, daily 9 to 9; Sundays, 10 to 1.

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Office located 60 years at the same old stand, corner Court and Stoddard sts., one minute's walk from Scollay square toward Bowdoin square. Oldest in the country, and always reliable.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. [illegible]

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Big G The remedy for Catarrh, Colds, Hay Fever
The Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio U. S. A.

Inflammations, Irritations or ulcerations of all mucous membranes, and discharges from the nose, throat or other organs.

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Dr. James C. Ady Physician and Surgeon. Cons. Free & Confidential. Medical and SURGICAL SPECIALIST AND EXPERT in all Acute and Chronic Diseases in MEN AND WOMEN; ABSCESSES and Tumors of the Breasts. Hysteria. Blood Diseases, Nervous Debility and Weakness. SKIN ERUPTIONS, Urinary Diseases &c. Cures Guaranteed. Graduate 1878. Moderate Fees and prompt attendance on Emergency cases. 10-9, Sunday 10-8. Suite 1, 90 Berkeley St.

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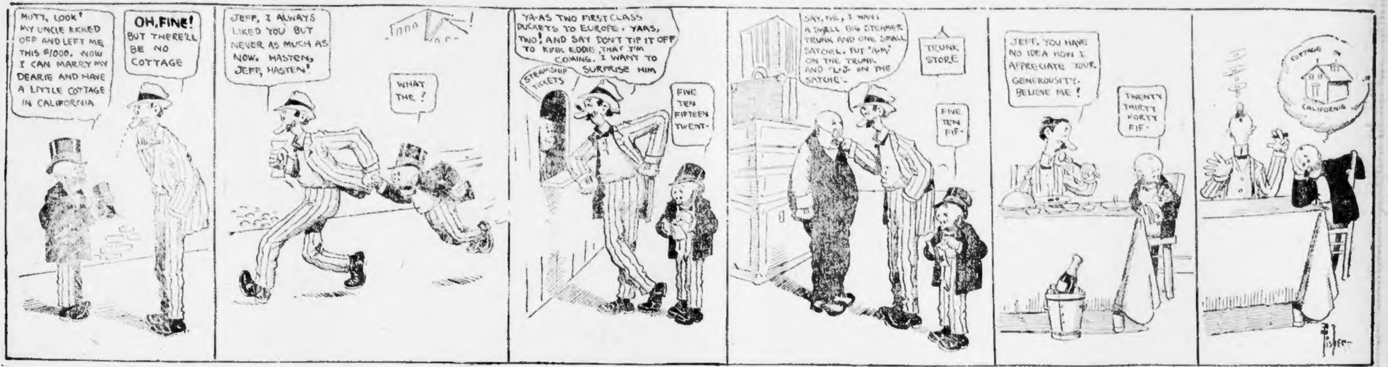
All diseases of men and women.

M'KINNON TO BOX JACK TWIN; BURKE QUITS

BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTS

TEX RICKARD MAN OF THE HOUR IN FIGHT GAME

A. Mutt Figures That a Little Sea Air Will Do Jeff Good—By "Bud" Fisher


MUTT, LOOK! MY UNCLE KICKED OFF AND LEFT ME THIS $1000. NOW I CAN MARRY MY DEARIE AND HAVE A LITTLE COTTAGE IN CALIFORNIA
OH, FINE! BUT THERE'LL BE NO COTTAGE
JEFF, I ALWAYS LIKED YOU BUT NEVER AS MUCH AS NOW. HASTEN, JEFF, HASTEN!
WHAT THE ?
YA-AS TWO FIRST CLASS DUCKETS TO EUROPE. YAAS, TWO! AND SAY DON'T TIP IT OFF TO KINK EDDIE THAT I'M COMING. I WANT TO SURPRISE HIM
STEAMSHIP TICKETS
FIVE TEN FIFTEEN TWENT-
SAY, PAL, I WANT A SWELL BIG STEAMER TRUNK AND ONE SMALL SATCHEL. PUT "A.M." ON THE TRUNK AND "L.J." ON THE SATCHEL.
TRUNK STORE
FIVE TEN FIF-
JEFF, YOU HAVE NO IDEA HOW I APPRECIATE YOUR GENEROUSITY. BELIEVE ME!
TWENTY THIRTY FORTY FIF-
COTTAGE IN CALIFORNIA
Fisher

CANTILLON TO DECLARE WAR ON BAN JOHNSON

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—Joe Cantillon, former manager of the Washington Senators, will open war upon President Ban B. Johnson of the American League at the annual meeting of the major organizations in New York next week, using as a weapon the signal tipping scandal in which the New York Yankees and the Detroit Tigers were involved.

Cantillon will demand that some action be taken in the scandal, according to Doc Eddington who was trainer of the Senators last year when Cantillon was manager.

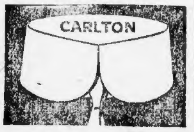
Late in the season the New York Yankees were accused of tipping off the battery signals of the Detroit players to the Highland batters.

Upon complaint being made to President Johnson he put investigators to work but has given out no verdict.

SYRIAN KID GIVES HEUSTON A RUN

That Syrian Kid can play some pool, as he gave Champion Tom Heuston a close chase at the White Bear yesterday, and while the Kid got 125 balls Heuston corralled 116. This is the first block of their handicap match of 500 to 400 points. The second block went 125 to 53, in favor of Heuston. The third block will be played this evening.

This afternoon Jimmy Knowles will play the champion. The Syrian Kid received the fancy cue that was offered to the player that made the best showing against the champion last week. The latter won by only three balls over the Kid in their game.



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ARROW CUFFS, 25c. a Pair

Pfaff's Beer

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RATHSKELLER UNDER THE AMERICAN HOUSE

Dine late and long if you wish. Don't hurry — ask for particular things done in a particular way.

Good Music fills in the time it takes to prepare your order

OPEN TILL MIDNIGHT

STRAIGHT DOPE FOR SPORT FANS

THERE IS A GENERAL IMPRESSION abroad that Sailor Burke quit cold out of his match with Jack Twin Sullivan at the Armory A. A. to-night. He says he hurt his wrist in training and maybe he did. However, it will be a good show anyway, as Bill McKinnon, who always hands out the best he has, is billed to go on as a substitute for the Sailor. Jack Twin will beat him, but there will be a fight, or I miss my guess.

THERE WILL BE ANOTHER HOWL from the New York sporting writers about the "Boston decision," for Al Delmont, a local boy, won last night at the National A. C. over Biz Mackay, who hails from out of town. You get it nowadays every time a local boy gets as good as a draw, but take it from me Delmont won the bout all right. He didn't have a great deal to go on, but there was no other decision the referee could have handed out.

I SEE BY THE MORNING PAPERS that John Dovey has again not sold the National League baseball club. I know that Mr. Dovey will be gratified to know this. From what he told me, and I never knew him to tell me wrong, he has no idea of selling, but he wouldn't feel right for his day's work if he didn't read that he hadn't sold out.

CAN YOU BEAT THIS? HERE'S A man who admits in almost every line that I'm right in my estimate of Jeffries and his chances, yet he figures it out that we should boost the former champion's game because he was a great fighter in his day. After seeing Jeff at the Armory the other night I am convinced that Jeff's fighting days are over. He may have one good fight left in him, but I don't believe it. The writer says Jeff is there with the bunk, and he is sorry he hasn't got it. He also says we should give the old fighter the best of it for what he once was. I don't see it that way. I am trying to hand you out a line of straight dope, and it certainly wouldn't be straight if I said Jeffries could whip the negro, when I don't think he has more than a chance at best. Read this and you will see how small minds reason.

Straight Dope, Boston American:

Your most impartial column is being spoiled with the constant knocking of the big fellow.

Everybody knows that ten years added to twenty-four of his makes a big difference in the vital forces of a human being. While we must all believe Jeff cannot come back to a point where he left the game, I do believe he is sincere and believes he is as good as ever. You know it is hard to believe ourselves going back. We can never admit it. It must be [illegible] very much so with a rugged man like Jeff not to believe it.

Jeff quit the ring in the hey-day of his success, and ever since he retired you sporting writers and promoters have been trying to drag him out to fight some dub or another. Now that you have got him out, lay by the hammer and wait. Show a Christian spirit and wish him well. You say you would like to see him win. If this is so you are boosting the coon's game by trying to make the public and Jeff as well, believe that he is all-in. No man was ever made successful by discouraging handouts.

When Johnson whipped Burns (who was a second rater) Jeff comes from retirement and says I'll fight him if I can get in shape, and take it from me he means to do it. What has he done to destroy public confidence in his sincerity?

Johnson whipped Burns, which seemed easy enough. It was a crime to match Stanley Ketchel with him. And even at that Stanley put him down, and then lost by going for him wide open to finish him.

Even Sandy Ferguson put his glove on Johnson's anatomy (knee as well) over at the rink. If Sandy could I believe Jeff can, and with more steam.

I am sure Jeff is sincere, and if he is not he is lucky to have a bunk to hand to the public so successfully. I wish I had it. Possibly that is what ails the sporting writers—jealousy.

Let's wish him luck. Let's hope he will take to training very soon, enter the ring in the pink of condition and knock the block off the coon in about eighteen rounds. If he is unable to get into condition he will not fight, and the coin he is gathering to-day will help him to enjoy life. 'Tis better thus than to give benefits to help the once mighty gladiator, should he go down and out. Help to bring him back with good cheer. You wouldn't tell a sick friend he was dying, would you? And even with it all, I don't see any mention of any coin that wants covering that has been put up by the people that don't believe he will enter the ring. Very truly,

AN ADMIRER OF WHITE MEN.

HERE'S ANOTHER ABOUT JEFFRIES that might interest you. That abdominal exercise was all right and is a hard stunt to do, but it will be pretty hard to make me believe that Jeff didn't do the best he could in the remainder of his show:

Straight Dope, Boston American.

Dear Sir—If space and time permits, would you kindly [illegible] myself and friends on the following argument: Has it occurred to you that the poor showing Jeffries made at the recent exhibition at the Armory A. A. might be part of a carefully laid scheme to influence the betting on the championship battle? Does it seem probable that a man that could do that abdominal exercise as Jeffries did so easily could be in such poor condition that the short sparring bout would cause such effects? Trusting that you may answer this, I remain, respectfully yours,

Reader. H. J. R.

Straight Dope, Boston American:

Please answer me a question by telling me if Johnson and Jeffries appeared on the same stage in Madison Square Garden on the same night, not together. Answer in Dope column.

P. GALLAGHER.

No. 101 Garden street, Lawrence, Mass.

Johnson and Jeffries showed in Madison Square Garden last Wednesday night, from the same stage, but not at the same time.

MIKE TWIN SULLIVAN HAS BEEN matched to fight Jack Carrigan at Pittsburg on the 14th of this month. The Twin says he never heard of this fellow Carrigan before the match was proposed, and that he understands that he is a miner. Jack Munroe was also a miner, and as most fighters from the coal region are soft, Mike should pick up enough money to buy all friends Xmas presents. Oh, you miner!

Straight Dope, Boston American:

Dear Friend—I wish to state through you that from present indications basket-ball is to be as popular this Winter in Cambridge as it has been in the years that have rolled by when we had the famous Institute and C. G. A. teams. This year the fans are looking forward to a very successful season for the Sacred Heart Five, who showed last season that they must be rated with the best in their class, (120 pounds) as they scored decisive victories over the second team of the St. Marys of West Quincy, who had a claim in for the State championship; the strong Winthrop A. A. quintet which was composed of the high school players; the Auburn Academy Juniors, who were beaten twice, and the St. Joseph second team of the West End, who the whole season were beaten only by the Cadets.

There are yet quite a few open dates on each schedule, and 120-pound teams who offer the right kind of inducements will be readily taken on. As the Sacred Hearts have no home court, all games are to be played away from home. Address,

JOHN D. CROWLEY,
P. O. Box No. 5,324, Boston, Mass.

P. S.—All games were played on foreign courts last year.

J. MAHONEY, BOSTON.—HARRY Lord did not play with the Athletics. The Lord with Philadelphia was an outfielder, and his first name was and still is Bristoe. I believe he is now with Cleveland.

Straight Dope, Boston American:

Kid Sacks of the Burg Village A. A., Dorchester, is out with a challenge to any 110-pounder. He has won decisions over such men as "Dent" Hurey, "Spike" Woodward, "Happy Jack" Murphy and Kid Harrington. Address all letters to

JAMES L. SIMPSON,
No. 120 Whitfield st., Dorchester, Mass.

Straight Dope, Boston American:

Most every evening I see in your column a challenge from a lot of youngsters that think they want a fight. I have a kid under my wing that is ready to take on any boy in the business who can make 105 pounds three hours before the quarrel, and I am willing to make a bet of any part of $500. This kid is Steve Mumps, and he has a string of k. o.'s as long as a country road, but not so crooked. He has met and defeated such men as Larry McGaff, Sidney Cribb and Owen Flekel, winning over all by the k. o. route. If anyone wishes to accept this challenge, post their change with the sporting editor of the Boston American and it will be covered inside of three hours. Thanking you for your valuable space, I remain,

MARTIN WELCH (Manager).
Haverhill, Mass.

Nearly everybody in Boston reads the AMERICAN.

CUE EXPERTS TO PLAY ON COAST

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Calvin Demarest of Chicago, who recently won the world's professional championship at 18.2 balk line billiards; Albert G. Cutler of Boston and Harry Cline of Philadelphia, two of Demarest's unsuccessful competitors, will meet all comers at San Francisco in January; and Alfred De Oro, the three-cushion champion, will accompany them under the management of "Eddie" Graney, who was a losing bidder for the Jeffries-Johnson fight.

TY HAS NINE HOMERS.

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—The American League, which yesterday gave out its official batting averages, announced to-day that Tyrus Cobb of Detroit, who led the league in batting, should have been credited with nine home runs instead of seven, while the number of his two-base hits should have been thirty-three instead of thirty-five.

KLING WINS A POOL.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 7—Johnny Kling, the former holder of the world's championship title, defeated Bennie Allen in the second block of the 1000-point match by a score of 97 to 35. Kling now has a lead of 76 balls over his young nephew. The score for the two games is 202 to 126.

ROLLER POLO RESULTS.

At Providence—Providence 8, Pawtucket 0.

At Fall River—Fall River 4, Waterbury 1.

At Brockton—Brockton 12, Taunton 3.

1915 PALMROOM

Italian Table d'Hote 50c Including Wine 65c

From 5:30 to 8:30. Sundays 1 to 8.

A la Carte par excellence.

Highland Ladies' Orchestra (Best in Boston) 6 to 12.

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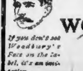

If you don't see Woodbury's Face on the label, it's an imitation.

For That Natural Beauty-Tint Use

WOODBURY'S Facial Soap

VANDERBILT TROPHY NOW IN BOSTON

By J. C. KERRISON.

The cup, the car and the man famous in the Vanderbilt trophy contest are now in this city. The Alco car which won the trophy on the Long Island course, and the trophy itself are now on exhibition at the Park Square Automobile Company salesrooms in the Motor Mart.

This is the first time the Vanderbilt trophy has ever been in this city, and it is, to say the least, attracting no end of attention. The Alco car that won the cup is in the identical condition that it was at the close of the contest when Harry Grant relinquished the wheel a winner of the blue ribbon motor event of America. The car is the same car that did battle in the Lowell contest, and which, by the way, Grant has driven in several contests this year.

The cup, a massive silver affair, occupies a prominent position in the salesroom, and together with the car itself presents a most formidable appearance.

Charles J. Glidden, donor of the Glidden trophy, has announced his willingness to agree to any proposition for coming contests that may suit the A. A. A. and the Manufacturers' Contest Association. The chances are that the trophy will be laid on the shelf and that future contests will be along somewhat different lines than those which have gone before.

The method, although not the object, of the tour will be materially changed, and hereafter the tour will be known as the A. A. A. annual endurance contest. It is proposed that at the close of this run each entrant shall be furnished with a certificate of performance made in accordance with rules adopted by the manufacturers, but no trophy will be awarded to any contestant.

J. J. Kelleher has given the motor industry the go by and is now playing with the lambs and the bears along State street, he having become identified with J. E. Gilereast & Co. Jack Kelleher is one of the old timers in the local industry, having for years been identified first with the bicycle and later with the automobile industry. The past two years he has been acting as traveling salesman for the Ajax Greiber Company, makers of the Ajax tires.

* * *

Perhaps no feature of the motor car lighting system has received more scientific attention than the burners for acetylene gas. The array of novel and more or less complicated burners designed to provide the proper mixture of air, whether the flame be high or low, is quite astonishing. The many different shapes and the queer ways in which the holes are arranged in the standard types show the diversity with which the problem has been approached by different inventors.

It has been found that to get a burner that will introduce the proper amount of air into the gas, whether the flame be turned high or low, is a problem which staggers the greatest experts in acetylene gas matters. Some burners which work perfectly when turned on full carbonize very rapidly when turned low. It is much the same problem that is found in the carbureter practice of regulating the proportion of air and fuel at different rates of flow.

BOUTS AT MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 7.—Boxing is to be resumed in Milwaukee with a show on December 17. So strong has been the demand that the promoters have been aroused and plans are on foot for the prying off of the lid, which has been clamped on tight for over a year. The bouts will be conducted under the same conditions as in Philadelphia.

WRIGHT & DITSON

SKATES, SWEATERS SLEDS, TOBOGGANS ..and..

XMAS SUGGESTIONS

Wright & Ditson

344 Washington St.

Send For Catalogue

DARTMOUTH BASKET TEAM ON THE FLOOR

HANOVER, N. H., Dec. 7.—Twenty men responded to Captain Frank Brady's call for basketball candidates at Dartmouth. Among this number are three regular and several substitute members of last season's varsity and four regulars of last year's freshmen team.

Although as yet it has not been officially announced, a well substantiated report has it that Ben Lang, captain of the 1907 and 1908 basketball team and the hero of a number of Dartmouth football and basketball games, will receive the appointment as basketball coach. He and Captain Brady had charge of the men during this afternoon's practice.

The following men reported as candidates: A. A. Ricker, '10; A. E. Richmond '12; R. S. McCarthy, '11; C. E. Gibson, '10; W. F. Hart, '11; E. E. Mensel, '12; W. G. Kimball, '11; F. A. Brady, '10, captain; also J. J. Conroy, '11; J. H. Dingle, '10; J. A. Mullen, '11; John Ryan, '11; J. E. McPherson, '10; H. S. Harmon, '12; R. E. Whitney, '12; H. S. Pierce, '11; C. W. Orr, Jr., '12; W. T. Jones, '12; D. W. Jones, '12, and B. A. Hoban, '12.

M'KAY TO LEAD BROWN IN FOOTBALL

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 7.—James R. McKay of Youngstown, Ohio, will lead the Brown football eleven to battle next season. He was elected by a unanimous vote captain of the team for 1910. He was the sole candidate and his election had been discounted for weeks.

McKay will be a senior next year, and has been the mainstay of the 'varsity in the position of halfback for two years, after putting in one season on the freshman eleven.

Tours and Travels.

California via Colorado

Ever tried it in Winter?

Every one gives first place to the California via Colorado Route for magnificent scenery but many people think that in winter they must avoid this route or be snowbound. A great mistake, for in Colorado there is more sunshine than in Florida and less snow than in any state east of the Missouri River—there is less delay from snow blockades on this route than on the other and less attractive ones.

Through Pullman Standard and Tourist Sleepers daily from Chicago to California via Denver and Salt Lake. Parties under personal escort through from Boston every week. Write me for particulars.

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ZBYSCO LOSES MATCH.

QUINCY, Ill., Dec. 7.—Zbysco failed to throw George Turner of Kellogg, Ia., twice in [illegible] minutes. He got the two falls in fifty minutes.

O'LEARY AGAIN A TIGER.

DETROIT, Dec. 7.—Charles O'Leary, utility player with the Detroit American League Baseball Club, to-day signed a contract for next year.

Theatres.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

HENRY RUSSELL .... Managing Director

Wed. Eve., Dec. 8, at 8. MADAME BUTTERFLY. Mmes. Nielsen, Freeman, Swartz, Rogers, Leveroni, Pierce. MM. Leliva, Fornari, Giaccone, Pulcini, Archambault, Mogan, Rizzi, Balestrini. Cond. Conti.

THURSDAY EVE., Dec. 9, at 7:30.

LOIE FULLER and her MUSES in the BALLET OF LIGHT, followed by DON PASQUALE. Mme. Nielsen, MM. Bourrillon, Tavecchia, Fornari, Mogan. Cond. Conti.

Fri. Eve., Dec. 10, at 8. RIGOLETTO. Mmes. Lipkowska, Leveroni, Pierce, Rogers, Swartz. MM. Constantino, Baklanoff, Nivette, Perini, Pulcini, Giaccone, White. Cond. Conti.

Sat. Aft., Dec. 11, at 2. MADAME BUTTERFLY. Mmes. Nielsen, Freeman, Swartz, Rogers, Leveroni, Pierce. MM. Leliva, Fornari, Giaccone, Pulcini, Archambault, Mogan, Rizzi, Balestrini. Cond. Conti.

Sat. Eve., Dec. 11, at 8, at Popular prices. RIGOLETTO. Mmes. Davenport, Leveroni, Pierce, Rogers, Swartz. MM. D'Alessandro, Fornari, Archambault, Perini, Pulcini, Giaccone, White. Cond. Lazzatti.

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In the Play That Electrified New York.

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Seat Sale Today, Including Christmas.

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KLAW & ERLANGER Present

MAX ROGERS (OF THE ROGERS BROS.)

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THE YOUNG TURK

WITH MAUDE RAYMOND

Two Weeks Beginning Monday, Dec. 13

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The New and Original Comic Opera

MISS MOLLY MAY

With GRACE LARUE And JACK GARDNER

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MAXINE ELLIOTT

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By Mrs. Henry de la Pasture

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Berkeley St. and Warren Ave.

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Hits! Hits!! Hits!!!

Why did people miss trains yesterday afternoon? Answer—

CARTER DeHAVEN

ELEANOR GORDON

BOBBY NORTH

GUS EDWARDS' SCHOOL BOYS AND GIRLS

AND

"Slivers," Nichols Sisters, Village Choir, Gordon Eldrid & Co., Apdale's Animals, Come early. See them all

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Daily Mats. 2 P. M. Reserved Seats, 25c, 10c. Eves. 8 P. M. Good Orch. Seats, 50c.

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Bring the children to see BLAKE'S CIRCUS, with the unridable mule, "MAUD'S SISTER."

CONSUL, the Man Monkey, will be here in the flesh the week of Dec. 20.

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In Channing Pollock's Successful Comedy,

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SEAT SALE TODAY

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Evenings & Sat. Mat. ....25c to $1.50

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THE JOLLY BACHELORS

A Mid-Winter Musical Review Employing 200 Persons. By the collaborators of New York's Reigning Success, "THE MIDNIGHT SONS," Glen McDonough, Raymond Hubbell, Ned Wayburn.

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THE CIRCUS MAN

By E. W. Presbrey with

MACLYN ARBUCKLE

PRICES 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

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Avenue Girls, a dapper bunch of winners, Joe Flynn, the parody king, and crackerjack variety. Always something doing from 1 till 11. SMOKING ALLOWED.

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BOWDOIN SQUARE THEATRE Daily 2 and 8

"WAY DOWN MAINE."

Including a Moving Picture Display. Any seat in the house 25c. Next week, "Daughters of the Poor."

Mirandy on Man's Chief Virtue

"You can take hit from me, chile, dat a man can have all the virtues an' yet ef he has de dyspepsia he is wuss to live wid dan a sore-headed bear"

By Dorothy Dix

TEACHER SAID TO TAKE THIS ONE
YUM YUM!

"My choice is de nice cheerful sinner what can wrop himself in rich things to eat widout any after effects."

"WELL, sir," said Mirandy, "de foolishness of young gals, an' de way dey is full of foolishness, beats me. Yassum, I specs dere ain't nothin' else on de face of dis round yearth dat has got as little sense as a gal befo' she cuts her wisdom teeth on matermony.

"Dat's so, an' de way she looks at a man, an' thinks about de kind of qualities dat she'd lak to have in a husband befo' she gits married an' de way she looks at him, an' thinks of the kind of a husband dat she wishes dat she'd got after she's been married about two years, makes me think about dese heah 'Before and After Taking' pictures in de patent medicine advertisements.

A "Gal" and the Human Ostrich

"You know how dey looks. One is all po' an' scrawney, an' bald headed, an' got on de year befo' last clothes, whilst de odder is fat, an' sassy, an' got a pompedore, an' about fo' pounds of puffs, an' scrumptious clothes. Yassum, matermony suttenly does wuk a change in de way dat you look at a man, an' hit's a pity dat a woman ain't got dis hind sight when she is pickin' out a husband instead of gittin' hit after hit's too late to do any good.

"What make me say all dat is dis—de odder night my gal, Ma'y Jane, was a readin' in de paper about dat man in St. Louis what dey calls de Human Ostrich, what eats tacks, an' iron filings, an' things lak dat.

"De paper says dat 'mongst de folks what comes to see him was a woman who, as soon as she sees him makin' a real hearty meal off of truck lak dat, says, 'Dat's de kind of a husband I've been a lookin' for. He's de man I'd like to cook for. Me for him.' So she set her cap at him, an' caught him, an' dey got married right off de reel.

"'De idee,' sclaimed Ma'y Jane when she read dat; 'I don't see how any lady could unite herself in matermony wid sech a dreadful creeter!'

"'Sho',' says I, 'dat woman had good, hard, horse sense. She knowed what she was about when she picked out a husband dat could really relish tacks. I bet she was a widder woman, 'case no gal or ole maid would have had dat much gumption.'

"'Well,' spons Ma'y Jane, wid a high an' mighty air, 'de very thought of marryin' a Human Ostrich disgusts me.'

Don't Take a Man with Dyspepsia

"'Honey,' says I, 'dat shows you is young an' inexperienced, an' ain't had to wrastle wid de wareferences of de masculine stomach, becaze ef you had, you know dat de whole peace an' happiness of married life depended on yo' husband's appetite an' digestion.'

"'C'ose dat ain't de topiofical way dat folks talk about hit. Dey prognosticates dat a woman is done well for herself, an' got a good husband, ef she's married a man dat's honest an' faithful an' industrious, an' dat divvies his pay envelope fair wid her of a Sat'dy night; but you take hit from me, chile, an' I'se had thutty years sperunce in de holy estate, dat a man can have all de virtues, an' be one of dese heah shinin' examples, an' yet ef he has got de dyspepsy he is wuss to live wid dan a soreheaded bear.

"'Yassum, for choice, give me a nice cheerful sinner, what can wrop hisself around a roast possum, an' a dozen sweet potatoes, an' a mince pie an' never hear tell of 'em agin, insted of one of dese heah weak tea an' toast saints, dat lives on health food messes, an' grouches at eve'y thing dat eve'body does.

"'Yassum, I dunno as dere's anythin' dat would endear a man to me mo' dan for him to be one of dem what eats what is set befo' 'em, an' passes no remarks on de cookin'; for ef dere is anythin' dat is calculated to rile a peaceable woman, hit is to burn herself up over de cook stove a-fixin' up good things for a husband what says, 'Do you call dis soup, or is you ladlin' out de dishwater by mistake?' Or, 'Hit's a strange thing to me dat you can't never learn to make biskits lak my Maw used to make.'

Pick Out One With An Appetite

"'I'se seed mo' dan one set of perfectly good chiny busted up over a man's haid befo' his wife learned him not to make dem discontemptious remarks about her cookin'.

"'Darefo', my chile,' I goes on, 'you'll save yo'self a lot of trouble an' hard feelin', an' maybe yo' husband a trip to de horspital, if you'll pick out one of dese heah fellers what's always hongry an' dat eve'ythin' tastes good to, when you goes to select a husband. You won't have no trouble in cookin' for him, nor to stand fo' no back talk from him.

"'But when you runs acrost one of dese heah mincin' men what knows whats good for his stomach an' what ain't, an' dat totes pepsin gum in his pockets, don't you have him, not if he was made of gold, an' his hair was strung with diamonds. For dere ain't nothin' dat can pay a woman for havin' to live wid a cantankers husband wid de indigestion.'

"'Furdermo',' I goes on, 'don't you never marry a man dat don't love to eat, becaze dere ain't no way dat you can wuk him. As long as a man has got his appetite he's jest dough in his wife's hands, an' she can do what she wants wid him. All she's got to do is jest to fill him up wid his favorite dishes, an' he's dat ca'm, an' saterfied dat she can go through his pockets widout his sayin' a word, or he'll agree to anythin' becaze he is too stuffed to argerfy. But dere ain't no way to smooth down a man what don't enjoy what he eats, an' whose food sours on his stomach an' curdles his temper.

A Well-Fed Man Is Happy

"'An' mo' dan dat, daughter,' I says, 'as long as a man loves to eat, an' you knows how to cook, you has got him. You needn't never be afraid of any of dese heah affinities as long as you has got de fryin' pan on your' side. You don't hear about no fat man, dat looks real well fed, gittin' a divorsch from his wife, no matter how ole an' ugly she gits. Hits dese heah men dat ain't got no appetites, an' dat nothin' don't agree wid, dats always a runnin' around lookin' out for somebody else dan de one dey is tied to.'

"'When I marry,' says Ma'y Jane, 'I shall consider de man's heart an' not his stomach, an' de state of his affections, not his digestion.'

"'Hugh,' spons I, 'when de Good Lawd made a man's stomach bigger dan his heart I reckon He knowed what He was about. Ef you look out for de digestion, de affection will take care of hitself.'"

MANICURE LADY IS KIDDED

"IT'S pretty hard to be a working girl sometimes," said the Manicure Lady, bending over her table, as she resharpened her orange sticks. "It's pretty tough, George.

"Look at that dancing girl, De Foe, or De Flo, or De Dough, or whatever her name is. All she has to do is to leap madly onto the stage for a few weeks, pull the old famous Salomy stuff, bring a saint's head out on a platter, or a snake around her neck, and get letters from a gent with plenty of coin.

"Honest to goodness, George, if I thought I could get a love letter from one of the rich guys I would dance with rheumatism in every joint of my body.

"It didn't use to be that way, George. Girls won the affection of their liege lords because of their beauty and social standing.

Dancing for Love Letters

"In the good old days back in England, Egbert the Great used to take Ethelreda past the drawbridge down to the weedy tarn, where he plighted his troth, or trothed his plight, or something like that. He never expected her to be a dancing girl first."

The Head Barber threw down the pink paper that he had been scanning. "Well, well," he said, "what is all the big noise about?"

"I suppose I'm just a little gloomy today, George," the Manicure Lady went on. "It seems hard to be a slave at the wheel of labor, when one might get out and dance for love letters."

"You wouldn't get on very well in the game," said the unfeeling Head Barber. "You are too fat to dance for the big leaguers. There's plenty of girls your size and weight dancing in the burlesque houses, my dear."

"Don't talk that way to me about my size and weight!" the Manicure Lady exclaimed, "and don't you call me 'dear,' either. I might have known that when I began talking to a common barber I was casting my diamonds in front of dogs.

"It's hard to be a girl and have to stay in a place like this all day, with a lot of yaps that can't understand her when she is in a mood. I ain't always in moods, heaven knows, but when I have a mood I look for a little brotherly sympathy and encouragement."

No License for Moods

The Head Barber grinned sarcastically. "Manicure girls ain't got any license having moods," he said. "I never knew one that had a mood and got away with it. The nearest I ever knew was a girl in our old shop back in Milwaukee. Her name was Ethel. She tried hard to have a mood, but the best she could do was to have a tense. I think it was one of them present tenses, but I ain't sure."

"Easy with that whip!" said the Manicure Lady. "It cannot be possible that I have sank so low that I am being kidded by a barber. Goodness me, if I thought that I was being made ridiculous by you, George, I would rush out on the street this minute and marry the first man I met that uses a safety razor. A man with a name like George wouldn't even have to propose to me."

"That's right, get red in the face, I guess I got your goat that time, kid. Mercy, girls, look at her rave! Go on, now, Georgie, and after you get all through scraping off bristles go home to-night and tell your wife and children that you kidded the Manicure Lady."

Winter's Advance

By WILLIAM TOYNBEE

SUMMER is clean ebbed out, and Autumn dies
Forlorn, of her appointed pageantry
Swiftly bereft. Across the sodden lea
The shuddering wind proclaims in fitful sigh
The imminence of sunforsaken skies
And sylvan barrenness; for, breaking free
From duress, to his wrested tyranny
Winter returns in minatory guise.

The woods loom wan; the once delightful ways
That thread the countryside a desert seem,
Haunted by phantom flowers and ghostly lays;
While in the valley's depth the quickening stream
With troubled murmurousness a dread betrays
Of hill-flung torrents that with frenzy teem.

SHE BLAMES IT ON TO ME

By KENNETT HARRIS

IF we are going to a show, I generally say
"We ought to start by six, you know, so hustle right away."
She answers with a little frown, "There's no such rush, I guess,
And really you must give me time to put on my new dress.

I go and struggle with my studs, I tie my lawn cravat,
I get into my evening's duds and find my folding hat.
I sink into an easy chair and smoke a cigarette
And then I holler up the stair. But she's not ready yet.

I get the evening paper next and read it through and through.
Of course I am a little vexed, but this would auger you.
I ask her, "Are you ready, dear?" just as I had before,
And she replies, "Yes, very near. I'm just a moment more."

In deep disgust I seek my den, that cozy sanctum whose
Seclusion is so precious when I want a little snooze.
I nap a little as I lie, then wake and hail my frau,
And cheerfully she answers, "I am nearly ready now."

But even after this delay I know I've time to spare,
And so I get the cards and play a game of solitaire.
I finish and decide that she's to get another hail.
She hollers back, "Be patient, please. I'm trying on my veil."

She comes at last. It's striking eight. I get out mighty quick.
But at this point I have to wait to find my gloves and stick.
We're late—a half an hour or more. I knew that we would be.
But, what makes me so cursed sore, she blames it on to me.

THOSE MARTYRED HUSBANDS

By BEATRICE FAIRFAX

NOW what do you think of this?

What do you think of it?

Below is a letter from a husband, a "martyred" husband he calls himself. Here is his letter:

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

Have mercy on us poor husbands and hearken unto our prayers.

For now is the glad Christmastide at hand, when we must accept loving gifts from our wives and show our loyalty by wearing them in public and thus brave the deadly jibe of our fellows.

Now, indeed, is the Winter of our discontent. Miserere nobis!

"The Blazing Neckties"

From all blazing neckties, knitted by loving hands, may we be delivered; from gaudy hose, striped like the plaid of a Kiltie, spare us, Oh adviser of the women folk, and last, but not least, preserve us from the deadly box of perfectoes which the cigar man worketh off on our better halves, and for which we suffering husbands—to add insult to injury—have to foot the bill.

Dear Miss Fairfax, when advising the dear women readers what to buy for us, in this glad Yuletide season, pray hearken to the litany of despairing married men.

From the neckties, from the bad cigars and from the loose-fitting jacket, deliver us.

And we—we who have to smoke these things—and wear these things—will always remember thee in our prayers. A MARTYR HUSBAND.

Personally I think a man should be mighty grateful when a woman takes the trouble to knit a necktie or crochet a waist coat.

As for cigars—well, no woman likes cigars, so it's very, very nice of her to buy them.

A Bargain in Cigars

I once found a great bargain in cigars—fifty for $3, I think it was. I gave them to my brother, and his base ingratitude was a sore subject between us for a long time. He gave every single one of those cigars away.

A really model husband should go to his wife at Christmas and say: "My dear, here is a check; go and buy Christmas presents, and don't bother to buy anything for me. I'll take the will for the deed."

But when Christmas morning came, that model husband would be as disappointed as a child if no present from wife were forthcoming.

One woman that I know had a unique way of giving Christmas gifts. She was a member of a large family, who always gathered together for Christmas. She put all her money into one gift, a gift that would be suitable for any one who won it. Then she put as many numbers as there were people present into a hat and each one drew a number. One slip of paper was marked "Merry Christmas," and whoever drew that slip won the present; it was great fun.

Martyr Husbands, Listen!

For the benefit of the "martyred husbands" I would suggest that they make a list of the things they most want, and then give their wives enough money to buy any one thing in the list.

Naturally a wife wants to give her husband a nice present.

A woman knows nothing about cigars; she is at the mercy of the dealer. So it might be a good thing to cut the cigars out entirely.

As for neckties and socks, the average man likes quiet colors. Handkerchiefs are always useful; so are gloves.

It is very hard to find suitable presents for men. With women it is quite another matter; there are thousands of trifles suitable as gifts for women.

The wisest thing, after all, that a wife can do is consult her husband before she buys his Christmas gift.

If he chooses it himself, he can send out no plaintive wail of being a "martyred husband."

GOT THE FIGURES MIXED

The gentleman at the foot of the stairs—Greatesh difficulty getsh here 't all. F'got whether you told me t' have two drinks an' come home at 11 or elevensh drinks an' come home at 2.

Through the Wall

By CLEVELAND MOFFETT

(Copyright, 1909, by D. Appleton & Co.)

CHAPTER XXVII

The Diary

COQUENIL'S effort during the next month might be set forth in great detail. It may also be told briefly. He secured a position as a stableman in the household of Baron de Heidelmann-Bruck and by bribing a valet gained entrance to the Baron's rooms, opened a safe and found a remarkable diary.

With a thrill of triumph, Coquenil seized upon the volume. Then, closing the safe carefully, without touching anything else, he returned to his room in the stable. His purpose was accomplished, and now he had only one thought—to leave the hotel as quickly as possible. It would be a matter of a few moments to pack his modest belongings. Then he could rouse the doorkeeper and be off with his bag and the precious record.

As he started to act on this decision, however, and stole softly down to the courtyard, the detective paused and looked at his watch. It was not yet 3 o'clock, and M. Paul, in the real burglar spirit, reflected that his departure with a bag at this unseasonable hour might arouse the doorkeeper's suspicions; whereas, if he waited until half past five the gate would be open and he could go out unnoticed. So he decided to wait. After all, there was no danger. The Baron was away from Paris, and no one would enter the library before seven or eight.

While he waited Coquenil opened the diary and began to read. There were some four hundred neatly written pages, brief separate entries without dates, separate thoughts as it were, and as he turned through them, he found himself more and more absorbed until, presently, he forgot time, place, danger, everything.

"I have kept this diary because it amuses me, because I am not afraid, because my nature craves and demands some honest expression somewhere. If these pages were read I should be destroyed, I understand that, but I am in constant danger of being destroyed any way. I might be killed by an automobile accident. A small artery in my brain might snap. My heart might stop beating for various reasons. And it is no more likely that this diary will be found and read (with the precautions I have taken) than that one of these other things will happen. Besides, I have no fear, since I regard my own life and all other lives as of absolutely trifling importance.

II.

"People draw back at the idea of murder because they have been taught that there is something horrible about it. What nonsense! There is nothing more horrible in killing a man than in killing a dog.

III.

"Last night (July 4) I shot a man (Martinez) at the Ansonia Hotel. I observed my sensations carefully, and must say that they were of a most commonplace character. There is really nothing so tame as shooting a man.

IV.

"I have the most tremendous admiration for myself, for my courage, for my intelligence, the use I have made of my opportunities. I started as the son of a broken down nobleman, my material assets being a trumpery title. My best chance was to marry one of the vain and shallowing rich women of America and by many brilliant manoeuvres in a most difficult and delicious campaign, I succeeded in marrying the very richest of them. She was a widow with an enormous fortune that her husband (a rapacious brute), had wrung from the toiling thousands in torturing mines. Following his method, I disposed of the woman, then of her daughter and came into possession of the fortune.

"I am afraid of this girl's dreams. I can control her body, and when she is awake I can more or less control her mind; but I cannot control her dreams. Sometime when I look into the depths of her strange beautiful eyes, it seems to me she knows things or half knows them with some other self. I am afraid of her dreams!"

Coquenil had reached this point in his reading and was pressing on through the pages utterly oblivious to everything when a harsh voice broke in upon him—"You seem to have an interesting book, my friend?"

Looking up with a start, M. Paul saw de Heidelmann-Bruck himself standing in the open doorway. His hands were thrust carelessly in his coat pockets and a mocking smile played about his lips, the smile that Coquenil had learned to fear.

"It's more than interesting. It's marvellous; it's unbelievable," answered the detective, quietly. "Please shut that door. There's a draft coming in."

As he spoke he sneezed twice and reached naturally for his coat, as if for a handkerchief.

"No, no. None of that!" warned the other sharply. "Hands up!" and Coquenil obeyed. "My pistol is on you in this side pocket. If you move I'll shoot through the cloth."

Coquenil was overpowered by a drug.

CHAPTER XXVIII

A Great Criminal

AS Coquenil came back to consciousness his first thought was that the adventure had brought him no pain. He moved his arms and legs and discovered no injury. Then he reached out a hand and found that he was lying on a cold stone floor, with his head on a rough sack filled apparently with shavings.

Finally he spoke aloud in playful reproach: "It's a pity, Baron, to write in that wonderful diary of yours with a lead pencil."

Instantly there came the scraping of a chair and quick approaching steps.

"How did you see me?" asked the harsh voice.

Coquenil smiled toward a faint light, but kept his eyes closed. "I didn't. I haven't seen you yet."

"But you knew I was writing in my diary?"

"Because you were so absorbed that you did not hear me stir."

"Humph! And the lead pencil?"

"I heard you sharpen it. That was just before you stopped to eat the orange."

The light came nearer. M. Paul felt that the Baron was bending over him.

"What's the matter? Your eyes are shut."

"It amuses me to keep them shut. Do you mind?"

"Singular man," muttered the other. "What makes you think I ate an orange?"

"I got the smell of it when you tore the peel off, and I heard the seeds drop."

The Baron's voice showed growing interest. "Where do you think you are?"

"In a deep underground room where you store the wood."

"Extraordinary!"

"Not at all. The floor is covered with chips of it and this bag is full of shavings."

Coquenil was looking about him wonderingly, noting the damp stone walls and high vaulted ceiling of a large windowless chamber. By the uncertain light of the Baron's candle he made out an arched passageway at one side, and around the walls piles of logs carefully roped and tacked together.

The two men eyed each other keenly.

"Coquenil," said de Heidelmann-Bruck slowly, "I give you credit for unusual cleverness, but if you tell me you have any inkling what I am waiting for——"

"It's more than inkling," answered the detective, quietly. "I know that you are waiting for the girl."

"The girl?" started the other.

"The girl Alice or—Mary, your stepdaughter."

The Baron nodded. "She ought to be here shortly." Then with a quick, cruel smile: "I suppose you know why I want her?"

(To Be Continued To-morrow.)

IF you realized how good and how wonderfully convenient Campbell's Soups are you would never be without them.

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Consommé
Pea
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Julienne
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Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

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HOME MAGAZINE PAGE

Maxine Elliott Makes the Hit of Her Career as "Deborah," the Country Lass

There is something worth while in Maxine Elliott's new play, "Deborah of Tod's," which received its first production at the Majestic and was enthusiastically welcomed to Boston. Miss Elliott is as beautiful as ever, but it was not her beauty that won the audience last night. Her play tells a story and incidentally a moral that is worth receiving. As a pretty country girl thrown into society, and English society at that, with a roue for a husband, her simple, straightforward character wins over those who first laughed at her and makes her the mistress of the situation. And through it all runs a clean vein of comedy, humor that is nothing related to the unsavory for its effect.

Miss Elliott does some excellent acting, marked for its repression and good taste, in this play. Her innocence during the humorous scenes is delightful, and in the places where the tragic appears, for there is plenty of tragedy in this comedy by Mrs. Henry de la Pasture, she carries the audience with her. It would not be too extravagant to say that Deborah is the strongest part Miss Elliott has yet given to her dramatic clientele.

O. B. Clarence, as General Sir Arthur d'Alton, the roue husband of the pretty Devonshire lass, created a character part that is destined to bring him the same success in America that he has achieved in his native England. Though many times a rake, he made the audience forgive him for his weaknesses, so human did he make them. And in the humorous scenes he shared the honors with Miss Elliott. Miss Rene Kelley, as the younger daughter of the General and the most sophisticated of a sophisticated family, was admirable. She is extremely graceful, and her slight beauty made a splendid foil for the majestic appearance of the star.

Donald Calthrop, as Benjamin Corella, deserves special praise for carrying an unpleasant part and holding the favor of the house. There is nothing particularly lovable about the role he assumes. But his acting is good, and the audience on the opening night seemed especially able to separate the acting from the part.

The atmosphere of the whole play is refreshing, a relief from the marriage and divorce problems that have assumed the lead on the modern stage. The marriage problem enters into it, but in a cleaner way than American theatregoers have become accustomed to have it. The company as a whole is strong, and the play seems to be about the most worth while thing that Miss Elliott has done in a long while.

The star received a number of merited recalls after the third act, to the last of which she appeared leading by the hand Mrs. de la Pasture, the author. An individual recall was accorded the playwright, who thanked the audience in dainty phrase for the reception of her work.

Castle Square.

Shakespeare's five-act comedy, "The Taming of the Shrew" was the attraction at the Castle Square Theatre. John Craig and his stock company gave a satisfactory rendition of the play before a large and thoroughly pleased audience. The revival in Boston of the famous comedy was a complete success and the stock company once again demonstrated its capability and the frequent applause showed how well the audience liked the ambitious efforts of the players under Mr. Craig's leadership. Mr. Craig, as Petruchio, gave an artistic impersonation of the character as delineated by the master playwright. Miss Young as Katherine, the shrew, showed her art in the scenes where she drifted almost imperceptibly from the woman of violent, uncontrolled temper to the docile, contented, happy wife. Mr. Meek in the drolleries of Grumio was a revelation and his splendid work was thoroughly appreciated. Miss Binley was as beautiful a Bianca as Boston theatregoers have seen in years. The setting of the stage was in thorough keeping with Mr. Craig's policy of doing everything carefully and well.

Keith's.

Carter de Haven, Eleanor Gordon, Bobby North, Gus Edwards's school, "Slivers," Nichols sisters, Village choir, Gordon Eldrid and company and Apdale's animals —Can you beat it? Well, they're all at Keith's Theatre this week. Carter de Haven, who said he could "sing some, could dance better and wore very good clothes," made good. Hans Hanke, his German accompanist, came in for no mean share of the applause, at that. They're an entertaining team.

Eleanor Gordon, who is well-known here as one of Boston's favorite stock company members, had a skit, clever it was, entitled "Tips for Taps," and she scored. Gus Edwards's "School Boys and Girls" in a little opera called "Graduation Day," went off with a whirl of cheering and laughter. "Slivers," Barnum & Bailey's famous clown, was just as funny on the stage as in the ring. Gordon Eldrid and his company in "Won by a Leg," won well-deserved applause. The Nichols sisters in black-face comedy were funny, and that's not stretching the fact.

American Music Hall.

A half-dozen stellar acts and a half-dozen more that would be head-liners in any other than an extraordinary bill [illegible] to the offerings at the American Music Hall. Julian Eltinge, Boston's own, is back with the best of his old songs and some excellent new ones. His dancing and his portrayal of feminine folly and frivolity were never better. His gowns, hats and accessories are gorgeous. The especial hit of his new offerings is the "Cobra Dance," a sort of thirty-second cousin to the "Salome" whirl.

Joe Welch is back. Ordinarily that would be enough to say about him. But Joe Welch this time is even better than he ever has been before. New songs, new stories and new clothes—or rather new old ones—make his Hebrew impersonation set the best it ever has been. Staley and Birbeck, musical blacksmiths, offer a transformation act that in itself ought to make them headliners. Their musical act is novel and entertaining. Blake's Circus has as one of its chief features a mule alleged to be unridable. Her name is "Maud's Sister." Maud's Sister met her Waterloo last night, however. A plucky youngster climbed on the stage and accepted the offer of a cash prize if he could stay on the animal's back for a minute. He won, but no one else offered to follow him. Fred Hallen and Mollie Fuller in "A Lesson at 11 P. M.," the Kohler trio, opera singers; Cardowne Sisters, dancers, and the De Vole Trio, comedy acrobats, make up the rest of the bill.

Grand Opera House.

"The Girl from U. S. A.," a musical drama in three acts, opened at the Grand Opera House last night before a large audience. The story deals with an American girl who in Paris forms a friendship with a Parisienne, Vivienne De Voltone. An intrigue on the part of the Turkish ambassador results in the abduction of Vivienne. The American girl, "Jack" Powers, follows into the Turkish harem to rescue her and the climax comes in the second act when she makes the attempt to save Vivienne.

The play is filled with thrilling episodes which are relieved by dashes of comedy. A number of catchy melodies sung by the pretty chorus girls enliven the performance. Cleo Marshall, who played the leading woman's part, "Jack" Powers, showed herself an actress of ability. Ethel Van Orden as Vivienne was delightful. The specialty numbers are presented by the four English Madcaps and the Leland Comedy Four.

Colonial.

"The Young Turk," in which Max Rogers is starring and Maud Raymond is making a big personal hit, began its second week last night with a big audience. The jokes and quirps of Rogers, the coon songs of Maud Raymond and the singing and dancing of the chorus make the show successful.

Tremont.

Miss Elsie Ferguson began her second and last week at the Tremont Theatre yesterday. Her charming personality and wonderful character delineation of a young queen dethroned and living in a Harlem flat have made "Such a Little Queen" a great success and it is playing to big houses.

Hollis.

Hattie Williams as Detective Sparkes still holds forth at the Hollis. In the character of Athol Forbes Miss Williams is dashing and versatile and carries the piece along with her own personality. The climax of the third act is extremely amusing.

Boston.

"The Circus Man" began its second week last night at the Boston. It seems to be settling down for a successful season. Maclyn Arbuckle is sufficient to insure the success of any piece, and in this he has a character part which fits him to perfection.

Park.

"A Gentleman from Mississippi" has at last reached the end of its long run. Only this week and it will be obliged to go upon the road. The members of the company have lived in Boston so long that they feel they belong here, and there is no diminution in the public demand to see the play.

Globe.

"The City" is still at the Globe and creating a most profound impression. There are so many good points about this play that it is hard to specify the best, but the great scene at the end of the second act is still as potent in effect as ever.

Bowdoin Square.

There was an unusually large audience at this theatre last night to see the first performance of "Way Down Maine." Charlotte Hunt and Frederick Van Rensselaer played the leading roles in their usual finished manner, and Dudley Hilton, who has been absent on account of illness, returned to the company and was well cast. The moving picture show between the acts made a big hit.

Howard.

"The Avenue Girls," with twenty of the prettiest girls who could be found, entertained the patrons of the Old Howard yesterday. Will Cohan and Dick Black, two of the cleverest funmakers in the business, were right on the job, and John Burke made them all laugh.

Gaiety.

"The Lid Lifters" are the attraction at the Gaiety, and last evening lifted the lid of this popular playhouse to a degree seldom reached in Boston. Maud Elliston headed the bunch and made a hit. The opening burlesque is a spicy entertainment called "A Night's Frolic," and the concluding number is "A Hot Night in Palace." A Japanese troupe was a feature of the excellent olio.

Columbia.

Burlesque with a big B was the offering at the Columbia last night, when the Brigadiers struck this popular house. There is some class to the Brigadiers, who offer a bunch of comedians and so many pretty girls that the eyes are dazzled. The olio was a hummer, with May Orletta and Fred Taylor as the big hit, though the Bartolettis made them go some. A very lively show was the verdict.

Hub.

The headliner at the Hub this week is "Electra, the Grecian Goddess of Fire," with special scenery. Other features are Demonio and Bell, grotesque singers and dancers; Fielding and Walker, in an amusing sketch called "Try It on Herman;" and the usual attractive Mills Brothers' moving pictures.

Scenic.

The show at the Scenic this week contains numerous bright vaudeville acts as well as a fine line of moving pictures. The ladies' orchestra is always a popular feature.

Comique.

"The Life of Moses," a great biblical moving picture, is the feature of the Comique this week. "The Geisha Girl Who Saved Japan," is another excellent film. The talking pictures continue to make a hit, while the illustrated song acts also please.

Grace La Rue a Hit.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., Dec. 7.—A large audience at the Grand Opera House last night pronounced "Miss Molly May," a new comic opera by Julian Edwards and Walter Browne, an unqualified success. Grace La Rue in the title role scored an unmistakable hit. James E. Sullivan was very funny and Harry Truax scored with his fine baritone. The costumes were the most artistic, costly and beautiful ever seen here. The composer directed. A large delegation of New York theatrical people, among others F. C. Whitney, Louis F. Werba, Isadore Witmark, Bert Levy and Miss Louise Dresser, were present.

STAGE STAR WHO SCORED SUCCESS AT THE MAJESTIC

MAXINE ELLIOTT

The Yellow Circle

By CHARLES E. WALK

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CHAPTER IX.

Miss Gervaise Takes a Hand.

THE surprising developments of the past few hours, the unforeseen divagations characterizing the events during that time, had so filled Cole's mind that he quite forgot his determination to pay Miss Letitia Leonard, Dorothy Day's aunt, a call.

While Leconte Gibbs, Foster Cole and the remainder of Miss Day's acquaintances had never been inspired by the elderly duenna with any considerable regard for her importance, quite a different impression has been produced in Miss Edith Gervaise's mind. It was natural, the obvious thing to do, to regard the delicate appearing little lady, with the bobbing gray curls and tremulous manner, simply as a necessary adjunct to Miss Day's menage; her presence or the mere assurance of her being somewhere in the background was a sufficient deference to the proprieties, and this constituted the sum total of her consequence.

Miss Edith, however, had been affected far differently by Miss Letitia. Perhaps because she was Dorothy Day's closest friend she had been afforded greater opportunities of observing the older lady, and what she had observed had produced a peculiar, if not surprising, result; the two were barely civil to each other. Women are quick to read one another where their interests are concerned; Edith Gervaise had turned her luminous eyes upon Miss Letitia, and what she read had made her uneasy.

It may be that she read wrongly; but in frail Letitia Leonard she deemed a force, an impulse, inimical to her friend; a potentiality none the less dangerous by reason of its being veiled.

Edith Has Suspicions

Edith had resolved to discover, if she could, whether Letitia Leonard knew aught of her niece's disappearance. Being able now to surmise the frame of mind in which these two ladies were likely to meet, it is fair to hazard that Miss Edith's task was not to be a simple one.

But events fell out differently from what she could by any possibility have anticipated.

There was one other member of Miss Day's household whose presence there was always reassuring whenever Miss Edith was assailed by doubts of the aunt. This was an elderly spinster, Sarah Kemp by name, and—if the numerous signals which she constantly displayed were to be believed—a virago by nature. She was the very antithesis of Miss Leonard. Tall, gaunt, big-boned; with eyes deep-set, black and burning, a forbidding countenance and a waspish utterance, Sarah Kemp was an awe-inspiring figure likely to strike terror to the hearts of timid souls.

It will be sufficient here to state that this extraordinary woman's association with Miss Day began with the girl's birth; she had been her mother's playmate when the latter was a girl.

Edith Pays a Visit

In a very short time after Mr. Cole's departure a smart scarlet runabout was waiting at the front door; in no time at all worth mentioning Miss Edith sat with the steering wheel in her small, gauntleted hands, and the gay equipage was purring merrily away over the inviting asphalt toward Miss Day's.

Sarah Kemp herself opened the door, and the instant she recognized the caller the forbidding look melted from her eyes, the sternness from her harsh countenance, and she surprised Miss Edith by bursting suddenly into tears.

"Why, Sarah!" exclaimed that young lady. "What's the matter?"

Miss Kemp was much too strong-minded to yield to any ordinary emotion, and Miss Edith had never regarded her otherwise than as an exemplar of austere inflexibility, with maybe one tender corner in her heart which she never for an instant permitted to reveal itself.

So she stared at this new, this unfamiliar Sarah Kemp until the old lady reached forth a hand and drew her, not very gently, across the threshold.

"Excuse the liberty, Miss Gervaise," the gaunt housekeeper articulated between sobs, "but I couldn't stand there in the open door and make a holy show of myself for the benefit of Mrs. Whitlock Rogers across the way, watching not to miss anything that goes on in this house.

"And—say what you will, Miss Gervaise—this is a house of sorrow. I have managed to keep a bold front—just as though everything was as it should be—till I saw you, and then I simply couldn't help it. Oh, it's hard for an old woman like me! I'm so glad, so glad you've come, Miss Gervaise—so glad!"

Edith strove sturdily to quiet the poor soul, though she was very near to tears herself.

"Do not worry, Sarah; we cannot help matters at all in that way. I and all the rest of Doherty's friends are doing everything we can to find her and bring her back again, or at least to discover what took her away so strangely, and I am sure we shall succeed. You must help us—you and Miss Letitia. Where is she?"

Tears were so foreign to Sarah Kemp's nature that she quite succeeded in calming herself by the time Miss Edith finished, and at the mention of Miss Letitia the severe features fell into grim lines.

"What is it?" cried the girl in alarm at this sudden change.

Now Sarah Kemp's conduct before replying was of a nature further to inspire fear in her caller. She went over to the door and peered down the hall and then tiptoed with infinite caution to the foot of the stairs, where she paused, her gray head cocked in an attitude of listening. After a pause, during which Edith could almost hear her own heart beat, she tiptoed back again to the girl and whispered into her ear:

"She prowls!"

"Prowls!" gasped Edith, her own voice subdued to a whisper by the other's manner.

Sarah Kemp, after another furtive glance over her shoulder, nodded with vigor.

"Prowls," she repeated, "like a cat; she's at it all the time. If you will come to my room with me, Miss Gervaise, I'll tell you about it."

(To Be Continued To-morrow.)

CUT GLASS

for Christmas. Rich, heavy cuttings of finest quality. Best values and assortment in New England.

SMITH PATTERSON CO.,
Wholesale and Retail, 52 Summer St., Boston.

SOCIETY

By ELIZABETH ELLIOTT.

Quite the gayest and most exclusive of debutante festivities this season is the dance which that most charming of all Boston young matrons, Mrs. Edward D. Brandegee, is giving to-night at her beautiful country estate, "Faulkner Farm," in Brookline, in honor of her pretty young debutante relative, Constance Zerrahn.

The affair is so exclusive, in fact, that there is almost general heartburning among the lads, only fifteen have been asked and many of those are so much in sympathy with their friends who have been overlooked that their otherwise cloudless sky has been overcast. But they are all young, and amid such gloriously lovely surroundings as are afforded by the Anderson home, I know all else will soon be forgotten and their young hearts will soon start bounding in time to the music of the dance.

Less than one hundred couples are to participate in the gaiety and the majority of these will be the younger married set, though fourteen of Miss Zerrahn's youthful intimates and their cavaliers will be the guests par excellent.

Then, too, another happy feature of the dance is to be the cotillion lead by that most notable of all cotillion leaders, S. Hooper-Hooper and Miss Zerrahn. Some of the daintiest and most exquisitely artistic of favors have been provided.

Dancing continues until 12 o'clock, when supper is served at small flower-decked tables, and after that comes the cotillion. Mrs. Brandegee is entertaining a large house party over the occasion.

Another interesting debutante event to-day is the luncheon which Mrs. Debuchy is giving for M[illegible] Doty, who was introduced at a dance at the Algonquin Club last Wednesday evening.

* * *

One of the most interesting society affairs on the calendar for to-day is the reception which Mrs. Ezra C. Fitch is giving this afternoon at her residence on Commonwealth avenue, in honor of her new daughter-in-law, Mrs. Conover Fitch (Miss Gladys Bogeart of Long Island).

Mr. and Mrs. Conover Fitch have been enjoying several months of European travel and on their return to Boston are making their home in Brookline, where Mr. Fitch's brother and his young wife are also making their home.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Blake of Marlboro street are entertaining quite a large company at their residence this evening. The greater number of their guests are members of the Folk Lore Society.

* * *

Mrs. E. Everett Holbrook and Miss Holbrook are receiving at their home (at the Colonial on Commonwealth avenue), this afternoon. This is the first of the at-homes they have arranged to give this season. The second will be held on December 14.

* * *

Miss Ida Mason and Miss Ellen Mason, who have been having a long season in Newport, have concluded their stay at that resort and are again at their town house in this city. Miss Ellen Mason is the president of the Newport Civic League and during the past year has accomplished many improvements in the town through this organization.

* * *

Miss Mabel Boardman, who is so well known here and who is a sister of Mrs. Winthrop Murray Crane of Dalton and Washington, will entertain at a dinner for young people on December 29, to meet Miss Helen Taft, who will then be at the White House for the Christmas holidays.

Health and Beauty Helps

BY MRS. MAE MARTYN.

Miss Anxiety: It is a bitter confession for our sex to make, but we have to admit that the girl who takes the best care of her complexion and general appearance has the best chance of getting a good husband. You should not be so careless about those blackheads and large uneven pores below your eyes. If you wish to get rid of these troubles, get an ounce of almozoin from your druggist and dissolve it in ½ pint of cold water and add 2 teaspoonfuls of glycerine. Stir briskly and let stand. Apply as you would any complexion cream. I have had friends tell me it was splendid for removing wrinkles. It is unexcelled for massaging, and will leave the skin smooth and pliable. This cream contains no oil or anything that will promote a growth of hair on the face, and I recommend it for chapped face and hands, also for removing tan and freckles.

James J.: Eczema, salt rheum, rashes and similar itching skin diseases are terribly annoying. The best remedy I know of is made in this way: Get from your druggist 4 ounces of lozor and mix with 4 tablespoonfuls of alcohol and a half-pint of water. Shake bottle, pour small quantity upon affected surface and let dry, repeating treatment until eruptions disappear and skin is restored to healthy condition. In general, this remedy has proven very effective.

Katie D.: Never scratch the scalp with the finger nails. To remove the dandruff, stop your scalp from itching and keep the hair from falling out, shampoo the hair twice a month with canthrox and use a hair tonic made by dissolving 1 ounce quinzoin in ½ pint alcohol and ½ pint cold water. This is a splendid tonic for the hair, and if used regularly will keep your scalp and hair in a healthy condition. I find it makes the hair glossy and the scalp moist. It is the best and most refreshing tonic I know.

Harriet W.: If your eyes feel tired and are dull and inflamed, you need an eye tonic. Dissolve an ounce of crystos in a pint of water. One or two drops of this in each eye every day is all that is needed to strengthen your eyes and make them bright and sparkling. This tonic will not smart or burn and is a great aid to those who wear glasses. It makes the eyes appear brilliant and full of expression. A friend of mine, who is on the stage, tells me she keeps her much-admired eyes beautiful by using this tonic. I find it very strengthening to weak, inflamed, dull and tired eyes and for granulated eye-lids.

Miss G. F.: Your letter really amused me. You are entirely too fleshy to be charming. It is no wonder your sweetheart appears to care so little for you since you have grown so fleshy. As a famous actress recently said, "Nobody loves a fat woman." You ought to reduce your weight at least 20 pounds. Even though other remedies have failed, try this: Dissolve 4 ounces of parnotis in a pint of hot water and take a tablespoonful before each meal. This remedy is perfectly harmless and does not require dieting. I am sure it will do you a world of good and enable you to regain your former stylish, slender figure.

Anna R.: (1) Don't use soap when shampooing. It does more harm than good. It makes the hair stiff and leaves the scalp harsh and dry. Try shampooing your hair every two weeks with a teaspoonful of canthrox dissolved in a cup of hot water. I never use any other kind of a shampoo. Canthrox lathers freely and gives a delightful shampoo that dries quickly. It cleans the hair and scalp nicely and stops all irritation. You can get a canthrox shampoo at almost any shampoo parlor, or you can buy canthrox from your druggist and prepare the shampoo at home. It makes the hair soft and glossy. (2) For a genuinely good hair tonic, see answer to Katie D.

Louise L.: Men certainly can't be blamed for admiring pretty women. The woman with a clear, fresh-looking, youthful complexion deserves attention. If you want to get rid of that shiny, greasy, muddy look to your complexion, the next time you go to the drug store, get 4 ounces of spurmax and dissolve it in a half-pint of hot water and add 2 teaspoonfuls of glycerine. This lotion will not rub off like face powder, but will clear up and whiten the skin, make it soft and smooth, and give you a beautiful complexion. I find this lotion excellent for rough, sallow skin, cold sores, tan, freckles and pimples. It costs very little and is unquestionably a wonderful beautifier.

Florence: That tired feeling you have on arising every morning shows plainly that your blood is not in good order. You ought to take a good tonic. The best tonic I know of is made by dissolving an ounce of kardene and a half-teacupful of sugar in a half-pint of alcohol, and then adding enough boiling water to make a full quart of tonic. Take 1 tablespoonful 5 minutes before each meal and before retiring. It will clear up your blood, relieve you of that tired, lazy feeling, give you renewed energy and remove those pimples from your face. This tonic will put your blood in good condition, and make you feel like a new woman. My experience shows this tonic an excellent one for clearing up a sallow complexion, restoring lost appetite, removing liver blotches, skin eruptions, and toning up the system generally.

American Readers Send in Clever Suggestions for Christmas Gifts

Ideas, Ideas, Ideas!

Such a lot of suggestions as are pouring in to the Christmas Editor in the AMERICAN'S latest contest.

New England women from far and near are each day making interesting suggestions.

The contest, which has been running a week and will continue for about two weeks more, is this:

Little Bobbie's Ma wants your advice about Christmas presents, and the BOSTON AMERICAN is giving away $25 in cash prizes to the persons sending in the best lists of five presents, one each for father, mother, husband, grown-up daughter and Little Bobbie, the total cost not to exceed $5.

The prizes will be:

First prize, $5.
Second prize, $5.
Third prize, $5.

And ten $1 prizes for the next best suggestions.

Send your suggestions to the Christmas Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN, Boston. Write legibly on one side of the paper only, and DO NOT pin your letter sheets together.

Here are some of the best replies:

Here's to Boobie's Ma.

Christmas Editor:

Merrie Christmas to father, who is growing old;
Bring a lung protector to prevent taking cold. $1.50
Mother dear, who deserves only the best,
Give books, so she can read and rest. 1.50
The son, who has so much to relate
Needs a spelling book and new slate. .50
To daughter, who wishes her money to retain,
A gun metal coin purse, hung on a chain. 1.00
Hubbie, who is generally out on a lark
Needs a lantern to light him home in the dark. .50

M. C. BUTTERS.
No. 201 Pearl street, Cambridge.

All Home Made.

Christmas Editor:

Here are my suggestions:

For father, smoking jacket—

Four yards thick flannel, 25c. per yard	$1.00
One-half yard silk	.50
Two spools silk	.20
One spool twist	.05
Four buttons	.10
Total	$1.85

For mother, set of table doilies—

One-half yard linen	$ .62
Ten spools cotton No. 36	.60
One crochet hook	.02
Total	$1.24

Cut articles the size of small plate, crochet deep border around edge.

For husband, collar and cuff laundry bag—

Laundry bag	.60
Embroidery cotton	.15
One yard ribbon	.25
Total	$1.00

For daughter, pillow cover—

Pillow cover	$ .10
Embroidery silk	.50
One needle	.01
Total	$ .61

For son, necktie case

Eight large Japanese napkins	$ .05
One sheet wadding	.10
One spool silkatine	.05
Violet powder	.10
Total	$ .30

Take four napkins, baste together, put a thick lining of wadding between, sprinkle powder over wadding, sew all together, work in a fancy stitch, button-hole the edge, join two ends together.

MRS. FRANCIS J. MARSHALL.
Edgartown, Box 46.

"Frivolities" for Ma.

Christmas Editor:

like them just the same.—dSlipd ahisa

Mother, a box of ruching, some pretty collars	$1.25
(Mothers don't usually indulge much in these frivolities, but they like them just the same.)	
Father, four nice linen handkerchiefs with his initial on	1.00
Husband, a magazine a year	1.00
Son, game of bunco and a good boy's book	.75
Daughter, a pair of gloves	1.00
	$5.00

EDITH WALLACE.
231 Hancock street, Upham's Corner.

Chafing Dish Apron.

Christmas Editor:

I am surprised that more of the women who answer your contest do not tell how to make more things. This year I am making dainty, fluffy aprons for a number of my friends, and I think they are very good things to give young girls. I make them of sheer white dotted Swiss with bib and shoulder straps, trimmed with fine tucks and Valenciennes lace insertion and edging. These cost less than a dollar each.

For the list that I suggest:

For sister, chafing dish apron	$1.00
Father, cigar cutter, sterling	1.00
Mother, fancy work apron	1.00
Husband, pipe rack holder	1.00
Bobbie, tool chest	1.00

MRS. EBEN YOUNG.
Webster street, Rockland.

P. S.—I inclose a picture of one of my aprons.

Let Bobbie Play Fireman.

Christmas Editor:

Father, buy material and make smoking jacket	$1.00
Mother, flannelette night gown	1.00
Husband, cigar case	1.00
Daughter, back comb and barrette	1.00
Son, fireman's suit	1.00
Total	$5.00

MRS. J. B. NEVILLE.
No. 27 Shirley street, Roxbury.

Some Original Ideas.

Christmas Editor:

Here are my Christmas suggestions for five dollars:

Father a cane	$1.50
Mother, work basket	1.00
Husband, embroidered shaving pad	.50
Daughter, cologne atomizer	1.00
Son, base ball and bat	1.00
Total	$5.00

ANNA F. LENNON.
406 Broadway, South Boston.

Some Ideas from Lawrence.

Christmas Editor:

The following are my suggestions for appropriate and useful gifts for Bobby's Ma to give to the members of her family at Christmas:

Grandma, three pair fleeced lined stockings	$1.00
Grandpa, pair slippers	1.00
Bobbie's Pa, comb and brush	1.00
Bobbie's Sister, hand embroidered chemise made by Ma, material cost	.75
Bobby, skates	1.25
	$5.00

MRS. FRANK B. LEWIS,
12 Royal street, Lawrence.

Limit Each to $1.

Christmas Editor:

It seems to me that it would be very nice to give each some gift costing $1; then there is no feeling that any partiality is shown, and the consideration and love bestowed with gifts often means more to a dear one than just the gift.

Mother—Pretty shoulder shawl	$1.00
Father—An interesting book	1.00
Husband—Slippers	1.00
Daughter—Stationery	1.00
Son—Box carpenter tools	1.00
Total	$5.00

MRS. J. B. MARSTERS.
224 Massachusetts avenue, suite 4, Boston.

The following women have sent in cleverly prepared lists, all of which will be duly considered by the Christmas editor.

In earlier editions to-day a list of women contestants residing in distant parts of Massachusetts and in the other New England States was printed.

Mrs. R. A. Wolcott, No. 52 Myrtle street, Boston; Miss Marguerite McDonough, No. 24 Brackett street, Brighton; Margaretta M. Shea, No. 23 Tufts street, Charlestown; Mrs. G. E. Rose, No. 8 Longmeadow street, Roxbury; Rose Moore, No. 31 Gay Head street, Roxbury; Mrs. Alice G. Tuttle, No. 27 Glenwood street, Roxbury; Jessie L. Mixer, No. 27 Glenwood street, Roxbury; Mrs. Mary A. Molloy, No. 50 Chestnut street, Charlestown; Mrs. A. Romea, No. 317 West Broadway, South Boston.

Mrs. F. H. Prentiss, No. 74 Gardner street, West Roxbury; Mrs. W. Marsh, No. 10 Arklow street, Roxbury; Ethel M. Champion, No. 24 Orange street, Everett; Laura A. Sawyer, No. 35 Webster avenue, Allston; E. Dorothy Grant, No. 90 Oxford street, Somerville; Vivian Egan, No. 278 Sumner street, East Boston; Jennie Todd, No. 1,588 Centre street, Roslindale; Anna F. Lennon, No. 406 Broadway, South Boston; Helen A. Costello, No. 16 Halleck street, Roxbury.

Mrs. A. N. Whitehouse, No. 36 Cottage street, Wellesley; Catherine A. Farrell, No. 9 Fenton Place, Dorchester; Mrs. Lula Gibbon, No. 28 Windsor street, Boston; Mrs. Christene Olson, No. 582 Windsor street, Cambridge; Mrs. Frank V. Troy, No. 216 Morrison avenue, West Somerville; Grace Lawton, No. 126 Adams street, Dorchester; Agnes Riley, No. 89 Sterling street, Roxbury; Rose [illegible] No. 22 [illegible] street, Roxbury; Mrs. J. [illegible], No. 221 Massachusetts avenue, Boston; [illegible] No. 232 Hampden street, Boston; [illegible], No. 253 Bennington street, East Boston; Stella Young, No. 213 [illegible] street, East Boston.

Mrs. [illegible], No. 2 Ramsey street, [illegible]; [illegible] S. Davis, No. 38 Washington street, Waltham; [illegible], No. 19 [illegible] street, [illegible]; Louise Wilson, No. [illegible]; [illegible]; Mrs. J. H. Eaton, No. [illegible] street, Wakefield; Mrs. Ernest A. Day, No. 41 [illegible] street, Boston; Lena [illegible], No. 144 [illegible] street, South Boston; [illegible]; Bessie F. [illegible], No. 14 Concord avenue, Charlestown; Mrs. J. E. Hayes, No. 37 Union street, Everett; [illegible]; Mary M. O'Neil, No. 102 [illegible] street, South Boston.

Mrs. W. C. [illegible], No. 132 [illegible] street, Roxbury; A. A. [illegible], No. 245 Lexington street, [illegible]; [illegible]; Mrs. L. C. Thomas, No. 28 [illegible]; [illegible]; Amelia Fisher, No. [illegible] South Huntington avenue, Roxbury; [illegible] Cambridgeport; [illegible] No. 589 Franklin street, Cambridge; Mrs. M. Murphy, No. 202 Hyde Park avenue, Forest Hills; [illegible], No. 224 Bowen street, South Boston; [illegible]; Jennie [illegible], No. 120 Paris street, East Boston; [illegible]; Nellie McCabe, No. 26 [illegible] street, Roxbury; [illegible]; Bertha [illegible].

Mrs. [illegible], No. 11 [illegible] street, East Boston; [illegible], No. 104A Centre street, Roxbury; [illegible]; Frank [illegible], No. 1 [illegible], Charlestown; [illegible], No. 168 West [illegible] street, Boston; [illegible]; [illegible], No. 250 Eustis street, Roxbury; [illegible]; Mrs. William J. Blake, No. 8 Cathedral street, Roxbury; Mrs. Florence [illegible], No. 21 [illegible], No. 38 [illegible]; Mrs. D. T. Regan, No. 54 [illegible] street, Dorchester.

Mrs. [illegible], No. 26 Fairlawn? street, Roxbury; [illegible], No. 16 Lafayette [illegible]; [illegible], No. 22 Westminster street, [illegible]; Agnes M. Donahue, No. 2 [illegible], South Boston; [illegible]; [illegible] No. 12 [illegible] street, Mattapan; Mrs. E. [illegible]; Pearl [illegible]; Mrs. L. N. Crosby, No. 31 [illegible] street, [illegible].

Mrs. [illegible], No. 301 Cambridge street, [illegible]; [illegible], No. 200 Water street, [illegible]; [illegible]; No. 214 Cambridge street, [illegible]; Mrs. Victor E. Carlson, [illegible]; Mrs. A. Parker, [illegible]; Agnes Hurd, No. 19 [illegible]; Mabel Bennett, [illegible]; Lillian [illegible], No. 21 Westminster street, Hyde Park; [illegible], No. 41 Westminster street, Hyde Park; [illegible], No. 751 Broadway, Everett; [illegible], No. 43 [illegible] avenue, [illegible]; [illegible], No. 75 Harvard street, [illegible]; [illegible], No. 11A Robin street, [illegible].

Mrs. Otto W. [illegible], No. 50 Norfolk street, Cambridge; [illegible], No. 58 Foster street, Cambridge; [illegible], No. 66 Raymond street, [illegible]; [illegible] M. Holmes, No. 90 [illegible]; Ruth Johnson, No. 309 [illegible]; Mrs. John A. Duncan, No. 8 [illegible] street, East Dedham; Daisy [illegible], No. 8 [illegible] street, East Dedham; [illegible], No. 10 [illegible] avenue, East [illegible]; Mrs. William Fyfe, No. 23 Wade avenue, [illegible]; [illegible], No. 302 Boulevard, [illegible]; [illegible], No. 136 Monroe street, Cambridge; Mrs. M. J. Collins, No. 580 North street, [illegible].

Mrs. [illegible], No. 29 Somerville avenue, East [illegible]; [illegible], No. 175 Liberty street, Lynn; Malvina Brunell, No. 114 Pleasant street, Cambridge; Mrs. Margaret Lane, No. 60 West Water street, Rockland; Miss Annie C. [illegible], No. 34 [illegible] street, Everett; Hannah [illegible], No. 57 Chestnut street, Chelsea; Georgina [illegible], No. 31 Webster avenue, Cambridgeport; [illegible] O'Neil, No. 237 Tremont street, Somerville; [illegible] V. Snow, No. 751 Broadway, Everett; Margaret E. McGee, No. 288 Chester street, Readville; Mrs. A. M. Dennison, No. 88 Guinon street, Waltham; Mrs. C. E. Maguire, No. 6 Beaver street, Cambridge; Nellie [illegible], No. 105 Andover street, South Lawrence; Helen Hughes, No. 8 [illegible] street, New Bedford; Mary Lyons, No. 2,510 Massachusetts avenue, North Cambridge; Elsie Keller, No. 9 Pierce street, East Milton; Mrs. F. E. [illegible], No. 8 Pearl court, Newton; Annie L. Welch, No. 78 North avenue, Natick; Katherine Hamilton, No. 156 Elm street, North Cambridge; Mrs. May Kelley, No. 338 Water street, Quincy; Margaret Murray?, No. 22 Waterloo street, Readville; [illegible], No. 9 Fountain street, Peabody; Nellie E. [illegible], No. 11 Baker road, Everett.

Mrs. A. G. Wilson, Colebrook Springs; Mrs. A. M. Holway, No. 25 Peck street, Attleboro; Mrs. Meyer, East street, North Attleboro; Mrs. Edna McKay, Buzzards Bay; Louise V. Martin, No. 189 Franklin street, Fall River; Mrs. Annie E. Bumpus, No. 94 Forest avenue, Brockton, Massachusetts; Mrs. Jennie Burrell, General Delivery, Brockton; Mrs. Oscar A. Wijerberg, No. 1 Wijerberg? court, Worcester; Mrs. Daniel E. Kenison, No. 17 [illegible] street, Lowell; Bertha M. Meaney, No. 201 Broadway, Lawrence; Mrs. F. H. Clews, Box No. 128, [illegible] Heights.

Mrs. Maurice Caldwell, Atkinson Depot, N. H.; Edna J. Whittier, No. 6 Groveland street, Haverhill; Agnes J. Keenan, Southbridge; Mrs. Emma Wall, No. 162 Division street, New Bedford; Mrs. Frank B. Lewis, No. 12 Royal street, Lawrence; Mrs. Francis J. Marshall, Box No. 46, Edgartown; Margaret Harrington, No. 198 Merrimack street, Lowell.

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A soda cracker in appearance—more than a soda cracker in goodness, freshness, crispness. Moisture proof packages.

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NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

REAL ESTATE BUSINESS IS DULL TO-DAY

This was an off day in the real estate market for sales were very few. This is not an unusual condition following the opening of a new month, as many of the brokers like to report their sales on the first of the month. The volume is expected to increase, however, as to-day's dullness is nothing very serious.

A number of big deals are pending in various parts of the city, and some of these will be closed out within the next few days.

Among the sales reported to-day was that of the three-story swell-front brick residence and 2,000 square feet of land at No. 313 Marlborough street, between Gloucester and Fairfield streets, Back Bay. George R. [illegible] et al. have conveyed this property to Dr. Arthur A. [illegible]. The estate is assessed on a total valuation of $18,000, of which $11,000 is on the land.

Henderson & Ross, Inc., Real Estate [illegible], in the sale for William Howard [illegible] of the lot of land in the [illegible] estate, on [illegible] street, Dorchester, near [illegible] street, containing 4,815 square feet, to Arthur H. [illegible]. The total taxed value is $1,[illegible]. The new owner will improve with a high grade three apartment house.

The sale is reported by Winslow H. Pettee & Son of the one-family frame house at No. 12 Aldrich street, Roslindale, the lot contains 4,287 square feet. The house being new is not assessed. The grantor is George [illegible] and the purchaser Mildred L. Allan, who buys for occupancy.

The Boston & Maine railroad has purchased from Allen M. Richards et al. a strip of land containing 2,946 square feet near the Boston & Lowell railroad tracks, off Medford street, at the foot of Cook street, Charlestown.

COLLEGE NIGHT AT BOSTON COLLEGE

The annual "college night" is held in the music room of Boston College this evening. It takes the form of a reception by the senior class to the undergraduates and alumni. The speakers include Francis J. Carney, '98, of Cambridge; Thomas D. Lavelle, '01; James Carney, E. Mark Sullivan, George Brown and Hugh McGrath. Besides the speakers an entertainment is furnished by the students.

CELTIC CHIEF GOES ON THE ROCKS

HONOLULU, Dec. 7.—The British ship Celtic Chief, bound from Hamburg to this port, went ashore off the harbor entrance. A number of tugs are making efforts to pull her from her dangerous position.

The Celtic Chief is an iron ship of 1,79[illegible] tonnage and belongs to the Celtic Chief Shipping Company of Liverpool.

ROCKEFELLER TO BE COLLEGE SANTA

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—A large Christmas gift from John D. Rockefeller is expected as the result of the trip to be made by officials of the University of Chicago to New York this month. This is declared by Wallace Heckman, business manager and counsel of the university.

"The AMERICAN has the evening 'home' field in Boston exclusively."—Advertisers' Magazine.

ASTOR'S NEPHEW VICTIM OF THUGS

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The police to-day investigated the attack made on William Astor Dayton, nephew of Colonel John Jacob Astor, who was found early to-day unconscious on the sidewalk in front of No. 48 West Fifty-second street. It is declared that he was the victim of a thug. Taken to the Flower Hospital he declared that he was attacked by two men. He was suffering from minor injuries and was taken to his home, No. 56 East Seventy-ninth street.

ELIOT'S DOCTRINE "DILUTED MILK"

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 7.—The Rev. Dr. Henry Collin Minton, former moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly, in an address before the Trenton Ministerial Union, severely criticised Dr. Charles W. Eliot for his famous lecture, "The Religion of the Future." "It is high time," said Dr. Minton, "for the true church to decry affiliation with such diluted milk and water religion as this."

BABY IN DIVORCE SUIT.

Asking for the custody of her daughter, born four days after her husband deserted her, Mrs. May E. Merrill of Avon to-day filed a suit for divorce in the Norfolk Superior Court. She charges that her husband, Frederick Merrill, now of Boston, deserted her on May 1, 1898, and that she has not seen him since. They were married in 1881, and the child was born on May 5, 1898.

Nearly everybody in Boston reads the AMERICAN.

OWN A

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In the Isle of Pines. Escape from the worry and grind of office, shop or factory. Live in a land of flowers, fruits and sunshine, where there is no frost, no snow, no coal to buy. Grow oranges, grapefruit, lemons, limes, pineapples, bananas, figs, pecans, [illegible], cocoa, tobacco, coffee, kumquats, garden truck, etc. Sell them at a profit of $300 to $800 an acre. Ten acres of fertile, frostless, fruit land enough to make you independent in the next few years. The Isle of Pines is 90 miles south of Havana. Only four days from New York by steamer. Mild, delightful, healthful climate the year round. Its famous mineral springs cure rheumatism, stomach trouble, etc. Write to-day for our FREE book telling how you can secure a 10 or 20 acre fruit farm in the American colony of West McKinley for the price of a building lot in the suburbs of Boston. Address DEPT. A, ISLE OF PINES COMPANY.

P. J. EVANS
MANAGER
44 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON

California Oil Stocks

Latest quotations by wire from the Lincoln Mortgage and Loan Co., specialists in listed dividend-paying stocks:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amy	2.00		Monte C.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Amal		75.00	New Pen	.73	.80
Am Pe p	93.00	95.00	Palmer	.77	.78
Am Pe	75.87	76.50	Pine Dis.	[illegible]	.80
Assd Oil	54.50	55.00	Piedmont	.16	.20
Bay City	1.30		Pinal	6.50	11.00
Brook're		1.20	Record	4.00	5.00
Carlton	15.00	15.50	Rice Ran		1.15
Central	1.54	1.55	Rice	2.10	
Clarem't	1.80	1.85	S F & M	27.75	
Columbia	1.16	1.25	Santa Do		3.25
Contin	.36		Sec Six	.50	
Eldorado	.10	.25	Sec 25	15.00	25.00
Esperanza	1.00	2.00	Section	8.00	
Euclid	.60	.75	Shawmut	.16	
Four Oil	.30	.40	S W & B	.50	.75
Fullerton	2.25	3.00	Sterling	[illegible]	4.00
H. Grade		.35	Traders	111.50	115.00
Imperial		32.00	Turner	.65	.80
Lasalle	12.00		Union	103.75	
[illegible]	.25		Union Pe	102.00	103.00
McKittrick	.10		West. Coa	9.00	
[illegible]	67.50		O'Neida	.20	.30
[illegible]	3.25	3.50	Paraffine	1.10	

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Lincoln Mortgage and Loan Co.,
103 Geary street, San Francisco, Cal.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKETS; FINANCIAL NEWS

STATE ST. NEWS FOR INVESTORS

There seems to be no reason to alter the opinion that stocks are a buy on all reactions.

$ $ $

At the moment the market is largely in the hands of professionals.

$ $ $

Public inquiry in the market is increasing, though the general disposition is to wait for a possible break before taking a fixed position for the rise.

$ $ $

Traction stocks seem to be proving the report that J. P. Morgan & Co. have become the dominant factors in both Interborough-Metropolitan and Brooklyn Rapid Transit. All that these stocks need is some assurance that the earnings will go to the shareholders. They always did make enough money to be gilt-edge investments. The old management always blamed the conductors for stealing the dividend, nickel by nickel, but everybody now understands thoroughly that conductors never took very much—that is relatively.

$ $ $

Some of the selling in Amalgamated Copper looks good. Some traders dared to guess that the preliminary report of the merger of copper companies forwarded about a week ago to Attorney-General Wickersham at Washington had not been received favorably. Abandonment of the plan will be signalized with a break of, say 20 points, in Amalgamated. The market quotations indicate no weakness in the copper place.

$ $ $

A report from Washington that President Taft would send a special message to Congress within a few days on interstate commerce problems, and would have a bill introduced embodying his views of what should be done, was given as an excuse by some traders for keeping out of the market.

$ $ $

No apprehension is felt in the Street in regard to the threatened railroad strikes. It is thoroughly understood that wages of railroad employes must be increased, and an increase in freight rates will be part of the deal.

$ $ $

Neither the employes nor the railroads will suffer, and the public can get even by owning stock in the railroads, and in that way getting back on their investments the money paid out in extra freight bills. It is going to be a very simple matter to please everybody. The railroads will give the employes more money and charge it to the storekeepers. The storekeepers will give the railroads more money and charge it to the employes. It will be a game of progressive finance, and in the end everybody will blame the farmers for getting all the money.

$ $ $

St. Louis & Southwestern has been doing so well lately that a pool has become active in it. Earnings are said to justify a 5 per cent. dividend on the preferred in the near future, but traders who follow the advance must remember that the pool already has a handicap of about seven or eight points in the preferred stock. An increased dividend is not expected at the coming meeting.

$ $ $

The bulls insist that Reading is to be put upon a 6 or an 8 per cent. dividend basis at an early date, and that some sort of an extra disbursement is in course of preparation for the stockholders. These alleged developments have been talked about for so long a time, however, that the bears are somewhat skeptical and continue to sell the stock short every time an advance is scored in it.

$ $ $

The depreciation in the stock of the Northwestern Railway since it became known that the issue would again give stockholders rights on a fresh emission has created disparaging comments of the management which are not well taken. Some $160,000,000 has been put in the company in the last eleven years, and, with the exception of the $22,000,000 now in process of expenditure, invested in the new stations and terminal in Chicago, every dollar became immediately productive. In time, of course, this expenditure will be indirectly fruitful. The line is bonded at $22,550 a mile, which looks large in comparison with other lines in the same territory, but the Northwestern's rivals have a larger share capital outstanding, in that they issued stock for their needs when the Northwestern put out bonds.

$ $ $

However, it is the first time in almost a generation that Northwestern stock has depreciated on the announcement of the issue of fresh securities, and were it not that the New York Central and Pennsylvania fared similarly, the inference might not be complimentary to the Northwestern road. But in a time when high-grade bonds paying a good interest are hard to move, it is not surprising that shares, however high the credit of the company, should not be accepted with the same favor as heretofore.

$ $ $

It is announced that the Jane Oil Co. has obtained another valuable lease in the North Midway oil field, consisting of 40 acres immediately adjoining the famous section on which there are now in operation 100 wells. The North Midway field has been further proved by the coming in of a 500 barrel a day well on section 16 on which the Standard Oil Co. is operating.

CROCKER FORTUNE LEFT TO HARVARD?

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—The will of George Crocker, who died in New York Saturday, will reveal, his friends believe, that the millionaire has left a fortune for the endowment of a chair at Harvard for the study of cancer, in the hope of finding a cure. His stepdaughter, Mrs. Philip Kearney of New York, whose husband is a son of General Phil Kearney, was given a handsome wedding endowment.

PARENTS DIVIDE THE HACKETT BABY

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 7.—Mary Mannering and her husband, James K. Hackett, against whom the actress has instituted divorce proceedings, are both registered at the Baltimore Hotel. So far as can be learned, the husband and wife have held no conference, but little Elsie, the five-year-old daughter of the Hacketts, who once caused a temporary abandonment of the divorce proceedings, is dividing time between her papa and mamma.

BATTLESHIP LAUNCH SMASHES ANOTHER

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 7.—The launch from the battleship Minnesota ran down and sank a similar craft from the receiving ship Franklin shortly after midnight. The Franklin launch was smashed amidships and sank immediately. All were saved, but the coxswain and another enlisted man were slightly injured.

SOUVENIRS AT MAYO BALL.

Every guest at the annual ball of the Mayo Men's Social and Benevolent Association to be held to-morrow evening in Mechanics building will be presented with a beautiful souvenir of the Ancient Cross and Abbey of Cong in the County Mayo, Ireland. The American and Irish flags and rich illumination specially arranged by the committee will make the scene one of brilliancy.

COPPER STOCK SLIGHTLY WEAK

STATE STREET, Dec. 7.—Copper shares were slightly weak this forenoon, while the general list showed signs of strength. North Butte puzzles the street, as it is again under manipulative tactics. Free offerings of the stock by the same brokers who were responsible for the late strength tend to create further uncertainty. There is no news, or even gossip, to account for the weakness.

Lake Copper was steady in tone, and after early weakness, which caused a decline from 59 to 58¼, it recovered above 59. North Butte broke from 61½ to 60, with partial recovery.

Amalgamated varied only fractionally, but was quoted around 87 at the noon hour, although there was an absence of activity. It is now said that the copper merger will be delayed and that many changes have been made from the original plans.

American Telephone has recovered from yesterday's weakness and quickly spurted to 140⅝. Sugar was also firmer, advancing a point to 121½, and Steel common rose a point to 90⅛.

BOSTON STOCKS.

Following is the range of prices to noon for leading Boston stocks:

RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Noon.
Boston Elevated	130	130	130
Boston & Maine	148	147½	148
N. Y., N. H. & H.	158½	158½	158½
TELEPHONES.			
American	140¼	139⅞	140¼
New England	134½	134½	134½
Western	12½	12⅛	12⅛
MINING STOCKS.			
Adventure	7¼	7¼	7¼
Arcadian	5½	5½	5½
Arizona Commercial	45¼	45	45
Butte Coalition	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
Calumet & Arizona	101½	101½	101½
Calumet & Hecla	650	645	645
Franklin	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
Greene-Cananea	12⅛	12	12
La Salle Copper	16	16	16
Mass	7⅝	7¾	7⅝
Nevada Con	27	26⅞	27
North Butte	61½	60¼	60¼
Quincy	84	84	84
Santa Fe	2¼	2¼	2¼
Superior	61½	61½	61½
Tamarack Copper	64	64	64
Utah Copper	45½	45½	45½
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Mass. Gas	77	77	77
United Shoe Mach.	66¼	66¼	66¼
United Shoe M. pf.	30	30	30
UNLISTED SECURITIES.			
Am. Zinc	35½	35½	35½
Boston Con.	21	20⅞	21
Lake Copper	59	58¼	58¾
Miami Copper	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞
Superior & Pittsburg	16	16	16
Swift & Co.	109¼	109¼	109¼
U. S. Smelting pf.	52⅜	52⅜	52⅜
Utah-Apex	4½	4½	4½

BOSTON CURB MARKET.

Stocks.	High.	Low.	Last.
Bay State Gas	40c	40	40c
Bingham Mines	4	4	4
Boston Ely	3 7-16	3	3
Cactus Devel.	4⅛	4	4
Champion	11c	10c	11c
Chief	3	2 15-16	2
Consol. Aria	2 1-16	2	2
Cumberland Ely	10⅛	9⅞	10
Eclipse Oil	16½c	16½c	16½c
Ely Central	1½	1½	1½
Ely Consol.	84c	84c	84c
First National Cop.	5 15-16	5⅞	5⅞
Goldfield Cons.	8⅛	8 1-16	8 1-16
Inspiration	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
La Rose	5	4 15-16	4 15-16
Mason Valley	1½	1½	1½
Mass. Coal	1½	1 5-16	1⅜
Mines Co. of Am.	50c	50c	50c
National Explor.	57c	55c	57c
Nevada Utah	1⅛	1 7-16	1½
Ohio Copper	5 5-16	5¼	5¼
Old Dom. tr. ctfs.	1¼	1¼	1¼
Oneco	2	2	2
Raven	75c	75c	75c
Rawhide Mining	13c	13c	13c
Ray Central	2½	2 7-16	2½
San Soda	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
Trinity Copper	2 7-16	2¼	2 7-16
Vulture	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
Willet	12c	11c	12c
Yukon	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛

SILVER MARKET.

London bar, 23 11-16d.; New York bar, 51⅛ cents. Both unchanged.

COPPER MARKET.

London opened weak: Spot, £59; futures, £60 2s. 6d.; each off five shillings. Closing steady and unchanged.

CHURCH GOES INTO GROCERY BUSINESS

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 7.—The congregation of the Twelfth Avenue Baptist Church in this city has opened a grocery store and meat market in a building near the church. The profits will be used in paying off the church debt, which amounts to about $4,000. There will be no short weights and the goods will be sold at a small profit. The pastor of the church, the Rev. F. G. S. Burdette, has appealed to the members to patronize the venture.

FR. GASSON OPENS ANNUAL EXERCISES

The annual opening exercises complimentary to the friends of the Young Men's Catholic Association of Boston will be held in Boston College Hall next Thursday evening. Fr. Thomas I. Gasson, S. J., will deliver the opening address, after which a vocal and instrumental concert will be given.

STOCKS AIDED BY MESSAGE

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The President's message was favorably received in Wall street and stocks generally began a quiet orderly advance soon after its publication. The successive gains were recorded in fractions, and apparently were caused by moderate buying from general sources.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit displayed strength at its top price. Atchison and St. Louis & Southwestern were also higher. The railway list, particularly the shares of those railroads affected by the Western strike, were dull.

London operators were waiting for a full context of the President's message today. Prices in that market indicated no important changes in conditions. The Bank of England is fortified with all the gold necessary to finance the government through the election crisis, and it is likely to reduce its discount rate before the end of the year.

On the New York curb market prices of copper and silver shares were steady.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Following is the range of prices to noon for leading New York stocks:

RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Noon.
Atch., T. & S. F.	120⅝	120¼	120⅝
At., T. & S. F. pf.	101½	101¼	101¼
Balt. & Ohio	115⅝	115⅜	115⅝
Brooklyn Rap. Tr.	82	81⅞	81⅞
Canadian Pac.	180½	179½	180½
Ches. & Ohio	86	85⅞	86
Chic. & N. W.	177½	177⅜	177½
Del. & Hudson	182½	182	182½
Denver & Rio G.	49½	49½	49½
Gt. North'n pf.	142¾	142	142¾
Illinois Central	146¾	146¼	146¾
Int.-Metropol.	24½	24¼	24¼
Int. Met. pf.	58⅛	57⅞	57⅞
Louis. & Nash.	151¼	151¼	151¼
Mo., Ks. & Tex.	46⅞	46⅝	46⅞
Missouri Pac.	71	70⅛	71
N. Y. C. & Hud.	126⅜	126⅛	126⅜
Norfolk & West.	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜
Northern Pac.	144	143½	143½
Pennsylvania	130⅛	129⅞	130⅛
Reading	171⅜	170¼	171
Rock Island	40¼	39⅞	40¼
Rock Island pf.	89	88¾	89
Southern Pacific	129¼	128⅞	129
Southern Railway	31	30⅞	31
Texas & Pacific	34⅛	34½	34⅝
Union Pacific	200½	199⅝	200⅛
Union Pacific pf.	103⅛	103	103⅛
Wabash pref.	56⅛	56	56⅛
INDUSTRIALS AND MISCELLANEOUS.			
Amal. Copper	87	86½	86⅞
Am. Ag. Chem.	46⅛	46	46
Am. Car & Fdy.	72	72	72
Am. Cotton Oil	68	68	68
Am. Ice Secur.	27	27	27
Amer. Locomo.	61	60½	61
Amer. Sm. & R.	98⅜	98¼	98½
Am. Sug. Ref.	121½	119	121½
Anaconda Cop.	48⅞	48½	48⅞
Col. Fuel & Iron	50⅛	49⅞	50⅛
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	150⅛	149⅞	150⅛
National Lead	87⅝	87⅜	87⅝
Northern Ore.	80¼	79½	80¼
Pacific Mail	45¼	44⅞	44⅞
Pressed Steel Car	52¼	51¼	52
Rep. I. & Steel	45⅜	45⅛	45⅜
U. S. Rubber	53	52⅝	53
U. S. Steel	90⅛	89	90⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	124⅜	124¼	124⅜
Utah Copper	58⅛	58	58
Western Union Tel.	79½	78	79¼
West. El. & Mfg.	84½	84½	84½

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

Opening steady, unchanged to three points lower. Large sales of the new article in Liverpool offset hedge selling in that market, which explained the conditions there. Spot interests were buyers at the start here, but after the call room traders hammered the list aggressively and forced prices off about six points from the early high level. December, 14.50; March, 15; May, 15.21; July, 15.17.

The SUNDAY AMERICAN is the Seventh Day Wonder of New England.

DOROTHY LAWSON'S WEDDING DELAYED

Because Miss Dorothy Lawson, who went abroad early in the Fall to buy her trousseau for her marriage to Henry H. McCall, son of Congressman Samuel W. McCall, is having the time of her life, young McCall must wait until late this Winter, or perhaps until June, for his bride. Anyway Miss Lawson will not be back in time for the mid-winter wedding that had been planned, and the date of the marriage will be left open until she has finished her travels.

350 DRAFT HORSES WORTH A MILLION

CHICAGO, Dec. 7.—Mrs. Potter Palmer, fresh from her social victories in England, "presided" last evening at the first purely society horse show ever held in this city. It was the best dressed horse show crowd that ever sat around an arena in Chicago, and the horses were well worth looking at. The 350 heavy draft horses alone are valued at $1,000,000.

PORTLAND REPUBLICAN.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 7.—The Republicans carried their tickets in seven of the nine wards of the city election, electing Charles A. Strout, a well-known attorney, as Mayor of the city, also seven of the nine aldermen and twenty-one of the twenty-seven councilmen. Mr. Strout defeated Oakley C. Curtis, the Democratic nominee, with a plurality of 951 according to unofficial returns, the vote being 5,201 to 4,250. Mayor Adam P. Leighton's plurality last year was 1,151 and two years ago was 2,924.

"1915" BOSTON EXPOSITION

SPECIAL CHILDREN'S FREE COUPON

LAST WEEK

This coupon will admit Free one child (under 17 years of age) to the "1915" Boston Exposition any time this, the last week of the Exposition, when accompanied by an adult buying at the Box Office a regular 25-cent Adult's Ticket.

ALL ATTRACTIONS ARE FREE

One Adult may take in free Five Children, provided each holds one of these coupons cut from the Boston American (regular admission for children without these coupons is 15c).

The educational value of this great Exposition of the Living City is such that the School Committee, the Superintendent of Schools and the Teachers all urge the children in their care to visit it. Free tickets were distributed to the pupils of the Public Schools, by consent of the School Committee and Superintendent of Schools, and to the Parochial Schools by consent of the Archbishop and the Superintendent of the Parochial Schools. But as many children could not go the days specified the Boston-1915 management, anxious that every child in Boston may have an opportunity to see the Exposition, wishes to extend through the newspapers this invitation to all the young people in Greater Boston to visit the Exposition before it closes next Saturday night.

The inspiration from a study of the splendid exhibit made by the Public Schools of Boston, which shows the opportunities scholars have in the classes ahead of them, is, of itself alone, well worth the visit. Parents are urged to bring their children to the Exposition for the educational value of this feature and of its many other important object lessons.

Follow the Crowd

See for yourself the great array of *handsome, valuable, useful* and *ornamental*

HOUSEHOLD PREMIUMS

Being offered to readers of the

BOSTON AMERICAN

Everyone is welcome. Anybody can secure one of the articles. If you will see them for yourself you will want one or more of the premiums. If you have already secured one, get after another one, get after several more. The offer will be open indefinitely.

☞ IF YOU HAVE NOT ALREADY STARTED after the premiums, START NOW. You're not too late. Clip that coupon on Page 2. You need 30 of them of consecutive dates, with a small cash payment, to obtain your choice of the articles. GET BUSY. The coupons should be cut from the daily and Sunday Boston American.

PREMIUM DEPT., BOSTON AMERICAN
272-274 Devonshire Street

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Saturday afternoon, presumably on Mt. Auburn st., between Watertown and Harvard square, boy's overcoat wrapped in black paper. Finder please return to C. F. STANLEY, 11 Willard street, Newton, and receive reward.

LOST—In Brighton car Saturday evening, pension papers; will under kindly notify MRS. TRULL, 175 Belmont st., Belmont.

LOST—Between So. End and B. B. station, sum of money. Address 62 Clarendon st., city, suite 3; reward.

LOST MONDAY in the shopping district, lady's oxidized chatelaine watch. Finder please address T 455, Boston American.

LOST—A large turquoise pin, valued as gift. Reward if returned to T. S. B., 510 Atlantic av.

Special Announcements.

BOARD AND ROOM before and during confinement. 848 East Fifth st., South Boston, MATRON GOWAN.

1,000 BUS. CARDS $1; rubber stamps; all kinds printing. BRIEF PRESS, 81 Leverett st.

Information Wanted.

MRS. MARY J. BEAN, please send address to Z 488, Boston American.

Male Help Wanted.

SALESMEN of highest class invited to investigate new selling plans of the great Catholic Encyclopaedia; leads and strong co-operation from highest authorities; no one not capable of earning over $100 per week desired. Apply by mail or in person to ROBERT APPLETON COMPANY, 6 Beacon st., Boston.

AUTOMOBILE AND CARRIAGE TRIMMERS wanted; to competent men the highest wages and steady employment will be given. SARGENT & HAM CO., 2030 Bowker st.

LINEMEN WANTED.

EXPERIENCED electric light linemen for Boston and suburban work. Apply FRED T. LEY & CO., 642 E. First st., So. Boston.

CARRIAGE and automobile trimmers wanted, good jobs. D. P. NICHOLS & CO., 7 Edgewood st., Roxbury.

EXPERIENCED shoe salesmen wanted for a medium grade of men's welt shoes; good opportunity for first-class men. For full particulars address Y 463, Boston American.

FIVE HUNDRED strong young men wanted immediately for firemen or brakemen on nearby railroads; good vision; account increasing business; 1,000 men sent to positions last three months; $75-$100 monthly; promotion. Address, stating age, weight, height; send stamp. RAILWAY ASSOCIATION, Z 363, Boston American.

WANTED—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35; must be native born or have first papers; monthly pay $15 to $69; additional compensation possible; food, clothing, quarters and medical attendance free; after 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances; service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 99 Court st., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—An experienced man to take charge; good cutter and know how clothing should be made, good cutter and know how clothing should be made. Address, stating experience, T 436, Boston American.

WANTED—At once, a few first-class union plasterers; plenty of work for the right men. C. & W. B. JACKSON, 562 Congress st., Portland, Me.

WANTED—Cylinder pressman, sober, experienced and intelligent; apply at once. HOWARD PRINT, Campello, Mass.

WOOD TURNER wanted. 19 Harvard pl., city.

Male Miscellaneous.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN—Get higher license, individual instruction by Thos. Hawley, many years Mass. State examiner of engineers; practical course, low cost, installments, satisfaction guaranteed; complete practical electricity course; prospectus free. HAWLEY SCHOOL, 113 Huntington av., Boston.

ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN instructed for licenses at the only recognized and reliable school; free catalogue. STATE STEAM ENGINEERING SCHOOL, 121 Haverhill st., Boston. Always open. James Coyne, M. E., instructor.

Male Miscellaneous.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.

THE MOST thorough course in Boston; competent instructors in repair shop and on road; we are especially equipped for teaching; look up our record for securing licenses before going elsewhere. S. C. BONNEY, 45 Stanhope st.; day or evening classes.

TOBACCO TAGS.

CERTIFICATES—We will pay cash or exchange for smokers' articles or trading stamps. Come personally to H. ROBBINS & CO., 3 Causeway st., Boston; the Yellow Store.

GUARANTEED HOSE.

GUARANTEED for 6 months, no holes; box of 6 pairs $1. BAMBER'S CORNER, Scollay sq., cor. Cornhill.

BE SUCCESSFUL. Learn finance at home. We have helped many, why not you? Write for information. FINANCE PUBLISHING CO., 112 Water st., Boston, Mass.

ASK me how you can start a profitable mail order business at home evenings. HEACOCK, Lockport, N. Y.

A—$50 A WEEK running picture machines; we will teach you; call or write; open evenings. REID'S BUREAU, 180 Tremont st.

ENGINEERS, firemen, electricians, do not fail to see splendid live exhibit of Hawley Engineering School at "1915" Exposition.

LEARN moving picture operating. Call or write EMPIRE EXCHANGE, No. 3 Tremont row.

MEN WANTED to learn to drive and repair automobiles in my repair shop; day and evening instruction; call or send stamp for particulars. J. G. REED, 500 Tremont st., Boston.

PRIVATE instruction in all English and other studies; long experience; reasonable rates. H 110, Boston American.

WANTED—Men, Women, Boys and Girls to buy their Clothing, Hats and Shoes on Credit. You can get your clothing without a deposit and pay a little a week afterwards just as good and cheap as in the cash stores. BOYLE BROS., the Green Store, 833 Washington st., South End, near Broadway extension. No money down—weekly payments.

10 MEN wanted to learn to repair and drive automobiles. EASTERN AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE, 42 Warren av.

Male Situations Wanted

A YOUNG MAN, Canadian, strictly temperate and sober and of good habits, understands the care of boilers and steam heat, would like a position as assistant janitor. G. W. HANLEY, 3 Eaton st. Tel. 2281-1 Haymarket.

A SHOE STORE MANAGER wants position; experienced, honest and reliable, good appearance, Prot. Am., 30, married; best reference; good reason. Address A. SHATTUCK, Auburndale, Mass.

A1 WAITER would like a position for winter; understands hotel work thoroughly and would take any kind of inside work. Apply A. B., 30 Dundee st., suite 3.

A LICENSED chauffeur would like position; careful driver; wash, polish and repair; wages moderate; best of references. Address R. F. G., 10 Russel st., Charlestown.

ALL-ROUND MILL MAN, 20 years' experience on circulars, band saws and wood working machines, brazing and filing. GEO. J. LEE, suite 2, 64 Essex st., Chelsea, Mass.

A YOUNG MAN wishes employment in a machine shop; can make himself useful in most any way. Call or write G. P., 34 Dwight st., city.

AN EXPERIENCED order cook and all round lunch man wants position, city or near. Address or call, MR. MELVILLE, 24 West Canton st., city.

BAKER—Young, steady, temperate, long exp., all around, want steady day work, small shop, first or alone. ref. 11 Spaulding st., Everett.

CAPABLE MAN wants a position doing janitor's work; will take care of office or general inside work; private family or institution work; experienced in all kinds of hotel work; write or call. WILLIAM SHIELDS, 19 Phillips st.

CHAUFFEUR — Experienced colored chauffeur (will be through with summer engagement next Wednesday) would like to work where honesty and good work is appreciated; references. EDGAR THOMAS EDWARD, Box 270, Provincetown, Mass.

COOK or helper position, private family, where he can attend school; $3.50 up; sober, honest, best reference. MASA, 111 Chandler st.

CHAUFFEUR would like position; honest, temperate, references, shop experience. C. ALFRED HUNTINGTON, 5 Shattuck st., Nashua, N. H.

COOK—First class, meat, pastry and order, very neat, strictly temperate, city or country. 514½ Tremont st.; 21956 Tremont.

CARPENTER wants work by day or job, good workman, reliable. A., Box 46, South Boston.

ELECTRICIAN'S HELPER would like work. C. J. M., 2 Harvard pl., Charlestown.

Male Situations Wanted.

GENERAL all round man wants work for the winter; would like care of furnaces or any kind of inside work, janitor work preferred. MAJOR BROWN, 17 Phillips st.

MAN with a horse wants teaming of any kind. 67 Moreland st., Winter Hill.

POSITION WANTED by young man, 18 yrs. of age; do any kind of work; has experience as grocery clerk and driver; prefer clothing store, grocery or family work. Apply to GEORGE MANESTY, 84½ Walnut st., Peabody, Mass.

POSITION by experienced grocery and provision man, can cut meats, capable of taking charge of store if required. For interview, address A., P. O. Box 81, West Somerville, Mass.

SITUATION wanted by a young man on a gentleman's farm or a private place as second man, willing to work for small pay. Address ED GRAY, care Curtis A. Chamberlain, R. F. D., Westwood, Mass.

SMART COLORED BOY from the south wants work of any kind, city or country; high school graduate, references. B 130, Camden st., Roxbury, Mass.

SALESMAN, 5 years' experience, desires to engage with a reliable house. H., 30 Holyoke st., 2d floor, Malden.

SITUATION WANTED as first-class cook in private family, can take full charge of house and furnish best of references. Apply 8 Union Park.

SITUATION wanted by an all around stableman, city or country. Address J. MORRIS, Box 65, Bryantville, Mass.

WELL! I still want work, anything, anywhere; since I advertised, a month ago, I've spent 3½ weeks in hospital, but now am as well as ever; I am a young, strong, well educated Englishman. Address BERT CHAPMAN, 61 Warrenton st., Boston.

WANTED—By a middle-aged man, position to distribute circulars; well acquainted with city and suburbs. Address A. FRANCK, 4 Bennett pl., city.

YOUNG colored man would like position as lumper on a furniture team or work in a furniture store, would like any kind of work round a stable; thoroughly understands moving of furniture, pianos, etc. JAMES C. BRANNAN, 495 Green st., Cambridge; suite 1.

YOUNG MAN wants situation; with large experience in the clerk line or shipping; can talk several different languages; best reference. Address W. H., 21 Cottage st., Nashua, N. H.

YOUNG, capable, Polish man and wife would like work together in hotel or private family. MR. THOMAS COBLIC, 4 Derby st., Salem, Mass.

YOUNG MAN, 17, Protestant, willing and strong, wants work; fair education, would like to learn trade. H 150, Boston American.

Agents and Canvassers.

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest seller on the market; big commission made; send 25c for sample; call or write for particulars. CRANE HEEL CO., 28 School st., room 66.

AGENTS—Have you seen the new imported colander; sells faster than ———; send 10c for sample. SMARDON NOVELTY CO., 2 Park sq., Boston.

AGENTS for See Clear; prevents clouding of glasses, lenses, goggles, windshields by rain or moisture; write for territory; sample 10c. RUNSTON CO., Dept. M, Dorchester Centre, Mass.

AGENTS and dealers wanted to handle the latest holiday and fair goods; send 12c for sample and catalogue. L. L. YOUNG CO., 69 Cornhill.

ASK ME how you can start a profitable mail order business at home evenings. HEACOCK, 732 Lockport, N. Y.

AGENTS—Send 12c. for sample padlock cane, make big money. SMARDON NOVELTY CO., 2 Park sq., Boston.

AUTO MATCH SAFE—Every cigar store, lunch room and saloon must have one; prices on application. SMARDON NOVELTY CO., Boston, Mass.

B. D. ABSORBINE DUSTER—Fast seller, big commissions; write or call for particulars. SMARDON NOVELTY CO., 2 Park sq.

CIGAR salesman wanted; experience unnecessary, big pay. GLOBE CIGAR CO., Cleveland, O.

READ FOR PROFIT "WANT ADS" ON NEXT TO LAST PAGE

Read AMERICAN Want Ads
For *PROFIT*

THE HOME PAPER OF BOSTON

Use AMERICAN Want Ads
For *RESULTS*

Female Help Wanted.

FANCY PACKERS WANTED

UNITED CANDY CO., Greenleaf and Leon sts., Roxbury.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS WANTED

UNITED CANDY CO., Greenleaf and Leon Sts., Roxbury.

Chocolate Packers Wanted

FOR 1-lb. and 5-lb. fancy boxes; good opportunity for experienced girls. TOURAINE CONFECTIONERY CO., 251 Causeway st., Boston.

AN ELDERLY American Prot. woman for light housework services, for room and board, family 2, nice home. Z 486, Boston American.

EXPERIENCED and reliable housemaid who appreciates kind treatment to work in a family of five. Apply to W. J. A., 6 John st., Chelsea.

LADY CANVASSERS wanted. Apply MRS. HASTINGS' CORSET SHOP, 564 Washington st., room 27, opposite Adams House.

WANTED—Young lady as partner with well known comedian; must have good voice; experience unnecessary. R 452, Boston American.

WANTED—A girl to do work week day forenoons in lodging house; $2.50 week. 627 Mass. av.

WANTED—At 56 Roxbury st., cooks, general, second, nursery, waitress, green girls, day women.

Female Miscellaneous.

LEARN DRESSMAKING.

INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION in dress cutting, dressmaking, designing, ladies' tailoring and millinery, by the famous McDowell method; expert teachers in every department; largest and best equipped school in America; if you wish to learn dressmaking and millinery, come to McDowell's; call or write this week for special terms; patterns of all kinds cut to measure. McDOWELL'S DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY SCHOOL, 85 Winter st., Boston.

CORSETS TO MAKE stout women to look slender. MRS. HASTINGS' CORSET SHOP, room 27, 564 Washington st.

LADIES wanted to learn dressmaking and millinery; positions guaranteed; lessons daily and evenings. Call or write. MME. LITCHFIELD, 65 Berkeley st., near Tremont st.

$4 CORSETS $2.50. MRS. HASTINGS' CORSET SHOP, room 27, 564 Washington st.

THE BROADWAY CO., 96 Broadway, So. Boston—Large assortment of street, party and evening dresses, slightly worn; also opera coats, cloaks, skirts, waists and all kinds of women's and misses' wearing apparel at low prices.

$2 CORSETS $1.25. MRS. HASTINGS' CORSET SHOP, room 27, 564 Washington st.

Female Situations Wanted.

A CAPABLE LADY would like home laundry work; will call and deliver family washings in Boston and vicinity; price reasonable; send postal. Mrs. ANNIE A. HARRIS, 798 Main st., Cambridge, suite 20; tel. 1835-2.

A CAPABLE young lady would like home laundry work, will call and deliver family washing in any part of Boston and vicinity; price reasonable. Call or send postal. MRS. MIDDLETON, 798 Main st., Cambridge, suite 18.

A1 LAUNDRY WORK—Lace curtains a specialty; 50c per window; also other laundry work reasonably done; fancy ironer. MRS. LAWSON, 28 Buckingham st.

A WORKING WOMAN wants day work in suburban towns; would take light family washings home to do; good references. MRS. MINNIE LANE, 67 Dundee st., suite 3.

A CAPABLE woman would like plain washing and ironing to take home. Work called for in city; experienced; best of references. L. H., 14 Truro st.

A PROT. AMER. widow, with child 3½ years, wants housekeeper's position in widower's small family. MRS. C. E. MORTON, Gen. Delivery, Haverhill, Mass.

A CAPABLE young woman would like Thursday washing, 15c. an hour, and Saturday cleaning and washing floors, 15c an hour, with ref., all day Sat. Address K. F. S., 187 Seventh st., So. Boston.

A FIRST-CLASS SEWING machine repairer repairs your machine, any make, at your own home for reasonable charge; send postal and will call. M. BERMAN, 224 Cambridge st.

A MIDDLE AGE WOMAN would like position to take care of an invalid and do light housework; terms reasonable; good references. C. L., 2,841 Washington st., Roxbury, Mass.

A FIRST-CLASS American laundress desires laundry work at home; excellent work; reasonable charges; send postal and will call. MRS. GARNETT, 217 Cambridge st., Boston.

A CAPABLE WOMAN wants laundry work at home, or will go out by the day; experienced and willing. Call or write, R. E. W., 50 Portland st., 1st floor, Cambridge.

A RELIABLE colored girl wants day work, is a fine laundress and a good house-cleaner. Call or write, 38 Holyoke st., MRS. J. C. OLIVER.

AN EXPERIENCED colored woman wants laundry to take home. Mrs. PHILLIPS, 130 Camden st., Roxbury, Mass.

A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN wants work by day or hour or will take laundry home. Address Mrs. S. A. TAYLOR, 100 Halleck st., Roxbury.

A FINE LAUNDRESS would like some Back Bay washing; do all kinds of fancy shirt waists. MRS. EDWARDS, 38 Holyoke st.

AN ELDERLY colored lady would like position as cook in small family or as nurse or companion to aged lady. MRS. P. J., 368A Tremont st.

A LADY would like position to teach ladies of neglected education and English to foreigners. MRS. C., 28 Isabella st., suite 2.

A1 LAUNDRESS wants laundry work to take home; long experience and moderate prices. Mrs. ROGERS, 81 Joy st., suite 3.

A THOROUGH WORKER wants work for Mon., Wed., Thurs., Fri., in family or institution. MRS. E. D., 9 Pelham st.

A GOOD, HONEST WOMAN wants work by the day, washing or office cleaning, for Monday or Tuesday. K. E. J., 1989 Washington st., room 20.

A GOOD, reliable colored cook; good ref. M. E. J., 22 Clarendon st., off Warren av., city.

CAPABLE girl for general housework, good experience and references. 272 Dudley st., Roxbury.

BRIGHT, refined American girl wants home with well-to-do family, in return for care of child out of school hours; vicinity of Prince school or Brookline preferred. Address 33 Crest av., Winthrop, Mass., suite 2.

BOOKKEEPER, woman assistant, Protestant, 8 yrs. ex., desires position; would accept small salary at start. BOOKKEEPER, P. O. Box 94, Station A.

CAPABLE colored woman wants office work in the morning, or cleaning; experienced in sewing and would like that work, either to go out or take home. H. D., 2 Strong pl., off Cambridge st.

COMPETENT dressmaker, understands first-class work, would go by day or out of town; terms reasonable; also work done at home. M. GILES, 753 Tremont st.

CAPABLE young woman would like chamber work, either in public or private place or care of office; want work in Boston. GERTRUDE VICTOR, 19 Phillips st.

CAPABLE and green Irish, French, Nova Scotia girls want housework anywhere. Call MRS. ROWLAND'S OLD RELIABLE OFFICE, cor. Main and School sts., Charlestown.

CAPABLE young woman would like day work, plain sewing, or care of apartments or offices. Write or call, MRS. MITCHELL, 23 Murdock st., Cambridge.

COLORED LADY wants washing to take home; good fancy washing and ironing; good references. Apply L. HALL, 52 Phillips st., 1 flight, West End.

DOLLS handsomely dressed throughout, $1 up; plain sewing and remodeling neatly done; shirt waist suits a specialty; take work home or go out by the day, $1.50 and carfare. MRS. WILLIAM TOMPKINS, 42 Falmouth st., suite 1.

DRESSMAKER Tailored suits, fancy gowns, party dresses, bridge frocks a specialty; prompt service, moderate terms. MRS. CAMPBELL, Parlors 1022 Boylston st., suite 2.

DAY WORK WANTED—City or suburbs. MRS. WINNAN, 72 Magee st., Cambridge, Mass.

EXPERIENCED woman would like any kind of plain sewing to do at home, or would take plain laundry home to do; will go out by the day. Call or write to SUSAN ARINGTON, 140 Harvard st., Cambridge.

EXPERIENCED LAUNDRESS, colored, would like work to take home, or by the day all week; first class. Apply L. R. M., 16 Hammond st., Roxbury.

EMBROIDERY done in a very acceptable manner; Xmas gifts a specialty; crochet and Mexican drawn work; much care given to detail work. Apply MARTHA COOMBS, 34 Buckingham st.

EDUCATED, unencumbered Prot. lady as housekeeper, near large city preferred; store or chamber work; no good position refused; stamp and particulars, or no notice taken. O 498, Boston American.

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants any kind of family sewing to take home or go out by the day. R. P., 184 Northampton st.; tel. 651-1 Tremont.

EXPERIENCED housekeeper, educated American widow of middle age, desires position in widower's small family; excellent cook; best of references. Address N., 27 Appleton st., Boston.

EXPERIENCED colored woman wants work by the day; to come home nights. Apply NETTIE CARTER, 11 Blossom ct.

EXPERIENCED woman wants laundry work to do at home or will go out by the day; capable. ROSE YOUNG, 55 Moore st., Cambridge.

GENERAL WORK by day, hour or permanently; smart woman. 56 Roxbury st.; Tel. 1715-2 Rox.

HOUSEKEEPER'S POSITION, immediately, by widow, young, with nice little girl; conscientious and trustworthy in every respect. S., 159 Adams st., Dorchester, suite 3.

HOUSEKEEPER'S POSITION by lady of middle age, entire charge; suburbs. 20 Minot st., Neponset.

LAUNDRY WORK to take home, cleaning by the day. M. W. QUEEN, Suite 2, 27 Windsor st., Roxbury.

Female Situations Wanted.

LAUNDRY WORK done in a first-class manner; out door drying; fancy ironing; work called for and delivered; also go out by the day. MARY GIGGIE, 356 Broadway, Cambridge; tel. 2158-2, Cambridge.

LAUNDRY WORK done reasonably; fancy ironing; work called for and delivered; flat prices 25c per dozen. Call or write, J. C., 93½ West Cedar st.

LAUNDRY wanted to take home. MRS. V. F. BLACKWELL, 8 Burbank st., near B. B. station.

MRS. R. T. PAIGE, an experienced dressmaker, would like more customers; work in all its branches neatly and fashionably done; write or apply in person. 57 Magee st., Cambridge.

MISS CARRIE DENNIS, colored, wants day work or by hour; willing to go out of city; please write. 8 Stanhope place, off Philip st., Boston, Mass.

MAINE WOMAN wants position to care for an invalid or as housekeeper in small family. MRS. R., 315A Warren st., Roxbury, Mass.

NEAT, competent colored girl wishes position as chamber work or waitress in first-class boarding house or general work; ref. Inquire 223 Western av., Cambridge, Mass.

NEAT COLORED GIRL would like day work Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday; go anywhere or laundry at home or bachelor apartment to care for. Write 69 Williams st., suite 3, Roxbury.

NEAT WHITE WOMAN would like a position as maid, in office, millinery, dressmaker's or manicuring establishment. Call or write to A. R., 59 Magee st., Cambridge, suite 2.

NEAT COLORED woman would like morning work in bachelor apartment, or chamber work in lodging house. Write or call, 32 Camden st. E. M.

NEAT colored girl as parlor maid, waitress or care of apartments. Address MISS E. H., 239 W. Canton st.

NEAT, capable American girl, excellent cook, good references. 23A Blue Hill av.; tel Rox. 861-1.

NEAT SEWER wants to work with dressmaker or would take sewing, repairing, mending, home. MRS. MORTON, 571 Columbus av.

POSITION by an experienced store room woman or a housekeeper's place to take full charge; lodging house preferred. Address R., 308 Columbus av.

POSITION as housekeeper or cook in small family, Dorchester preferred, where I can take sixteen-year-old girl. Address by mail, MRS. C., 22 Fenton st., Dorchester.

POSITION as working housekeeper in lodging house or will do housework in private family; write or call, Housekeeper, 719A Tremont st., city.

POSITION WANTED as working nurse; $10 per week. Write or call, MRS. ROWE, 17 Dennis st., Roxbury.

PLACE wanted in Cambridge, to come home nights, by inexperienced girl. Apply MRS. WINNAN, 72 Magee st., Cambridge.

P. E. ISLAND GIRL wants position, general housework; good cook and laundress; best of references. 92 Vernon st.; tel. 1537-2 Rox.

RELIABLE col. woman wants day work, in or out city, Mon., Thurs. and Friday. A. D., 15 Northfield st., Roxbury.

SEAMSTRESS would like plain sewing to do at home or laundry work; experienced and capable; call or write, Mrs. CATHERINE G. WILLIAMS, 48 Phillips st., suite 4.

SEAMTRESS would like engagement by the day or week, in lady's family, can do most anything. MISS JENNIE MARR, address or call, 31 Tufts st., Charlestown, Mass.

STENOGRAPHER desires position; two years' experience; references; $8 to $10. Address Box 43, Wells Depot, Me.

SEAMSTRESS wants work by the day, terms $1.50 and car fare. Address SEAMSTRESS, 42 West Cedar st.

SEAMSTRESS wants work with dressmaker or by day. 65 Berkeley st., Boston.

SCOTCH MAID wishes second or light work. Tel. 1715-2 Rox.; 56 Roxbury st.

WANTED—Work by the day or hour for Wednesday and Thursday. Call at 8 Center st., Roxbury, Mass. E. M. M.

WANTED—By a competent woman, work of any kind, to go out by the day or week; good reference. Mrs. FANNIE BURLEY, 74 Highland st.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, with or without child, widower's family. Tel. 1715-2 Roxbury; 56 Roxbury st.

WOMAN wants work by the day or hour; is an excellent worker; 15c an hour. 92 Vernon st.; tel. 1537-2 Roxbury.

WANTED—Second work, chamber, day cleaning or parlor work. Address MARGARET ODMAN, 9 Marble st., Roxbury, Mass.

WORK WANTED—Washing or cleaning by day or hour; will go any distance. MRS. BUTLER, 876 Albany st., Roxbury.

YOUNG WOMAN desires position in Boston; general office work, with practice in stenography; salary $5; some experience. F. M., 98 Central av., Medford, Mass.

YOUNG Am. woman with a child, refined, thoroughly exp., refs., wants position as housekeeper for one or two persons; country preferred. Address P. O. Box 368, Putnam, Conn.

YOUNG colored girl with good references would like general housework; city references. J. ROPER, 37 Northfield, suite 2.

YOUNG WIDOW with dau. age 10 years, would like a position as housekeeper. C. S. STUART, 2 Cross st., East Boston. Care of Harper.

Furnished Rooms to Let.

VISITORS TO BOSTON

TAKE ROOMS at Hotel Waterston, cor. Bowdoin st. and Bulfinch pl., over hill from State House, or 3 minutes from Scollay sq.; rooms only; clean, quiet, h. and c. water; baths, elevators, $1 day double; 50c, 75c single; $2 to $4.50 weekly.

206 WEST SPRINGFIELD ST.

NEWLY replenished rooms, rents $4 to $1; fine dining room, home cooking.

AT 64 W. NEWTON ST.—A1 thoroughly clean sq. and side room at $1.50, 1 flight; front attic, $1.25.

AT 36 WEST NEWTON ST.—Large front sq. rooms, h. and c. water, steam heat; also attic, $1.25.

A SQUARE ROOM, 10 min. walk down town, fine heat, use of kitchen. 17 Yarmouth st., suite 2.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished square and side rooms, h. and c. water, large closets, from $2 to $3.50. 331 Columbus av.

A CLEAN front side room, with h. and c. water, $2 week. 63 West Newton st.; tel.

AT 529 MASS. AV.—Large front and rear sq. rooms, hot water heat, every modern conv.

APPLETON ST., 44—Large, warm room by the day or week for travelling people.

A LADY having pleasant steam heated flat rents rooms; day or week. 28 Isabella st., suite 2.

APPLETON ST., No. 52—Travelling people can have well-cared-for rooms by the day or week.

AT 119 APPLETON ST.—Steam-heated rooms by day or week. Telephone 1863-3 Tremont.

AT 20 UPTON ST.—Attractive sq. room, every modern conv., well fur., telephone; tourists accom.

APPLETON ST., 35.—Traveling people accommodated, well heated rooms, day or week.

BASEMENT, large, front, every modern impt., fur. complete, kit. priv.; also side rooms. 79 Worcester st.

BASEMENT room, steam heat, will take rent in laundry. J 468 Boston American.

ELEGANT large warm rooms (piano), $2.50, $3, $4, closets, water; sides $1.50. 612 Tremont st.

FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms for lt. housekeeping. 204 Warren st., near Dudley L station.

HOMELIKE, attractive steam-heated rooms, $2, $3, $4, central, open plumbing, shower bath, continuous hot water; telephone. 37 W. Newton st.

IN PRIVATE family, furnished square rooms, steam heated. 300 Meridian st., E. Boston.

LARGE alcove, square and side rooms, heated, h. and c. water. 521 Shawmut av.

OUT OF TOWN parties wishing room in quiet house, communicate with H 108, Boston American.

PEMBROKE HOUSE, 10 Pembroke st.—Newly furnished steam heated side and square rooms, $1.50 to $3.50; housekeeping allowed.

ROXBURY, 56 CEDAR ST.—Finely fur. rooms, steam heat, private family, pleasant home; tel. 2408-4.

ROXBURY—3 rooms, $12 per month; no children. Apply 27 Dean st., off Howard av.

SUNNY furnished rooms, continuous hot water. 163 Warren av.

TO LET—Pretty front parlor, newly fur., steam heat, 1 flight, kitchen privileges if desired; $4. 128 West Brookline st., suite 3.

TO LET—Three rooms, newly furnished, h. and c. water, suitable for doctor, also 4 rooms, unfurnished. 39 Worcester sq.

TO LET—4 sunny rooms, up 2 flights, laundry privileges. 32 Mall st., Rox.

UP-TO-DATE large, square rooms, bathroom floor; phone 1555-5. 71 Worcester st.

UNION PK., 34—Pleasant nicely fur. front parlor and A1 sq. room, every modern improvement.

2 CONNECTING ROOMS, furnished for light housekeeping; clean, comfortable, modern. Inquire 2350 Washington st.

10 TALBOT ST., Malden—Finely fur. room, heat, h. and c. water; private family; $3; Sunday meals if desired.

18 RUTLAND SQ.—Front room, one flight, with private bath and toilet.

725 TREMONT ST.—Alcove room, hot and cold water, heat, $3; side rooms $1.25 and $1.50.

Typewriters.

NEW—3 MONTHS FOR $5.00—MACHINES Rental allowed on purchase; easy terms. Wellington Vis. Typewriter Co., 309 Wash. st.

ALL MAKES repaired, rented, sold; tel. 166. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 38 Bromfield st.

Cash Registers.

WE BUY, SELL AND REPAIR CASH REGISTERS. T. E. WALTON & CO., 22 Devonshire st.; tel. Main 1,685-3.

Dancing Academies.

AT W. S. STOKELL'S, 181 Tremont st.—3 private lessons with music, $5; always open.

THE KEE SCHOOL—218 Tremont st.; buck, jig, clog, national ballet and toe dancing.

Music.

ALEX. J. MacDONALD, piano teacher, 161 Tremont st., room 15A; strict and thorough.

Christmas Suggestions

That will help to lighten the burden of Holiday gift selection, and places where to get them; a choice selection.

WE SUGGEST that you buy of the TREMONT WINE STORE, 427 Tremont st., Boston—We carry in stock MORE brands of fine, gilt-edge two stamp and bottled-in-bond whiskeys than any other store in America. We offer a full quart, bottled in bond, six summers old (100 proof) Pennbrook Whiskey for 75c; a full quart of pure, straight 2-stamp whiskey, gin or rum, matured naturally in wood, warranted exactly as received from the U. S. Bonded Warehouse, for 50c; a bottle of genuine imported sherry or fine imported Tarragona Port for 25c; choicest California wines, 4 years old, 20c per bottle, or 12 bottles (any selection) for $2.25; pure California Brandy, 65c per bottle; the very finest American Champagne, "pints" 55c, "quarts" 95c. We prepay freight on all orders of $10.00 or over. Please send postal for 24-page price list.

Bowdoin Sq. Phonograph Co.

WE SUGGEST a phonograph with records from $15 up, or a camera, complete, from $1 up, or solid gold rings from $1 up, or an American-made watch, fully guaranteed, from $2.75 up. BOWDOIN SQ. PHONOGRAPH CO., 1 Green st., Boston. (Mail orders filled.)

CONCLAVE PHONOGRAPH CO. LARGE assortment domestic and foreign records, 92 Staniford st., tel. Hay. 1485-2; 9 Portland st., Hay. 2054-1, open evenings until 10, Saturdays until 12.

WE SUGGEST one of our drummer's sample pocketbooks. We have for sale

$5,000 WORTH AT ½ PRICE.

M. BENNET, 33 Exchange st., near Dock sq.

WE SUGGEST that you buy new window shades and make a pleasant home for Christmas; see our samples. CROWN WINDOW SHADE CO., 300 Warren st., Roxbury, and 9 Brookline st., Cambridge, tel. con.

BUY your physician a gift of some office appliance or reception room furniture manufactured by W. D. ALLISON CO., 711 Boylston st., rooms 3, 4 and 5.

A FIRM with a reputation for pure wines and liquors; established 1845. CHAS. E. GASSETT & CO., 161 Blackstone st.

BUY MANUFACTURERS' outside furs, suits and coats at wholesale prices, cash or credit. L. ZANDITION, 611 Washington st., opp. Siegel's.

WE SUGGEST you see our most select stock of books, fountain pens and subscriptions to all magazines. SMITH & McCANCE, 38 Bromfield st.

WE SUGGEST you give your mother or sister an order on our dental parlor for a set of teeth. WEST END DENTAL CO., 107 Green st.

WE save you 25 per cent. on a full line of solid gold jewelry, cutlery and leather goods. DREAYER'S JEWELRY SHOP, 125 Hanover st.

RUSSIAN BRASS and copper antiques; wholesale prices. A. GREENSPAN, coppersmith, 21 Poplar st.

SUPPLIES FOR DENS, whist prizes, beer steins, pipe racks, tobacco jars, smoke talk pipes. JUSTUS, 60 Portland st., Boston.

SEND 25c for the ideal Christmas present to young or old. 28 School st., room 66.

Xmas Difficulty Solved for $1.00

per week by use of our order check, which is accepted as cash by 30 of the leading cash stores for anything and everything; "different from the rest." PEOPLE'S CREDIT COMPANY, 433 Washington st., cor. Winter, up 1 flight. Open evenings.

MAX FREIMAN. EST. 1882.

NOW is the time to buy diamonds, watches, jewelry and silverware; we save you 20 per cent.; large assortment. 802 Washington st.

TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,

38 BROMFIELD St., have the largest stock rebuilt by manufacturer; guaranteed; $10 to $80. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 38 Bromfield st.

TOYS, DOLLS, HOLIDAY GOODS—Wholesale and retail at about half the uptown prices; drums, steel toys, blackboards, tables, bureaus. Games of Sherlock Holmes like, regular price 50c. Also Artful Dodger, 25c, regular price $1. Fancy Japanese baskets, wash sets, games, cars, trunks, automatic clowns. Open evenings. Churches and fairs supplied. W. H. SMITH CO., 84 Atlantic av.

WE SUGGEST lockets and chains, also bracelets, at lowest prices. BOSTON DIAMOND CO., Adams House bldg., 507 Washington st.

WE SUGGEST a Directoire folding handbag, 4 bags in one, warranted leather, $2.50 and $3. Call and see it. 91 Journal bldg.

DIAMONDS, watches and jewelry; the cheapest place to buy in Boston; Waltham watch, 20-year guarantee, $10.50. STERN, 126 Washington st., Adams sq.

THE PLACE TO BUY gents' furnishings cheap; shirts, collars, neckwear, suspenders, etc.; standard goods, be convinced. S. SAMUELS, 127 Hanover st.

WE SUGGEST one of our genuine leather triple folding ladies' hand bags; at our reduced price they cost no more than the imitation. N. E. SALES CO., 85 State st., Boston.

FURS are the best present after all; pony coats, $19.50, scarfs, $4.00, muffs, $3.75, sets, $7.75; mink muffs, $12.50, while they last. BAYENTZ, 61 West st.; take elevator.

WE SUGGEST that you save one-half on furs by buying drummers' sample muffs, shawls and coats at TAYLOR'S, 521 Washington st. (Furs remodeled, $2 up.)

SUITS $6, skirts, $1.50, waists, 50c, up; perfect fit guaranteed. A. GLICK, Ladies' Tailor Dressmaker, 9 Cambridge st., Bowdoin sq., room 204.

WE handle Edison and Victor talking machines, cameras, bicycles, also carry first-class line of sporting goods. LINSCOTT, 7 Hanover st.

FIRST-CLASS line of pipes, cigars, tobacco; the most select stock of pipes in Boston. S. BANARD, 121 Hanover st.

FINE LINE of Boston terriers, French bulls, monkeys, canaries, fancy pigeons, rabbits and guinea pigs. HUB PET STOCK, 75 Staniford st.

WE SUGGEST that you buy Christmas cards, calendars, post cards and holiday novelties of G. J. ESSELEN, 19 Bromfield st.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.

In the Heart of the City

Different from the Rest

Diamonds—$10 to $1000

Watches of all Standard Makes.

Waltham, Howard, Hamilton, Illinois, Elgin.

$1.00 per Week

Manicure and Toilet Sets Silverware Cut Glass

People's Credit Co.

433 Washington St.
Cor. Winter. Open Evenings.

ON CREDIT—Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry
Waltham Watches, $6.75 up
Diamond Rings, $15 up
2 to 10 months' time.
Prudential Supply Co.,
5 Bromfield St.

LENOX JEWELRY CO.

$1 DOWN, $1 week—Diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc.; largest stock, lowest prices, easiest terms; open an account now; we trust you. 373 Washington st., room 75.

CASH FOR DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD, jewelry and Collateral Loan tickets. GEO. H. DENNY, 387 Washington st., room 703.

WALTHAM WATCHES 50c WEEKLY DENSMORE JEWELRY CO., 43 Tremont st.

I WILL DISPOSE of some of my diamonds and jewelry to reliable people; will accept small weekly payments; all business strictly confidential. Write me and I will call. T 108, Boston American.

DON'T SELL your Collateral tickets; will loan more than you can sell; cash for old gold and silver. ROY, 59 Temple pl., room 518.

IF YOU want to borrow on or sell Collateral Loan tickets, I will advance more money than any one else. VAN DAM, 1 Beacon st., Boston.

MAINSPRINGS 15c., put in while waiting; warranted 2 years; watches cleaned, 50c. ALBERTS, 749 Washington st.

MAINSPRINGS 20c., watches cleaned 35c., warranted 2 yrs. ROBINSON, 120 Tremont st., near Majestic Theatre; estab. 1890.

21 JEWELLED, fully adjusted, guaranteed R. R. watches, $25; one dollar a week. J. S. ROUND & CO., 734 Washington st.

ALARM CLOCKS 50c.; cash paid for gold and diamonds. H. A. BOWDLEAR, 13 Devonshire st.

Furniture.

PARTIES having furniture, carpets and general merchandise to dispose of can find a cash buyer for same by applying to A. B. CLOUGH, 42 and 44 Eliot st.; tel. 2723 Oxford.

WE BUY all kinds of furniture; no lot too small or large; highest cash paid. I. SPECTOR, 219 Harrison av.

OLD FEATHER BEDS bought; highest cash paid. AMERICAN FEATHER CO., 220 Dover st., Boston.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for all kinds of furniture and merchandise. Call at J. SWETT, 51 N. Washington st.; tel. 1862-2 Richmond.

Wall Papers.

ARTISTIC and serviceable paper at reasonable prices; 10 per cent. off on presenting this advertisement at time of purchase. THOMAS SWAN, 24 Cornhill.

25,000 ROLLS choice 1909 patterns, retail from 2c per roll upward; room moldings at factory prices. STRAHAN, 114 Court st., up one flight.

Clothing.

500 OVERCOATS From $1.50 to $4.00

THIS WEEK To Make Room

We will close out 500 overcoats at a special price. 35 years of honest dealings.

Gents' Slightly Worn Students' Clothing, Largest variety in N. E. THOUSANDS of satisfied customers. Why not you? Custom made by leading tailors; overcoats and raincoats from $1.50; suits from $1.50; coats or pants from 75c. Highest grade dress suits for sale or to let.

LOOK FOR THE NAME MARKS & CHESTER, 89 and 91 Dudley Street.

Est. 1874. Alongside American Express office near Terminal; open eve'gs till 9; Saturday 11.

Terminal ClothingCo.

WE ARE the only clothiers in N. E. who are carrying a large stock of slightly worn tailor-made

FINELY FINISHED STUDENTS' CLOTHING

Suits from $1.50, coats and vests from $1.25, coats and pants from 75c., overcoats and raincoats from $1.50; dress suits for sale and to let; by being 25 years in the jobbing business, supplying goods to all the first-class stores in N. E., therefore we are sure no stores in N. E. can compare with our goods; also with our prices; to prove this give us a trial. 2 stores, 100 Dudley st., opp. Am. Ex. 15 Roxbury st., cor. Washington st. Look for the Blue Sign from Dudley st. Terminal. Open evenings till 9; Saturday till 11.

LADIES' GENTS' cast off street, evening wear bought; call promptly. MR. WAAS, 174 Pleasant st.

TED SKINNER, 39 Boylston st., Cambridge—All Harvard sq. cars pass the door. Harvard students' misfit and cast-off clothing.

SLIGHTLY WORN street and party dresses for sale and to let, $3 and up; also furs of all kinds. Mme. DeGROOT, 195 Pleasant st.

Money to Loan.

LOANS

$10 AND UPWARDS

MADE on plain note without security, indorser or publicity, to salaried employes and people keeping house with permanent income.

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Lowest rates and easy weekly or monthly payments. NO RED TAPE, NO DELAY.

BOSTON SECURITY CO., 35 COURT ST., ROOM 5. Telephone Fort Hill 2426.

WAGE EARNERS' LOAN ASS'N

LOANS on your plain note at 1½ a month, or on horses, teams, pianos and Collateral Loan tickets; no publicity. 10 State st., Rm. A.

QUICK LOANS on Collateral Loan tickets, furniture, pianos, teams, offices, stores, autos, machinery, etc.; confidential; lowest rates. VAN DAM, 1 Beacon st.

SALARIED PEOPLE—Women keeping house and others wanting money supplied quickly; cheapest rates, easiest payments. H. ELWOOD, room 120, Ames bldg., 1 Court st.

MONEY loaned to reliable people, any amount, on furniture, pianos, salaries, etc., at low rates. HUB LOAN CO., 43 Tremont st., room 1101.

Barter and Exchange.

BOOKS wanted for cash. Stoddard Lectures, Century Dictionary, New International Encyclopedia, Burton Holmes' Lectures, Mrs. Eddy's Science and Health, Christian Science Journals, Appleton's Science Library, Standard sets, Autograph Letters, Manuscripts, Advanced Foreign and American Postage or Revenue Stamp Collections and complete general libraries in any number of volumes; cash paid on the spot and books packed and shipped at our expense from any part of New England; correspondence invited. WILLIAMS'S BOOK STORE, Worcester, Mass.

WILL TRADE 600 shares Providence Coal Co. stock, now selling for $3.25 per share, par value $5, for automobile, real estate or diamonds; this stock will be worth $10 a share in less than one year. O 121, Boston American.

EXCHANGE—Regina music box, value $85, for Victor phonograph, with good records. H 168, Boston American.

PRINTING exchanged for anything. Y 458, Boston American.

Sewing Machines.

$60 SINGER, good as new, for $5, at 36 Warren st., Roxbury, next to Hunt's lunch room.

Pianos and Musical Instruments. Pianos and Musical Instruments.

Piano Bargains

$5 Down
$1 A Week

In the annual clearing out sale of the Roxbury Storage Salesrooms, which takes place during the month of December, a great many high grade new and second-hand pianos are sacrificed—nothing is spared. New pianos of the best makers, which usually sell for $300, $400, $500 and over, are sold for less than $100. This year there is an exceptionally fine lot of the best pianos.

THE BEST MAKES—WHY PAY MORE?

McPhail Upright	$70	Kranich & Bach Upright	$85
Chickering Upright	$125	Haynes Upright	$100
Knabe Upright	$95	Merrill Upright	$75
Prescott Upright	$60	Steinhart Upright	$71
Fischer Upright	$65	Schumann & Sons Upright	$150
Everett Upright	$97	Wm. Bourne Piano	$40
Steinway Upright	$125	Huntington Upright	$75
Jacob Doll Upright	$210	Mason & Hamlin Upright	$119
Webber Upright	$77	H. F. Miller Upright	$143

Roxbury Storage Salesrooms, Inc.

Open Mon., Thurs. and Sat. till 9 P. M. FREE DELIVERY anywhere in unmarked wagon

2111 Washington Street, Roxbury, Mass., Cor. Williams Street.

Why Not a Piano for Christmas?

Our Rental Purchase Plan enables you to own a new

Ivers & Pond PIANO

by renting it till the rent paid makes up the purchase price.

It provides the time buyer the easiest, safest and most satisfactory method to secure a really fine piano from a responsible source. A beautiful new Ivers & Pond Piano can be placed in your own home immediately for a trifling cash payment and the monthly or quarterly rental payments extend over periods of twelve, twenty-four, thirty-six, or even forty-eight months, making the piano a family Savings Bank which will declare daily dividends in the helpful pleasure it gives to every member of the family. Selection can be made now for holiday delivery. *Our extensive warerooms are replete with attractive bargain offerings of used pianos for the economical buyer.* Full information by mail if inconvenient to visit our store.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.
Manufacturers—Distributors
114 Boylston Street
BOSTON

FILL OUT AND SEND THIS COUPON

Please mail me your catalogue, prices and Rental Purchase Plan of buying a piano.

Name ....

Address ....

PIANOS TUNED $1

A. J. HALL, 193 Huntington av., Boston, tunes Chickering, Steinway, Hallet & Davis; 20 years' experience regulating, repairing; phone 2867-3 Back Bay.

AT THE HENRY F. MILLER PIANO WAREROOMS—To make room for our other departments we are closing out at much lower prices than you will find elsewhere our entire stock of second-hand upright and grand pianos taken in exchange, and on very easy terms; prices from $75 to $150 and upward; between now and Xmas we will offer the best bargains in the city and invite all to call and examine. HENRY F. MILLER & SONS PIANO CO., 395 Boylston st.

SQUARE PIANOS from $15 to $50, easy terms; start your children's musical education now. HENRY F. MILLER & SONS PIANO CO., 395 Boylston st.

20 NEW PIANOS, $5 per month, at special Xmas price, $135; regular price, $200; up to date, by spot cash purchase, makes price possible. BLAKE'S, 564 Washington st.

BARGAINS THAT ARE BARGAINS—It is what you get for what you pay that proves cheapness; all pianos sold on 3 years' approval; you have plenty of time given to exchange without loss under that plan; we guarantee satisfaction if you purchase of us; 15 Kranich & Bach uprights, $125 to $250; H. F. Miller, $240; Chickering, $65; Davis, $100; Bailey, $175; Hasbrouck, $125; Gould, $100; Newby & Evans, $140; Schuberts, $165; Ludwig, $150; Blake, $135; used, but in fine condition. BLAKE'S, 564 Washington st.

ELECTRIC coin operated piano, new, direct from factory, worth $550, will sell cheap for cash. Box 378, Fall River, Mass.

BOURNE PIANO, good as new, $25, $5 down, $3 per mo. 585 Dudley st.

Legal and Public Notices.

CITY OF BOSTON—TO THE BUILDING COMMISSIONER—C. R. & C. D. Castle request permission to erect and use gasolene engine of 6 h. p. at 400 Market st., Ward 25, Dec. 6, 1909—It is hereby ordered that ten days' notice be given by the petitioner to all parties interested, when any objections may be filed with the commissioner in writing. Said petition to be published in the Boston American. ARTHUR G. EVERETT, Building Commissioner.

CITY OF BOSTON—TO THE BUILDING COMMISSIONER—Simons, Hatch & Whitten Co. request permission to erect and use gas engine of 13 h. p. at 61 Wareham st., Ward 9, Dec. 6, 1909—It is hereby ordered that ten days' notice be given by the petitioner to all parties interested, when any objections may be filed with the commissioner in writing. Said petition to be published in the American. ARTHUR G. EVERETT, Building Commissioner.

MY WIFE, Mrs. Fannie Harvey Sidney, 24 Bennett st., leaving my bed and board at Cohasset, I refuse to pay any bills contracted by her. J. W. SIDNEY, Scenic Artist, Cohasset.

Wines and Liquors.

A Gal. of $4 Whiskey For $3

In jug or bottles. All charges PREPAID and satisfaction guaranteed.
J. W. CALNAN, 321 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

Dogs, Pets, Etc.

GENUINE English bull pups, pedigreed stock. BIRCH, Danielson, Conn.

Patents.

C. S. GOODING
48 SCHOOL STREET
PATENTS

Horses and Carriages.

$100 BUYS DOCTOR'S OUTFIT. MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE.

BLOOD BAY HORSE, weighs about 1,100, age 8, sound in every way, safe for a lady to harness or drive, very stylish, can road 10 miles an hour and pull a large load, will stand without tieing and is fearless of all objects, including automobiles; also nice custom-made harness and elegant carriage and nice sleigh; also blankets, robes and foot mats and all the stable goods been used with this outfit; the only reason for selling this property is that I have purchased an automobile and I trust that some gentleman or lady in search of a first-class team for farm, family or business use will purchase it as it is in every way as represented, and I will allow a trial of two weeks to test it in every way; this outfit is for sale by a private party and horse must have a good home; all this property complete for $100, or will sell horse separate to go into country. Call at stable, 1,233 Columbus av., Roxbury Crossing; easy to find; ask any car conductor in Boston, and he will direct you; most all cars go to Roxbury Crossing. P. S.—Ask to see the doctor's outfit.

Store and Office Fixtures.

Groceries, Markets, Restaurants.

ALL KINDS store fixtures, lunch counters, stools, refrigerators, second-hand, ½ prices, at our big factory; small dealers buy of us and sell to you; buy here and save money on easy payments; 26 years established. WHITMAN CO., 12 Dorrance st., Sullivan sq.

STORE, office and restaurant fixtures; furnaces, boilers and radiators; 8 immense floors. ALBEE'S (Hay. 2162-2), 53 Hanover st.

ALBEE'S STOVE SHOP—New and s. h. of every description. (Rich'd 1856-1), 91 Blackstone.

Automobiles.

FOR SALE—My Thomas-Detroit 40 h. p. touring car, complete with top and cover, wind shield, prestolite speedometer, Bosch magneto, extra tire and tube, in perfect condition; can be bought for half price. Address C. R. McWILLIAMS, 20 Manchester road, Brookline, Mass.; phone Brookline 1488-2.

FOR SALE—One 2-cylinder 20 h. p. Winton touring car with two extra shoes, will sell cheap or trade for Maxwell, Buick or Ford runabout. FRANK GROSS, 107 Haverhill st.

Travel and Transportation.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamers

Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND SCOTLAND.
Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND NORTH OF IRELAND.
Only Direct Service from Galway.

Splendid accommodation and food. Latest improvements for comfort and safety. Second cabin, Glasgow, Derry or Galway, $40; third class, $26.50 to Glasgow, Derry, Belfast and Liverpool. Prepaid steerage rate, $30.25. Entire rooms reserved for married couples. Children 1-12 years half fare. H. & A. ALLAN, 119 State st., Boston.

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

BRING YOUR LEGAL STAMPS here and get 20c per hundred cash. All series good. Read your box. 406 Washington st., room 62.

WANTED—200 pairs roller skates for rink use; fiber or steel roll; must be cheap for cash. Address FITZPATRICK BROS., Clemence st., Providence, R. I.

Storage and Moving.

SAFES AND MACHINERY properly moved. C. BOWEN, Sudbury and Bowker sts.

This Page Is Full of Gift Suggestions---Too---

Even this busy work-a-day Want Ad page is reflecting the holiday spirit these days. Keep in close touch with the various classifications and add power to your gift purchasing purse. .. ..

Real Estate for Sale.

Readville—To Let

UPPER HALF of house, 15 Hamilton st., Readville, Mass., 7 rooms, about 2 minutes from depot, 5 minutes from R. R. shops, 7 minutes from Sturtevant Blower Works; all the latest improvements, furnace heat, electric light and gas, bath, hot and cold water; house situated on one of the best streets in Readville, near schools, church and public library; rent $25 per month. BOSTON AND SUBURBAN REALTY TRUST, 7 Water st., Boston, or WM. O'BRIEN, 67 W. River st., Hyde Park.

ALLSTON, BRIGHTON.

ONE, TWO AND THREE-FAMILY houses; also fine building lots for fine apartments; see my list; rapid transit makes this district par excellent for investment in real estate. JAMES McTIGUE, 559½ Washington st., Oak sq., Brighton; tel 646.

ONE CENT A FOOT.

NOW is the time to buy lots at the seashore and save more than one-half the price you would have to pay in the Spring; a few lots left to close out at this low price; send for circulars of the fastest-growing seashore resort near Boston. W. A. DUNHAM, 7 Water street, room 711.

ROSLINDALE.

HOUSE AND BARN, house 7 rooms, bath; barn 4 stalls, carriage shed, 15,000 ft. land; price $3,500, $500 cash. EDWARD T. HARRINGTON CO., 293 Washington st.

EVERETT TRUSTEE must settle estate; will sell almost new 8-room house for 60c on dollar, big lot land, chance for garden and poultry; could be fitted two families, has h. and c. water, bath, furnace, all modern improvements; price $2,950, small payment down, balance $10 per month. Apply suite 231, Tremont bldg., Boston.

WILL sacrifice my 11-room 2-f. house, imps., 1 minute to cars, 2 minutes to Glendale sq., Everett; price $2,850, $200 down. Apply 238 Main st., Everett, tel. 509-2 Everett.

WILL exchange equity of $1,400 in a 3-flat house on Main st., Everett, for a good clear store; must be on a busy street. Apply 238 Main st., Everett.

EXCHANGE equity of $800 in a 2-f. house, best location in Malden, for grocery anywhere. Apply 238 Main st., Everett.

Real Estate Mortgages.

NOTICE—Trustee has $30,000 to loan on first and second mortgages, reasonable interest, strictly confidential. Apply suite 231, Tremont building, Boston.

Apartments to Let.

APARTMENTS—New, 2 beautiful rooms, gas, fine, rent $2 week. 24 Stone st., Charlestown; no children; dandy for new married couple; take Bunker Hill car, get off at Sprague st.

TO LET—In Dorchester, apartment of 5 furnished rooms, all improvements, convenient to electrics and railway; rent $5 per week to responsible parties. R 104, Boston American.

TO LET—2 Davis st., off Albany st., next to Hunneman, 4 rooms, light, sunny rooms; rent $3; rent free to January 1. MASS. REALTY CO., 43 Tremont st.

STEAM HEATED SUITES, 4, 5 rms., 1113 Emerald st., $14 to $24; 5, 6, 9 Savoy, $22; 7, 1300 Wash., $28. Apply 23 Chambers st.

TO LET—Furnished suite of three rooms complete for housekeeping. Apply 905 Washington st., janitor's bell.

3 ROOMS, $9; 28 Terrace st.; 2 basement rooms, all imp., $6.50. 55 Belle av., Roxbury Crossing.

LOW RENT—Tenements in East Cambridge, Winter Hill and Melrose. 1 Alden st., Boston.

THREE SUNNY ROOMS in good repair, rent $2 a week. 12 Mitchell st., South Boston.

WEST END—4 rooms, good location, $3 per week. MRS. HUBBARD, 6 Melrose pl.

ROXBURY—Best location, new building, 7-room suites, h. w. heat, janitor service. 135 Harold st.

AT 60A East Springfield st., corner suite, first floor, in good repair, bath. Call store.

SUITE OF 5 ROOMS with improvements at 25A Oakwood st. Inquire at 27 Oakwood st.

ROXBURY—1232 Tremont st.—5 rooms, gas, toilet, $1.75 week.

Stores, Offices, Etc.

TO LET—Desk room at 6 Beacon st., room 836. Call 9.30 to 12, 1.30 to 4.

STORE, with 3 rooms and bath, to let. Apply 932 Harrison av.

Business Chances.

HARPER, 230 Washington St.

$150—POOL ROOM, 2 tables and cigars, counter, estab. 20 years, low rent. HARPER.

$300—CIGAR STAND in large public building down town, profits $25 weekly. HARPER.

$300—GROCERY and variety, heavily stocked, room connected, profits $18 weekly, rent $8; owner going South. HARPER.

$550—FISH GRILL and market, handsome, clean place, now clearing $25 weekly, can be doubled; $300 down. HARPER.

$600—GROCERY and meats, business $300 weekly, no trust, no orders, no team, $20 rent; stay a week, see trade. HARPER.

$700—CREAMERY, with teas, coffees and fancy groceries, business $180 weekly, no credit, no stamps; first time for sale. HARPER.

$500—PARTNER wanted with well-known real estate and commission broker, has handsome office, doing large business. HARPER.

$250—CIGAR STORE, $125 down, good, smart location, opposite 2 big theatres. HARPER.

CASH BUYERS

ALL KINDS of merchandise, entire stocks of stores; dry goods, clothing, shoes, crockery, etc.; business confidential; city or country. BOSTON COMMERCIAL TRADING CO., 50 Leverett st., tel. 1752 Haymarket.

$150—CORNER GROCERY, cigars, candy store, main st., full of stock; 2 living rooms, great bargain. BISHOP & RYAN, 279 Washington st.

$600—VARIETY STORE, cigar, confectionery, stationery, school supplies, elegant soda fountain, cash register, public telephone; been clearing $25 a week; 2 rooms, bath connected, $300 down, chance of a life time. BISHOP & RYAN.

$300—CIGAR STORE, short hours, closed Sundays; we guarantee this best cigar store in Boston for price, $150 down. BISHOP & RYAN.

$600—LUNCH ROOM, in live manufacturing city few miles out. BISHOP & RYAN.

$250—LIGHT GROCERY, candy, cigar, newspaper store, 3 cozy rooms, bath connected. BISHOP & RYAN.

$300—HORSESHOEING and jobbing shop, in thrifty Mass. town, no opposition. BISHOP & RYAN.

$500—POOL ROOM, 4 tables, clearing $30 a week. See BISHOP & RYAN, 279 Washington st.

LEARN THE collection business; unlimited field, big money. Call or write for full information to LEGAL ADJUSTMENT CO., 5 Eberle Building, Somerville, Mass.

SEND 10c for sample and trial package of E. L. M. tooth powder, used throughout Europe, recommended by European dentists. Send to E. L. M. Co., Lock Box 52, Randolph, Mass.

$150, $50 DOWN—Variety, light groceries, periodical store, 2 rooms conn., rent $12, good bargain. Apply 2388 Washington st., corner Dudley, room 3.

MAGAZINE RIFLE, sell cheap or exchange for parrot, watch or phonograph. R 453, Boston American.

A GREAT CHANCE—$1,000 will buy the best paying all round cash business in Boston; write for particulars. Z 455, Boston American.

CIGARS, soda, conf. and variety store, sacrifice, leaving State. OWNER, 377 Washington st., Roxbury.

FOR SALE—lunch room, other business to attend to, quick sale. PERRY'S, Flood sq., So. Boston.

FEW HUNDRED DOLLARS puts you in possession best paying light mfg. business in Boston; money fully secured. Room 2, 150 State st.

A 10-ROOM HOUSE in Back Bay, nicely furnished rooms, all rented, $400 cash, sickness cause of selling; no brokers. Write O 478, Boston American.

GOOD 11-ROOM transient house; a money maker; party leaving city. T 431, Boston American.

MOVING PICTURE theatres for sale; Mass., Maine, N. H.; Conn.; R. I. EMPIRE EXCHANGE, 3 Tremont row.

Detectives.

MISS QUERO, detective, Box 2006, Boston, Mass., will call at offices and residences.

THE BOSTON AMERICAN

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EDITORIAL
PAGE OF THE
BOSTON AMERICAN
BOSTON
DECEMBER 7, 1909

BOSTONAMERICAN

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, DECEMBER 7, 1909.

Can This Boy Make an Honest Living?

Certainly; and So Can Any Industrious American Boy

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Here is a letter from a parent whose view of present day conditions is unnecessarily pessimistic:

To the Editor of the Boston American:

I have a sixteen-year-old son who will graduate at High School in June. What will he do next? He would like to go to college, but that is beyond our means, as we have seven children younger than he, and it is a struggle to feed and clothe them all.

The boy says he wants to get a job, so that he can help us by his earnings, but what can he do but be a tool for corporation magnates or a subservient henchman for some political boss? A grocer offered him a job some time ago, but the grocer gives short weight and short measure, and I told him I would rather my boy did not learn business that way.

What can I do with my boy when he gets out of high school? Would it be possible for him to work his way through college? If not, can he earn an honest living?

It would be quite possible for this boy to work his way through college; but it is a question whether it is at all necessary.

If he has the same thirst for knowledge that has inspired the great men of history, he will get an education somehow. Whether or not he gets it in college makes little difference.

Benjamin Franklin never saw the inside of a college; neither did Lincoln, except as a visitor. Yet both men got the very best kind of educations.

As for earning an honest living, that is still possible in America, and will be as long as the nation shall exist.

The boy need be neither a tool for "corporation magnates nor the subservient henchman of some political boss."

The majority of employers are honest and are interested in getting honest employes.

In fact, if that boy could in advance **PROVE HIS HONESTY**, if he could convince the business men of his acquaintance that under no circumstances would he ever lie or cheat or steal in business, he would be so overwhelmed with good offers that he would find it hard work deciding where to begin.

As for cheating grocers, they are going to become scarcer in this country in the near future.

When so great and powerful a combination as the Sugar Trust is detected in using crooked scales, **AND FORCED BY PUBLIC OPINION TO STOP USING THEM**, despite bribery and influence and power, the little thieving grocer had better look out.

No mistake could be more serious than that all business is dishonest, and that a boy to get profitable employment must learn to steal.

Every great merchant in this country conducts his business with absolute honesty; deals honestly with his customers, and expects his employes to deal honestly with them.

An employe of a big department store caught misrepresenting goods to a customer would be got rid of speedily.

The little grocer who cheats and steals will always be a little grocer.

His next door neighbor, who deals fairly, is likely to grow, and may some day own a chain of grocery stores reaching every important city in the country.

The boy about whom this father is so troubled will without doubt be able to take care of himself. Any boy who realizes that he ought to make some return for the care his father and mother have lavished upon him will make his way in the world.

Let him begin as an office boy, an apprentice, a laborer, it makes no difference what. He will soon discover what he has the capacity to do better than anything else, and he can be trusted to do it.

But, in the name of common sense, do not let him begin with the idea that the world is dishonest. Let him trust other men till he has reason not to trust them. Do not make him suspicious of his employer, or his employer will be suspicious of him and he will have hard work to prove the suspicion unfounded.

Any boy who is willing to work twice as hard as other boys will soon begin to succeed twice as fast. And his success will be insured, instead of retarded, by his own honesty, and by his belief in the honesty of other men.

## EDITORIAL POINTS

Dr. Cook, 'e took his hook.

* * *

By the way, wasn't something going to happen to the Sugar Trust?

* * *

When poets scrap, the muse gets the worst of it.

* * *

The House of Lords is up against the Commons. The result will be sad for the Lords, if precedent counts.

* * *

Sir Thomas Lipton is taking to aeroplanes. If he challenges the New York Yacht Club with one the members will undoubtedly insist that his air-yacht crosses the Atlantic under her own power.

* * *

An artist says he keeps a large wardrobe so that he may have a suit fitted to each mood. Most men find it hard enough to get a suit fitted to their figure.

* * *

After the roughness of football comes the soothing arrangements for the Jeffries-Johnson fight.

The **SUNDAY AMERICAN** is Boston's greatest newspaper. Something in it for everybody. More features and news than in any other newspaper. Circulation growing all the time.

LETTERS FROM AMERICAN READERS

BOARDING-HOUSE THIEVES

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Will you publish the following letter in your editorial column and give your opinion of "furnished-room beats"? It might shame some of the young swell's who dress above their means and forget to pay their room rent. Three years ago my husband died, leaving me $2,000 insurance. I bought a "well-paying furnished rooming house" for $1,500. I worked day and night cleaning, washing, attending the furnace and in fact almost killed myself trying to reduce expenses, as I had two small children to support, but at the end of two years was obliged to send the contents of the house to an auction room, for which I received $110.

The $100 I owed to the landlord for rent, so that after two years of hard work and lots of humiliation I had $10 to call my own, and my $2,000 gone. To-day I am working by the day for $1.50 per day and the city is caring for my children, and this is all due to a lot of young men who try to dress above their means and "beat their room rent." I am only one of the [illegible] who have been treated this way. What should be done with these mean thieves?

(Mrs.) A. V.

COMPLAINS OF LONG HOURS

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Will you kindly publish the following letter in your valuable paper? Now that the holiday season is near at hand, the store in which I am employed will remain open evenings until 10 p. m., and we girls will be obliged to work every evening without being recompensed with so much as a cup of coffee, and then if we should be five minutes late in the morning our superintendent "calls us down" in a very insulting way, which I consider very unfair. Therefore I appeal to you on behalf of 300 employes, including myself, to place this in your paper so that our employer may see this, and in this way we might get a little better treatment this year.

GRACE ROSENFELD.

Never Again

By T. E. POWERS

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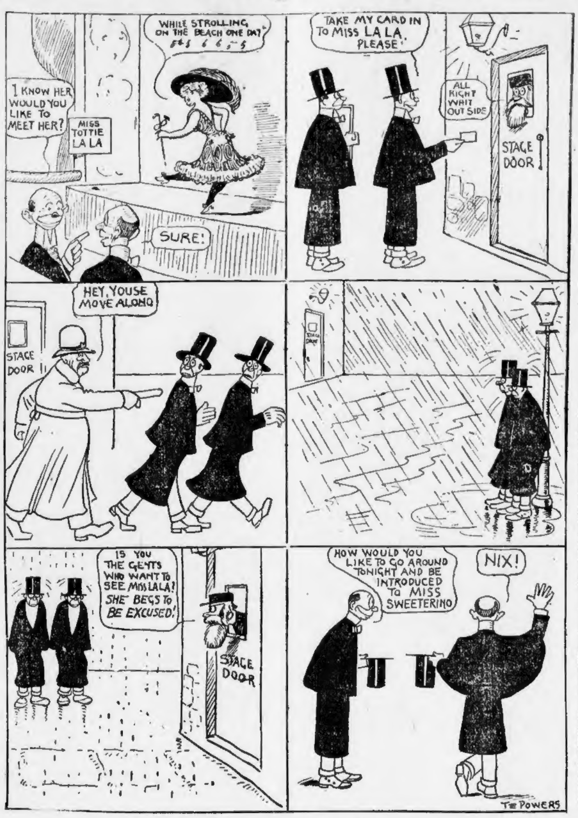

WHILE STROLLING ON THE BEACH ONE DAY
I KNOW HER WOULD YOU LIKE TO MEET HER?
MISS TOTTIE LA LA
SURE!
TAKE MY CARD IN TO MISS LA LA, PLEASE
ALL RIGHT WAIT OUT SIDE
STAGE DOOR
HEY, YOUSE MOVE ALONG
STAGE DOOR
IS YOU THE GENTS WHO WANT TO SEE MISS LALA! SHE BEGS TO BE EXCUSED!
STAGE DOOR
HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO GO AROUND TONIGHT AND BE INTRODUCED TO MISS SWEETERINO
NIX!
TE POWERS

ELBERT HUBBARD'S ARTICLE
THE GROUP IDEA

Especially Written for the American

By ELBERT HUBBARD

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THERE are many superior thinkers who believe that the society of the future will be established on the group idea. That is, fifty, a hundred or five hundred people will work together for a common good—this in the interests of economy, education and mutual happiness.

The value of a man's services to society is in proportion to his ability to work with other men.

He must be willing to give and take. He should be slow to anger, not see and hear too much, and keep a civil tongue in his head.

He should have faith in Nemesis, and have no time to act as an advance section of the day of judgment.

Superiority is shown in this one thing—the ability to meet and mix with those of different temperaments and tastes on a basis of equality.

A man should be at home in any society. To be frank, open and full of good cheer; to refrain from interfering in affairs that are none of his, and to know that personal misunderstandings usually right themselves if let alone—these mark the superior person.

Late hours, strong drink, pretense, finesse and falsity all tend toward disintegration.

The very life of a community depends on coalition, loyalty and truth. In a free society the man who is a "rounder" would be instinctively shunned by everybody, and more especially by women.

The man who wishes to dictate, own, absorb and exclude will remain an individualist. In the course of time he may evolve enough altruism in his nature to fit him for communal life, and then he will enter upon it; but not before, any more than the savage will enter the stage of competition of commercialism without passing through the pastoral and agricultural stages.

Cider "works" and cleanses itself of its impurities. And so a community "works" and eliminates the idle, the bickering, the ill-tempered, the diseased, the untruthful. They are not discharged, but they grow very uncomfortable, and a silent, unseen principle sloughs them off.

The head of a household may be as contrary and contumacious as he likes, stopping short of broken bones, but each and every member of a community is on his good behavior. He lives in the open, and he must live so he does not have to make explanations nor apologies. For him there are no company manners. He must remember the weekday to keep it holy. Each day for him is judgment day. His success lies in minding his own business—doing his work; and his power lies more in example than in explanation.

Success consists not so much in getting the praise of others as in securing the approval of one's inmost self.

Any man who has evolved far enough to set up a standard of thought and conduct in his own mind is fit for the communal life, and none other is.

Imprisoned American Girl

By ALICE STONE BLACKWELL

The American girl, Miss Alice Paul, whose imprisonment in England is causing so much discussion, had taken part in several woman suffrage demonstrations before the one for which she was arrested.

A few months ago a telegram to the American papers announced that three women had been discovered on the roof of a building where they had hidden themselves, waiting to ask questions during the speech to be made by a cabinet minister the next day. They were invisible from any point except the roof of a tower which was being repaired. Workmen engaged on the roof of the tower saw them and notified the police. When they were discovered, the dispatch said, they were almost dead with cold and exhaustion, having remained on the roof all night in the rain. They were got down with some difficulty and were jeered by the crowd.

That was the substance of the press dispatch. It was inaccurate and exaggerated, as almost all the cablegrams on this subject have been.

Instead of there being three women on the roof, there was only one, Miss Alice Paul. When the workmen saw her lying on the roof they began to pelt her with small missiles, under the impression that she was drunk. When she explained to them that she was a suffragette waiting to question the cabinet minister at his meeting, they not only ceased to molest her, but they all promised to keep her secret.

One workman had been absent on an errand when this explanation took place. On his return he caught sight of Miss Paul, and came to the conclusion that she was ill or intoxicated, and without saying anything to the others, notified the authorities.

When he found that she was a suffragette, he apologized to Miss Paul, and told her that if he had known it, he would not on any account have "given her away."

Miss Paul, although she had been on the roof all night in the rain, was in good condition, as she was wrapped in a waterproof and provided with food. When she was obliged by the police to leave, the workmen on the roof asked her first to make a speech to them on woman suffrage, and applauded her warmly at the close.

This is only one of the many examples of distorted cablegrams in regard to the suffragettes. Another was the statement made twice over that the fluid poured upon the ballot boxes at Bermondsey was corrosive acid. Miss Christabel Pankhurst writes that it was merely a harmless coloring fluid meant to stain the ballots. Miss Pankhurst, it may be said is passing, does not approve of trying to spoil ballot papers, but she approves still less of misrepresenting the actions of the women whose impatience found vent in this way.

Rhymo the Monk

By GUS MAGER

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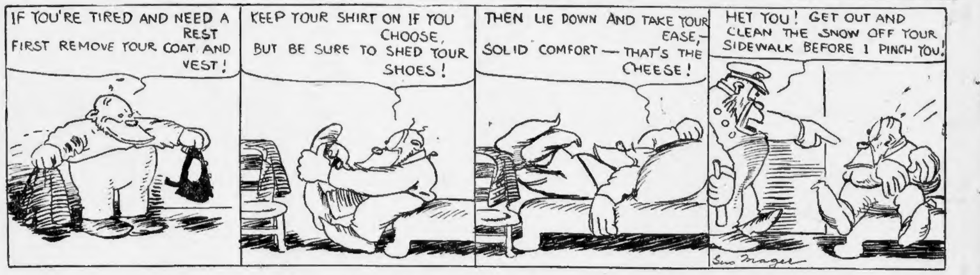

IF YOU'RE TIRED AND NEED A REST FIRST REMOVE YOUR COAT AND VEST!
KEEP YOUR SHIRT ON IF YOU CHOOSE, BUT BE SURE TO SHED YOUR SHOES!
THEN LIE DOWN AND TAKE YOUR EASE,—SOLID COMFORT — THAT'S THE CHEESE!
HEY YOU! GET OUT AND CLEAN THE SNOW OFF YOUR SIDEWALK BEFORE I PINCH YOU!
Gus Mager

The Hallroom Boys

By H. A. MacGILL

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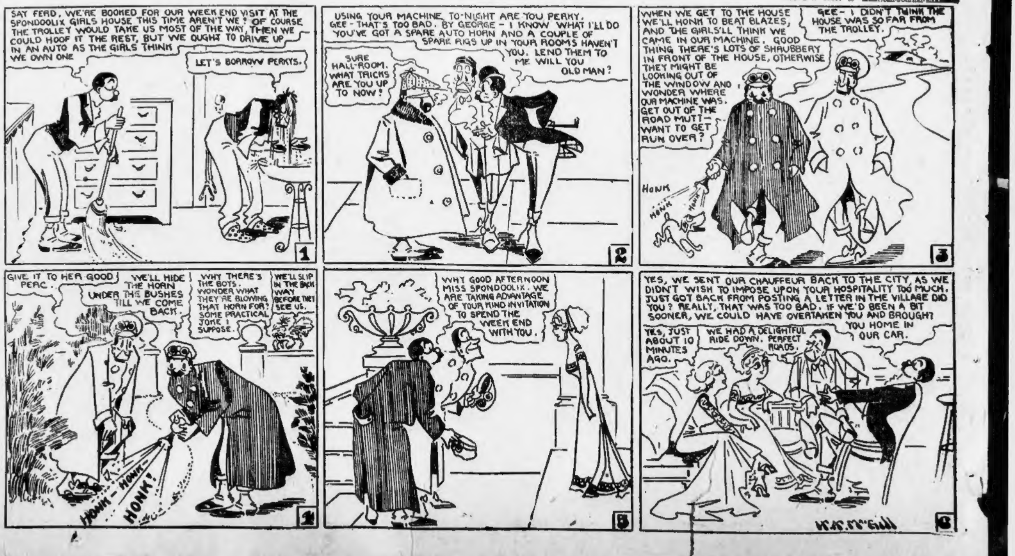

SAY FERD, WE'RE BOOKED FOR OUR WEEK END VISIT AT THE SPONDOOLIX GIRLS HOUSE THIS TIME AREN'T WE? OF COURSE THE TROLLEY WOULD TAKE US MOST OF THE WAY, THEN WE COULD HOOF IT THE REST, BUT WE OUGHT TO DRIVE UP IN AN AUTO AS THE GIRLS THINK WE OWN ONE
LET'S BORROW PERKYS.
1
USING YOUR MACHINE TO-NIGHT ARE YOU PERKY. GEE - THAT'S TOO BAD. BY GEORGE - I KNOW WHAT I'LL DO YOU'VE GOT A SPARE AUTO HORN AND A COUPLE OF SPARE RIGS UP IN YOUR ROOMS HAVEN'T YOU. LEND THEM TO ME WILL YOU OLD MAN?
SURE HALL-ROOM. WHAT TRICKS ARE YOU UP TO NOW!
2
WHEN WE GET TO THE HOUSE WE'LL HONK TO BEAT BLAZES, AND THE GIRLS'LL THINK WE CAME IN OUR MACHINE. GOOD THING THERE'S LOTS OF SHRUBBERY IN FRONT OF THE HOUSE, OTHERWISE THEY MIGHT BE LOOKING OUT OF THE WINDOW AND WONDER WHERE OUR MACHINE WAS. GET OUT OF THE ROAD MUTT— WANT TO GET RUN OVER?
GEE - I DIDN'T THINK THE HOUSE WAS SO FAR FROM THE TROLLEY.
HONK
HONK
HONK
3
GIVE IT TO HER GOOD PERC.
WE'LL HIDE THE HORN UNDER THE BUSHES TILL WE COME BACK.
WHY THERE'S THE BOYS. WONDER WHAT THEY'RE BLOWING THAT HORN FOR? SOME PRACTICAL JOKE I SUPPOSE.
WE'LL SLIP IN THE BACK WAY BEFORE THEY SEE US.
HONK - HONK!
HONK!
4
WHY GOOD AFTERNOON MISS SPONDOOLIX. WE ARE TAKING ADVANTAGE OF YOUR KIND INVITATION TO SPEND THE WEEK END WITH YOU.
5
YES, WE SENT OUR CHAUFFEUR BACK TO THE CITY, AS WE DIDN'T WISH TO IMPOSE UPON YOUR HOSPITALITY TOO MUCH. JUST GOT BACK FROM POSTING A LETTER IN THE VILLAGE DID YOU? REALLY, THAT WAS TOO BAD. IF WE'D BEEN A BIT SOONER, WE COULD HAVE OVERTAKEN YOU AND BROUGHT YOU HOME IN OUR CAR.
YES, JUST ABOUT 10 MINUTES AGO.
WE HAD A DELIGHTFUL RIDE DOWN. PERFECT ROADS.
H.A. McGill
6